PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

[TEN PAGES.]

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,693—New Series. BOMBAY :—MONDAY, JANUARY 15, 1906. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Milkmaid BRAND **Milk**
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. Saturday, 2 P.M. 1906	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Tons.
[illegible] Jan.	PERSIA	7951	......	......
[illegible] ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6898
3rd Feb.	EGYPT	7912	......	......
[illegible] ,,	ORIENTAL	5284	INDIA	7911
17th ,,	CHINA	7912	......	......
[illegible] ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	BRITANNIA	6525
3rd Mar.	ARABIA	7903	......	......
10th ,,	ORIENTAL	5284	MOLDAVIA	10000
[illegible] ,,	MACEDONIA	10512	......	
[illegible] ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	MONGOLIA	10000
[illegible] ,,	PERSIA	7951	......	......
7th Apl.	ORIENTAL	5284	MOOLTAN	10000
[illegible] ,,	EGYPT	7912	......	...
[illegible] ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	MARMORA	10509
28th ,,	CALEDONIA	7558	......	......
5th May	ORIENTAL	5284	VICTORIA	6522
[illegible] ,,	ARABIA	7903	......	......
[illegible] ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6898
[illegible] ,,	MACEDONIA	10512	—	......

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at ports en route.

FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 30th October, 1905.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms, Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS an SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
NERA	5,876	Schmitz	25th Jan, 1906
SYDNEY	4,255	Combe	22nd Feb ,,
AUSTRALIEN	6,635	Verron	22nd Mar ,,
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,630	Etienne	19th Apr. ,,
YARRA	4,255	Sellier	17th May ,,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT, AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on or about
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,680	Etienne	3rd Feb. 1900.
YARRA	4,218	Sellier	3rd March 1906.

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.

Available for 24 months.
1st Class Rs. 735, 2nd class Rs. 535, 3rd class Rs. 235.
For further Particulars apply to

P. de BURE, Agent.
67, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE.
(transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th Jan. 1906.
D. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	15th Feb. ,,
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th Mar. ,,

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class,	2nd Class.	3rd Class
Single tickets	600	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return tickets available 2 years	900	525	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application. Through tickets to New-York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 815; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th Jan. 1906.
ISCHIA	6,000	A. Cogliolo	17th Feb. ,,
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th Mar. ,,

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 185, and to HONGKONG Rs. 280.

F. CROCCO, Agent.
Hornby Road, No. 19.

NOTICE.

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SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly, from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing	Date	Time.	Route,—via.
LINGA	2170	Mon.	22 Jan.	11 a.m.	P'Bunder & Cutch
DUMRA	1700	Tues.	16 Jan.	4 p.m.	Kathiawar Ports
DWARKA	1700	Thur.	18 Jan.	10 a.m.	Cutch Mandvie
LHASA	2170	Frid.	19 Jan.	8 a.m.	(direct.)

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "LANDAURA," 3,308 tons, on MONDAY, 15th Jan. calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 18th Jan. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,025 tons, on or about 30th Jan, calling at Zanzibar, Mombassa, Lamu and Aden.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "NEVASA," 3,000 tons, on or about 17th Jan.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand, apply to:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,—Bombay.
13th January, 1906.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or MESSRS. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

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CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons	To sail on
IMPERATOR	F. Mossa	4,119	1st Feb, 1906.
IMPERATRIX	G. Ghezzo	4,194	1st Mar. ,,
IMPERATOR	F. Mossa	4,119	1st Apr. ,,
IMPERATRIX	G. Ghezzo	4,194	1st May. ,,

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. [illegible]

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
*† NIPPON	L. Solch	6,316	30th Jan. 1906.
*† CHINA	A. Leva	6,000	1st March ,,
FRANZ FERDINAND	G. Matcovich	6046	20th March ,,
*† AUSTRIA	R. Colledani	7690	9th April ,,
MARQ. ACQUEHEM	A. Bilaffer	4766	20th ,, ,,

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE

	Saloon.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class, Rs. [illegible]. 2nd Class Rs. 488. Saloon Rs. [illegible]

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued Via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co. are issued at reduced fares.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another Steamer of the Company which takes about 8 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer,	Captain.	Tons.	To sail or about
PERSIA	P. Craglietto	5,894	28th Jan. 1906.

For further particulars regarding Passage. Apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent General.
Sassoon House, 54. Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay

TO SMOKERS.

SOMETHING NEW
ARDATH TOBACCO'S CO.'S
Astorias, State Express in every kind and Number,
CRAVEN MIXTURE
AND
Various kinds of
EGYPTIAN AND VIRGINIA CIGARETTES
ALSO
Mild Indian and German HAVANA CIGARS
ALWAYS IN STOCK
We allow large Discount to Messes, Clubs, Hotels, &c.
Upcountry Orders by V. P. P.
PRICE LIST on APPLICATION.
Please register your order soon
AT
E. E. GOREY & CO.,
NAVAL TAILORS AND CIGAR MERCHANTS,
OPPOSITE Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.,
21, HUMMUM STREET,
FORT, BOMBAY.

WALKING STICKS

VERY SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS.
PLAIN AND SILVER-MOUNTED.
A NEW VARIETY TO HAND.
SPECIALLY SELECTED.

PARTRIDGE CANES, CROOK PIMENTO, BAKU CANE, REAL WHANGHEE, CRUTCH MANORAS, CUMMA ASH, EBONY CROOKS, & OTHER VARIETIES.

FROM RS. 3 TO RS. 30.

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ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LTD.

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT

Has been proved to be superior to any other Spirit on the English Market.

ON THE SEA.

"Napier Major"—The longest motor-boat run—used SHELL.

SCOTTISH RELIABILITY TRIALS. 595 miles.

The most severe road Test known; lowest Petrol consumption per ton mile over whole course. Won by Arrol Johnstone 12 H. P. Car, 43·8 miles per gallon, used "Shell." I. S. Napier Esq. Driver.

FOR SPEED AND RELIABILITY.

Gordon-Bennett Eliminating Trials, Isle of Man. The Fastest car, "The Napier," used "Shell". W. Clifford Earp, Esq., Driver.

Bicycle Eliminating Trials, Isle of Man. The winner "Arial" Motor Bicycle used "Shell" I. Campbell, Esq., Driver.

According to the comparison of the various Spirits conducted by the Editor of the "Motor" and reported in "The Motor" of May 23rd, 1905, the consumption of Petrol per Brake Horse Power per hour according to the average of four trials of each was shown as follows:—

Shell	Carburine	Whitaker's	Pratts	Bowleys	Carless	Motol
·089 Galls	·094	·099	·103	·104	·106	·107

The Motor Spirit now being imported into India by the Asiatic Petroleum Co. is the IDENTICAL spirit now being sold in England as

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT.

SHELL spirit is now so universally demanded that it is important all dealers should know when offering the Asiatic Petroleum Company's Spirit that they are not selling a new and unknown Petrol but the identical spirit which has won such a prominent position in England under the name of

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT.

AS ALL DEALERS DO NOT STOCK THIS SPIRIT consumers when buying should enquire what spirit is being offered them.

LOCAL AGENTS,
FAZULBHOY M. CHINOY & CO.,
DALAL LANE, FORT OR ISMAIL HABIB, BANDER, SEWREE.

To be had also from
THE LEADING DEALERS.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.

WINES, GENERAL MERCHANTS, AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOW'S STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

XMAS STOCK NOW IN

NAPLES FIGS (2 lb. Baskets). MALAGA RAISINS,
WALNUTS, ALMONDS, HAZELNUTS and CHESTNUTS, (Italian).
MARSALA ITALIA (SHERRY) highest awards wherever exhibited.
CHEDDAR,
At 14 ans. per lb.
FRY'S CHOCOLATES (Assorted) in Fancy boxes.
FRY'S CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS AND COMFITS
(Assorted) in Bots.
BREAKFAST HAM (York cut)
At Re. 1 per lb.
BACON, (middle choice)
At 15 ans. per lb.
ALL KINDS OF FRENCH, ITALIAN AND GERMAN STORES.

DEC. 1st.
ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.

ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,

From BOMBAY via KARACHI and SUEZ CANAL TO
LONDON (via MARSEILLES or GENOA);
LIVERPOOL and other Ports.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

From Bombay to	A. 1st class Surgeon and Stewardess. Single Rs.	A. Return Rs.	B. All Steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess. Single Rs.	B. Return Rs.	2nd Class only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation. Single Rs.	Return Rs.
Suez	400	640	320	...	300	...
Port Said	425	680	320	...	300	...
Marseilles or Genoa	525	850	450	750	390	590
Liverpool	550	900	470	770	420	640
London via Marseilles (overland.)	600	†950	525	*820	450	*675
Karachi	40	..	40	...	40	...

The following Sailings are subject to alterations:—

Class.	Steamer.	Tons.	Commander.	Sailing from Liverpool.	Due at Port Said about.	Due Bombay about.	Leave Bombay.
				1905	1906	1906	1906
B B	Merton Hall	4331	Prowse.	20th Dec	2nd Jan	16th Jan	21st Jan
B	Aston Hall.	3627	M'Fee.	1906 3rd Jan.	16th ,,	30th ,,	4th Feb

Steamers marked * have no Electric Light.

All the A class Steamers carry Surgeon and Stewardess and are fitted with Electric Fans and Light.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to—
Messrs. EDWARD BATES & SON'S AGENCY.
(KILLICK, NIXON & Co.),
Agents, LINES ELLERMAN OF STEAMERS
Bombay.

FEVER DROPS. As. 4

(PROF. GAJJAR'S FORMULA.)
The BEST and CHEAPEST
Remedy for all FEVERS.

BLOOD PURIFYING SOLUTION, Re. 1

(PROF. GAJJAR'S FORMULA)
For poor or IMPURE BLOOD.
Strongly recommended for
SYPHILITIC TROUBLES,

SHARMA'S INKS.

Equal to the best Imported INKS, but CHEAPER
For Prices Samples Apply to
The SUPERINTENDENT,
T. G. LABORATORY, Girgaum, BOMBAY.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

The "Times of India" in its report of the GREAT FIRE AT LAHORE, says:—"The fire was found by a moderate breeze and was unchecked for many minutes by any sort of extinguishing appliance."

"MINIMAX" HAND FIRE-EXTINGUISHER.

THE FIRE ENGINE OF THE FUTURE AND EVER-READY MEANS OF PROTECTING LIFE AND PROPERTY.

372 ACTUAL FIRES

Have been extinguished during the last six months with the "MINIMAX" hand extinguisher. This fact has more weight than pages of printed matter.

372 ACTUAL FIRES

THINK THIS OVER SERIOUSLY.

No business house can really afford to be without the protection which the "Minimax" affords, being a ready and easily controlled means of effectually extinguishing an outbreak of fire which might, without its aid, prove a serious conflagration.

NOTE.—We will have much pleasure in answering any enquiry by return of post, or if resident, in or near Bombay, our "MINIMAX" representative will call on you.

SOLE AGENTS IN BOMBAY,
MARCKS AND CO., LTD.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

COOK'S HOTEL COUPONS ACCEPTED.

A FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

COMMANDS A SPLENDID VIEW OF THE MAIDAN.
UNDOUBTEDLY THE HEALTHIEST AND MOST ACCESSIBLE LOCALITY IN CALCUTTA.
Every BEDROOM has a BATHROOM Attached.
ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS.
Telegrams and Letters receive prompt attention.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL,

CALCUTTA.
TABLE D'HOTE RESERVED FOR HOTEL RESIDENTS AND THEIR GUESTS.
RESTAURANT a LA CARTE and PRIVATE DINING ROOMS on the Ground floor, with separate entrance. No public bar kept.
SPACIOUS PAVILION, SPECIALLY INTENDED FOR LADIES,
REPLETE WITH EVERY COMFORT AND CONVENIENCE.
F. A. BOSCOLO. Proprietor.

HENNESSY'S

THREE STAR
BRANDY.
INSIST UPON HAVING IT.

PLEASE NOTE THAT

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA

IS THE ONLY ONE
In the whole of India who has received
TWO MEDALS from the INDUSTRIAL INDIAN EXHIBITION
FOR FEVER REMEDIES.

MALARIA! CHALLENGE OF Rs. 5,000.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS OR MIXTURE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE drives all the poisonous Malarial germs out of the body. It is truly wonderful that this dread disease can be cured so readily, but it can and that is all you need to think about. If you buy a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE and if it does not cure your Influenza Malarious, intermittent and Bilious Fevers and mild form of Plague, let me know at once and I will refund your money. I want no man's money unless I am satisfied that Batliwalla's remedies has given him more than his money's worth. Can you blame me for being enthusiatic about the efficacy of Batliwalla's Remedies? I have been selling them for years all over this country and in other countries. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture has attained such a high reputation in the Bombay Druggist's market that if I agree to take only one Rupee per dozen less than the market rate, I can sell one thousand dozens of it in one day only I offer a challenge of Rs. 5,000 to any one who can disprove this statement.

BATLIWALLA'S EMBIRIL TONIC PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

A valuable remedy in all cases of Nervous exhaustion, Melancholia, Pale Shallow complexion, Overwrought brain-work, Impotency, Constitutional weakness, Seminal emission in sleep, Early stage of Consumption, Indigestion, Impairment of understanding due to excessive indulgence and many other ailments to which the human frame is subjected. In cases of prematurely aged persons these Pills are found highly effective. They are highly recommended to all busy workers who earn their living not by muscle, but by their brains, and to students and scholars, growing boys and girls, who in addition to perhaps inheriting a feeble constitution, are educated on the modern system of cram and overwrought brainwork. These Pills have been found to be powerful and rapid restorer of mental and physical vigour. They restore the diminished capacity for intellectual work, the loss of appetite and imperfect digestion.

PRICE Rs. 1-8 PER BOTTLE.

Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla's Embiril Tonic Pills (for Pale People) may be had from TREACHER and Co., Kemp and Co., PHILLIPS and Co., BEYNON and Co., etc., etc., etc. or from the Sole Manufacturers, Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Worli, Dadar, Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

HARMSTON'S GRAND CIRCUS

AND

ROYAL MENAGERIE

OF

WILD PERFORMING ANIMALS.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

AT 9-30 P. M. (Standard Time.)

THE ONE SUPREME STARTLING. SENSATION OF THE ARENIC WORLD.

DIAVOLO LOOPING THE LOOP ON A BICYCLE.

IN CONJUNCTION WITH OUR LONDON & CONTINENTAL COMPANY OF STAR ARTISTES.

40 In Number 40

N. B.—We present more Star Numbers in our Programme this evening than any two London or Continental Establishments.

LOCATION OF TENTS—MAIDAN.

Seats may be reserved at the Circus daily, for the Boxes and Dress Circle between the hours of 10 A.M. and 2 P.M. and 4 to 6-30 P.M.

PRICES AS USUAL.

NEXT MATINEE. } WEDNESDAY,
NEXT MATINEE. } JANUARY 17TH.

Children Half Price to Matinees only.
Performance at 4 sharp.
Doors Open One Hour Earlier.

MADAME HARMSTON LOVE ......Proprietress.
COL. BOB LOVE ....Manager.
R. ALTON...Agent.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY to WIT.—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give Notice, that the FIRST SESSIONS of 1906 of OYER and TERMINER, and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on FRIDAY, the 2nd day of February, 1906, at 10-30 O'clock (Standard Time) in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjury, Trespasses and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear, and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs, and Oppressions, had, done, or committed by any of His Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments and other Remembrances to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.—Dated this 12th day of January, 1906.

MUNCHERJEE C. MURZBAN,
Sheriff of Bombay.

BOMBAY RACES.

14TH, 17TH, 19TH, 21ST, & 24TH, FEBRUARY, 1906.

OWNERS are REMINDED that 2ND ENTRIES CLOSE on TUESDAY, 16th January, 1906.

By Order.
CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Bombay 9th January, 1906.

BOMBAY 6TH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 20TH JANUARY, 1906.

OWNERS are REMINDED that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P. M., on MONDAY, 15th January, 1906.

By Order,
CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Bombay, 9th January, 1906.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Corporation will be held at the Offices of the Corporation, No. 4, Elphinstone Circle, on MONDAY, the 22nd January, 1906, at 3 o'clock (Standard Time) in the afternoon, for the following purposes:—

1. To receive and consider the Report of the Directors and the Audited Accounts for the year ending 31st May last.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation.
4. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Managers.

Bombay, 5th January, 1906.

IN accordance with Section 103 of the Articles of Association the BOOKS of the above Corporation are OPEN for the INSPECTION of the Shareholders, at the Office of the Corporation.

WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers.

HAVE NO TROUBLE WITH CORNS.

GENTLEMEN who have troublesome Corns and tender feet should give their orders for a comfortable, good fitting and stylish BOOTS and SHOES to MESSRS, JOSEPH IVAN and Co. Professional Shoemakers from the celebrated Andreas Neider of Vienna, No 13, Tamarind Lane Fort,

---

STILL UNSURPASSED!

THE NATIONAL HAIR DYE.

Reproduces instantaneously the Original Colour of the Hair in its natural shade.
It is inoffensive and pleasant to apply.
Per Case, with Brushes Complete, Rs. 1-10.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
170, Shaikh Memon Street; Near Zooma Musjid, Bombay

ASTHMA AND BLOOD

POISON of any stage and description will be radically cured by our well-tried specifics sooner than by any other cure. Try and you are sure to admire them. Prices Rs. 5 and Rs 3 respectively. [A] A. E. JAMES, Esq., Dehri, writes:—"Your wonderful specific for ASTHMA has done more for my boy than all other Patent Medicines I had tried before. He has not since been troubled even slightly, and I am beginning to be convinced of your remedy having radically cured him." [B] S. SAW, ZA, Esq., Poona, writes:—"Your BLOOD MIXTURE is the BEST remedy yet discovered."

DIABETES AND DYSENTERY

however hopeless, are sure to be cured by our well-tried specifics No other medicine in the world will be able to show a larger percentage of cure than our specifics. Prices Rs. 3 each. Full particulars about the above as well as about our specifics for HYDROCELE, PILES and FEMALE DISEASES, please write only to:

J. C MOOKERJEE & CO.,
THE VICTORIA CHEMICAL WORKS,
RANAGHAT, Bengal

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE

PRINCE'S DOCK.

The Stewards of the R. M. S. "Persia"
"Persian Minstrels."
WILL give a varied Selection of
SONGS and JOKES
Followed by
A VARIETY CONCERT AND
LAUGHABLE FARCE.
TO-NIGHT, MONDAY, Jan. 15th, 1906,
Commencing at 8-30 P.M.
ADMISSION FREE.
Collection in aid of INSTITUTE FUNDS.

TOWN HALL
GRAND CONCERT.

Under the Distinguished Patronage and in the presence of
H. E. the GOVERNOR,
In Aid of the ADAMS-WYLIE HOSPITAL FUNDS.
WEDNESDAY 17TH JANUARY, at 9 P.M.
A MUSICAL RECITAL,
of the songs describing the celebrated Epic of
RUSTAM AND SORAB,
Composed by the late Mr. K. N. KABRAJI
will be rendered in Gujarati by
Mr. ZAL K. KABRAJI and the MISSES KABRAJI,
Assisted by several Talented Ladies and Gentlemen.

TICKETS:—Rs. 4 and 3, and Back Seats, Rs. 2.

"SANGIT RUSTOM-SOHRAB" containing the whole Story together with the notation of every Song in Gujerati may be had at the Doors. Price Re. 1.

Plan of Reserved Seats at SOUNDY'S Music Store.

Tickets can also be had from Mr. G. LUND, the Hony. Secretary,
Sassoon Mechanic's Institute Building.

NOTICE.

THE BOMBAY DOG SHOW in conjuntion with The Bombay Horse Show will be held on FEBRUARY 22nd, for prospectus and all particulars apply to Mr. DOUGLAS BENNETT, Crawford Market, Bombay.

DOUGLAS BENNETT,
Hon. Secretary, Dog Show.

NOTICE.

INDIAN STEAM COAL REQUIRED FOR THE ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SERVICE AT BOMBAY AND OTHER INDIAN PORTS. SEALED TENDERS will be received at Bombay Dockyard up to 1 p.m. of 19th February, 1906.

For Particulars see notice No 8303 in "Government Gazette" of 16th November, 1905, or apply to the

DIRECTOR OF THE ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING of Members will be held at the Club on Wednesday the 24th January, 1906, at 6-30 p. m. (Standard Time) to consider the recommendation of the Committee with reference to the Club Loans and to the extension of the Club premises.

WALTER LANG.,
Honorary Secretary.

Bombay, 16 January, 1906.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

ACCELERATED MAIL SERVICE VIA POONA
between
BOMBAY AND BANGALORE.

THE BEST ROUTE FOR COMFORTABLE TRAVEL AND PICTURESQUE SCENERY.

THE MAIL TRAINS of this Company consisting of "BOGIE" Vehicles, of an improved description, RUN between POONA and BANGALORE, by the coolest route through the attractive scenery on the Uplands of the Western Ghats, and in Mysore, connecting at Poona with the vestibuled Mail Trains over the G. I. P. Railway, according to the following timings, and at the fares shown below:—

DOWN TRAINS.

			H. M.	Time.
Bombay	G. I. P. R.	dep.	15 0	H. M.
Poona		arr.	18 45	38 35
Poona	S. M. R.	dep.	19 35	
Hubli	"	dep.	14 27	
Bangalore	"	arr.	5 35	

UP TRAINS.

			H. M.	Time.
Bangalore	S. M. R.	dep.	22 30	H. M.
Hubli	"	dep.	12 50	36 20
Poona	"	arr.	6 20	
Poona	G. I. P. R.	dep.	7 5	
Bombay	"	arr.	10 50	

Single journey through Fares in either direction.
First Class between Bombay and Bangalore, Rs. 46-9-0.
Second Class between Bombay and Bangalore, Rs. 23-3-0.
Third Class between Bombay and Bangalore, Rs. 9-12-9.

2. There is only one change of Carriages, namely at Poona, on the journey between BOMBAY and BANGALORE. FIRST and SECOND CLASS PASSENGERS intending to travel by the Mail Trains over this Railway from Poona or Bangalore can secure accommodation by booking their berths beforehand, if the Station Master at Poona or Bangalore is advised by letter, or telegram, of the class and number of berths required, and the names of intending occupants.

3. RESERVED ACCOMMODATION. Passengers wishing to have a Reserved Compartment in a First, Second or Third class carriage from Poona on the Down journey through to Bangalore, or from Bangalore on the Up journey through to Poona, should apply to the Station Master of the Station from which required.

The charge for reserved accommodation when secured for the whole distance from Poona to Bangalore or "vice versa" will be as follows:—

For a First Class Compartment. 2 1-2 Single journey fares.

For a Second Class Compartment. 3 1-2 Single journey fares.

For a Third Class Compartment 6 Single journey fares.

If the number of passengers travelling in a compartment is in excess of the number of fares payable to reserve such compartment, the charge will be made for the actual number that travel.

4. A DINING CAR is run daily on the Mail Trains between Poona and Bangalore in both directions.

W. B. WRIGHT.
Traffic Manager.

Dharwar, 15th January, 1906.

PETROL! PETROL!!

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd., are now prepared to SUPPLY PETROL from Stock. Price to retail buyers One Rupee per Gallon in Drums of 4 gallons, or 14 annas per Gallon Bulk. Special terms to dealers and merchants. Apply BURMAH INSTALLATION, CHINCHPOOGLI, or at the OFFICE, Church Gate Street.

NOTICE.

WANTED an experienced qualified MIDWIFE and Nurse for the Murud Dispensary, on a monthly salary of Rs. 35 with free quarters. Apply with testimonials to the STATE KARBHARI, Janjira.

BANK OF BOMBAY
SAVINGS BANK

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

LAST 6 NIGHTS! LAST 6 NIGHTS!!
OF

THE BANDMANN OPERA COMPANY.

Under the Direction of
MAURICE E. BANDMANN
and by Special arrangement with
MR. GEORGE EDWARDES
and the GAIETY THEATRE, LONDON.

TO-NIGHT, AT 9-15 (STANDARD TIME.)
MONDAY JANUARY 15TH,
THE LITTLE MICHUS.

TUESDAY JANUARY 16TH,
SERGEANT BRUE.
OF C. DIVISION'S LONDON POLICE.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 17TH.
"THE CATCH OF THE SEASON."

THURSDAY, JANUARY 18TH.
THE CINGALEE.

GRAND POPULAR NIGHT.
FRIDAY JANUARY, 19TH.
Benefit to the popular Comedian HARRY COLE
The screamingly funny farcical Comedy.
CHARLEY'S AUNT
preceded by the prison scene from Verdis famous Opera IL TROVATORE.

FAREWELL
LAST NIGHT! LAST NIGHT!!
SATURDAY JANUARY 20TH.
"THREE LITTLE MAIDS"

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE BANDMANN OPERA Co. will positively LEAVE Bombay on Sunday Jan. 21st by Special train for Calcutta en Route for Rangoon and the East.

Booking at SOUNDY & CO.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
NO. 7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of grey, white and coloured piecegoods and the following:—

Furniture such as tables, chairs, easy chairs, cupboards, writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, chest of drawers, cricket set in bag, cottage piano by Soundy and Co.

1 D. B. B. L 12 bore gun by Charles Boswell.
2 Chubb's safes and 1 Milner's safe on stands.
1 English silver open faced "Ludgate" watch by Benson cost £8 8s.

By order of N. C. Macleod, Official, Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Lalji Manji Thucker an Insolvent—iron safe copying press cotton mattress, pillows, &c.

At 2 p.m.
A few gent's new and second-hand bicycles,
1 rubber-tyred light victoria.
1 second-hand office shigram.
1 double-seated circular glass brougham.
1 light dog-cart.
1 Lady's Saddle with safety stirrup.
The property of a gentleman:—
1 Rubber-tyred vis-a-vis to seat four persons in good condition.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 3-30 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, the property of the late G. D. Marston, Esq.,-District Engineer, G. I. P. Railway. consisting of wardrobe chest of drawer, dressing table, office chair ice-box carpenter's tools, chest, lamps, curtains, cooking utensils, flower ground carpet, tiffin basket filter, roll top waiting table, dumbwaiter. D B 12 bore gun by Treacher in canvas case crockery, glassware, table ornaments books, telescope, on stand, thermometer camera in case plated spoons and forks, steel boxes, etc.

The property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF 40 CASES OF BLACK ITALIAN.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 4 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of the concerned and on account and risk of Mr. Morarji Mohanji, the undermentioned cases of black Italian, comprising:—

Ex. s s Clan Stuart.
M M E L 921—out of 1-10—3 cases each 30 pieces black Italian, 44 in. by 45-52 yds.

Ex. s s Brittania.
M M E L 921—11-20—10 cases each 30 pieces black Italian 44 in, by 45 52 yds,

Ex. s s Clan Ogilvy.
M M E L 921—21-30—10 cases each 30 pieces black Italian 44 in. by 45-52 yds.

Ex s s Rydal Hall.
M M E L 926—338 9—2 cases each 30 pieces fast black Italian, 46 in by 40-45 yds.

Ex s s Clan Sinclair.
M M E L 926—out of 8 10-13—2 cases each 30 pieces fast black Italian, 46 in. by 40-45 yds.

Ex s s Massilia.
M M E L 926—814-19—3 cases each 30 pieces fast black Italian, 46 in by 40-45 yds.

Ex s s City of Oxford.
M M E L 925—820—1 case each 30 pieces fast black Italian. 46 in, by 40 45 yds.

Ex s s Arabia.
M M E L 925—821-2—2 cases each 30 pieces fast black Italian, 46 in, by 40-45 yds,

Ex s s Circassia.
M M E L 926—823-6—1 cases each 30 pieces fast black Italian. 46 in. by 40-45 yds.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On THURSDAY, the 18th Inst, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co, are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Mount Pleasant Road, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome French-polished teakwood and blackwood dining-room, drawing-room, bedroom and office room furniture made to order consisting of set chesterfield, sofas and chairs, drawing room, suit of sofas and chairs, lined silk tapestry, chippendale pattern cabinets, elegant chiffoniers, jardiniers, set of dining table, mirror back sideboard, dumbwaiters, Baldwin icebox, single and double English and wooden bedsteads, brass double bedstead, single and double mirror, door, almirah, clothes and hanging presses, chest of drawers, bedroom sofas, Lady's and gent's quadrant bicycles, old China large size jars, valuable books of International Encyclopedia and Lubbocks Library, fancy curtains, dower ground large Indian carpet with border, bronze figure, windproof lamps, lawn mower, rich glass ware, crockery ware &c. the property of H. G. GELL, Esq. Commissioner of Police.

The property of another Gentleman (at 3-30 p. m, B T)
1 Rubber tyred landau in good order.
1 Pair strong bay Waler horse.
1 Set double harness.
Rubber tyred Victoria in good order
1 " vis-a vis"

Catalogues are published and the property is on view 4 days before the Sale.

SALE of 14 pieces of Rice fields at Erla Parla between Andheri and Santa Cruz in Salsette.

Under instructions from N. C. Macleod Esq Official Assignee and Assignees of the Estate of Balubhai Sakaltchand, an insolvent, Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY the 21st Inst at 4 p. m. on the premises, the 14 pieces of rice fields, situate between Andheri and Santa Cruz measuring 8 acres and 4 1-2 gunthas or about 40,000 square yards and bearing survey Nos 20, 21. 22, 135, 213, 217, 23, 183, 137, 273, 215, 185, 170 and 9,

The above fields will be sold in lots to suit buyers. For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, on MONDAY, the 29th Inst., at 3 p. m., the effects of the late Samuel Le non, consisting of gold studs and links, ring, brooch, locket, chain, silver studs and links, metal and imitation trinkets, spectacle, &c:

Under instructions from the Administrator-General Messrs CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms on MONDAY, the 29th Inst, at 3 p. m., the effects of the late Haji Abdulaj Haji Hasam, consisting of gold ornaments, such as bangle, large and small earrings neck ornament, rings, and other head and neck trinkets and silver ornaments, coin, snuff box &c.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 15th January, 1906.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT OF OCCUPANCY.

Under instruction from the Bombay Improvement Trust Messrs. BENNETT &Co. will THIS-DAY, MONDAY, the 15th inst at 4 pm, sell by Public Auction on the premises the right of occupancy of vacant ground Nos 19 23 and 26-23 case Nos 332 and 333 and Ward Nos 3 and 513 Abdul Raheman Street.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 16th instant at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co, are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Medows Street, Fort, the last remaining stock in-trade of Messrs, Morenas and Co., consisting of one nearly new soda water machine by Barnett & Foster with all the accessories and about 200 dozens soda bottles, one pastry machine, one lot of rich wines, consisting of champagne, claret, whisky, cognac, liquors and chartreus &c., gruel cheeses each 75 lbs. furniture consisting of large English show cases, sliding door cupboards, marble-top tables and chairs, hanging punkahs, hanging lights glass chandeliers. one large marble-top counter, one iron safe by Chubb lock on stand, icebox copper utensils, &c, &c.

The property is now on view.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 15th January, 1906.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion. One Rupee, Every additional line, Eight Annas, REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER,—Produces a polish like new on Jewellery, Silver Goods Plate and Clear Metals. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Trial Samples gratis on application. Per tin Annas 12, per dozen Rs. 8. We recommend it.—MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS:—We are now showing an excellent and choice selection of E.P. Ware, Cutlery, Crockery, Table and Bed Linens, Cretonnes, etc. Inspection invited. M. BRESLAUER & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

TO LET—BUNGALOW from 1st February, 1906, at Malabar Hill, lately occupied by Mr. N. G. Gell. Apply to CUMMOO JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co., Girgaum, Bombay.

ALL our TOYS and DOLLS are offered at discount to clear Stock. GREAT BARGAINS at SHROFF BROTHERS, 27 Hornby Row, Fort, Bombay.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars. Brand new Billiard Tables. Dinner Re 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re 1-0-0; Breakfast As. 12. Dinners served till late hours.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL, Elphinstone Circle opposite the Town Hall. Further extensions and renovations. Rooms airy and commodious with bath rooms attached to each. Rates from Rs. 2-8-0 to Rs. 4-0-0 per day. Special arrangements for monthly boarders and families making a prolonged stay. Cuisine a speciality.—Apply to the MANAGER.

WANTED FOREIGNERS who want to learn English to talk and write. Hindustani also taught. Terms moderate. Attendance at home any time during day. Apply to Box No. 1234. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

REPAIRS OF Re. 1-8 within 25 years I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer', Sewing Machine, which I purchased 25 years ago, has required only Re. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts. J R. Gardener. 16, Forbes Street, Bombay.

PICTORIAL POST CARDS.—Send me your Photograph, or any Photograph, or Picture, or negative, or film, and I will return it with one Dozen Post Cards of it for Rs. 2, Cash with Order. Stamps not accepted.—W. A. FORSHAW, Photographer, Madras.

BACK NUMBERS of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail addition, when available, are supplied on the following terms:—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas; 8 to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas, 30 days to one year. 1 rupee and of older dates than one year from Re. 2 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one Rupee.

COTTON BUSINESS.—Cotton, and Seed, and Factory Business, Upcountry, WANT POST as Manager, or Assistant in these, for Buying Cotton, Wheat, Seeds &c, Working Factories, Pressing and Ginning, Jute, Flour Oil, and other Mills. Have served for 20 Twenty years, as Agent to European Firms, Visited Steam Factories, and Travelled throughout India, Proficient in Opening New Stations. Also Erected and Dismantled Factories. Highest Testimonials. Address, "OOMRA," care of "Bombay Gazette."

ONE of the Sights of Bombay.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL'S ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALOON replete with everything that Oriental luxury and Artistic taste can suggest and Visitors will not regret an inspection of their High Class Portraiture, Artistic Paintings and Enlargements, and Indian Views of places of Special Interest, Portrait Paintings in oil on Photographic Basis a speciality. Hydraulic Lift available. Tata's Nippon Buildings. Top Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage: English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants of all denominations, supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronised by the Officers of the Services. Army and Navy as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee, fee, Bombay, Rs. 2, and Mofussil Rs. 3 for each servant.—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay Established, 1873

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business. 1, Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross London.

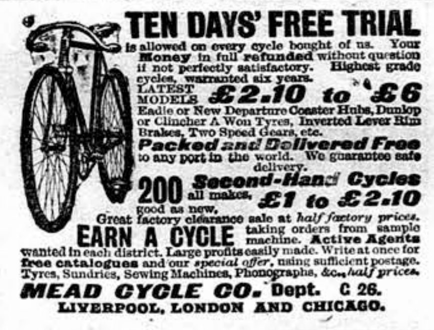
ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, Electrical Engineers and Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A TIBETAN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY, with Sanskrit Synonyms, by Sarat Chandra Das, Rai Bahadur, C.I.E. Revised and Edited under orders of the Government of Bengal by Graham Sandberg, and A. William Heyde. Apply "Q." care of "Bombay Gazette."

A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY. SURGERY SUPERSEDED.—SURGERY not needed at all:—Thorough cures for Hydrocele, Hernia, Elephantiasis, Piles, Fistula, with its horrible and maddening agonies, and all sorts of Rectum and Scrotum diseases, Fatty or windy body (reduction in such a body from 4 to 6 inches certain after 15 days' treatment) Rheumatism, Gout, Paralysis, Spermatorrhoea, Sterility, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Nasal complaints, Leprosy and other sorts of malignant diseases are thoroughly cured by infallible and harmless vegetable medicines, Apply Dr. BALKRISHNA N. JOSHI, of Benares, Tardeo Bridge, near Tram Terminus, Motiwala's Chawl, Tardeo, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE DESCRIPTIVE SHEET ALMANACK FOR 1906.—Only a few Copies available. Got up in a neat and an attractive style in colours on superior paper. Contains in brief valuable and useful information regarding H. E. the Governor's Personal Staff and Additional Members in Council, Gazetted Public Holidays and various departments of the Bombay Municipality, the Bombay Port Trust, the B. B. & C. I. Ry., the G. I. P. Ry., Bombay Post Office, the Stamp Schedule &c. Price per copy ANNAS FOUR only. Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates, special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press,



TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL is allowed on every cycle bought of us. Your Money in full refunded without question if not perfectly satisfactory. Highest grade cycles, warranted six years.

LATEST MODELS £2.10 to £6

Eadie or New Departure Coaster Hubs, Dunlop or Clincher A Won Tyres, Inverted Lever Rim Brakes, Two Speed Gears, etc.

Packed and Delivered Free to any port in the world. We guarantee safe delivery.

200 Second-Hand Cycles all makes, £1 to £2.10 good as new.

Great factory clearance sale at *half factory prices.*

EARN A CYCLE taking orders from sample machine. Active Agents wanted in each district. Large profits easily made. Write at once for free catalogues and our *special offer*, using sufficient postage. Tyres, Sundries, Sewing Machines, Phonographs, &c., *half prices.*

MEAD CYCLE CO. Dept. C 26.
LIVERPOOL, LONDON AND CHICAGO.

R. SCOTT & Co. M.R.C.V.S.,

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS.

GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD

Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50.) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce, Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5-8 per cwt delivered free in Bombay, Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract, Satisfaction guaranteed, Correspondence invited

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB BLEND WHISKY.

A FIRST CLASS BRAND AT A MODERATE PRICE,
WELL WORTH A TRIAL

Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co. Ld., BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS.

CROFT, MODY & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS
For CROFT & Co.'s (OPORTO)
CELEBRATED WINES
CROFT'S PARTICULAR,
Rs. 120 per dozen.
CROFT'S
5 CROWNS IMPERIAL PORT,
Rs. 48 per dozen.
CROFT'S WHITE PORT,
Rs. 52 per dozen.
CROFT'S FRUITY PORT,
Rs. 30 per dozen.
Apply to
CROFT, MODY & CO.,
19, Bank Street
Or
Retail Suppliers:
Messrs. BRANDON & CO.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS.
AND
MESSRS. DENISON & Co.,
HUMMUM STREET; FORT,
BOMBAY.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.............£1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL £562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £562,500
RESERVE FUNDS.......................£110,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KURRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
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FISCAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CHINA AND THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

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Revenue for 1904 .... £ 3,570,552

The sum of £ 830,160 was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1900 yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £ 1-8-0 per cent. per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.

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INDIAN ECHOES. By J. R. Denning Author of In a Dak Bungalow etc.	3	1
RHYMES OF THE EAST AND RECOLLECTED VERSES. By Dum Dum	3	1
WHO'S WHO. 1906	6	9
WHITAKER'S ALMANACK, 1906 Paper 14 As, Cloth		
WHITAKER'S PEERAGE 1906.	3	1
HAZELL'S ANNUAL, 1906.		
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CONVERSATIONS WITH CHRIST. By the Author of The Faith of a Christian. ...	3	1
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Rooms airy and commodious
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Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day.
Special arrangements for monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay.
Cuisine a Speciality.
Apply to the MANAGER.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m., on Saturday, give the following results:—

Wards	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade ...	1	1	5
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	2	2	17
C Market, Dhobi Talao. Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	0	0	12
D Khetwadi Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	0	0	12
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	0	0	25
F Parel, Sewree and Sion ...	0	0	5
G Mahim and Worli........	0	0	11
Water Division........	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown...	0	0	1
Hospitals	0	0	9
Total........	3	3	97
Same date last year........	41	34	128

SMALL-POX.

Attack,	Death,
1	1

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards,	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths,	Death from all Causes
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade ...	2	0	8
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri........	1	3	22
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	1	0	16
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	1	1	9
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada........	0	0	26
F Parel, Sewree and Sion ...	0	0	9
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	7
Water Division	0	0	0
North-Resident andUnknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	1	10
Total........	5	4	107
Total plague deaths to date ...	304,886	226,379	
ame date last year	29	30	131

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap," which Lady Constance Howard writes "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that the name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notice (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2 for six lines or less and 8 as. for every additional lines, CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CARTER—December 20, at Bikaneer, the wife of Mr W Carter, Indian Government Telegraphs, of a son.

GIBSON—January 7, at Saharanpur, the wife of H W Gibson of a daughter.

WILSON—January 5 at Dilkusha, Lucknow, the wife of Quartermaster Sergeant T G Wilson, Western Command Office, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

JACKSON—HARRIS—January 10, at the Cathedral Church of St Paul, Calcutta, by the Rev Canon Luckman, John Ernest Jackson, youngest son of Edward Elliot Jackson of Lancaster Road, Hampstead, to Kathleen Anna Dorothy, eldest daughter of Lt-Col G F A Harris, I M S and granddaughter of Major-General A E Campbell of Poltair Mannamead, Plymouth.

REDDIE—MURRAY—January 5, at Christ Church, Lucknow, by the Rev B M Kirwan, assisted by the Rev G E Oldham, Captain A J Reddie, 24th Regiment (South Wales Borderers), to Rose Robertson, eldest daughter of Colonel R D Murray I M S, Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, United Provinces.

DEATHS.

CAMPBELL—January 6, at Birhampur, Bengal, William Campbell eldest son of the late Mr William Campbell of Mozufferpore District, aged 33 years.

JANES—January 9, at the Government Maternity Hospital, Madras, Francis Adela Gertrude, only daughter of Joseph Janes, Trevandrum, aged 27 years.

Bombay.
Dec. 1905.

R

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BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 36m, Sun sets, 5h. 42m. High water, 2-10m, 2-27a. Low water, 8-21m., 8-7a.
Chamber of Commerce, balloting for election of a chairman, 10 a-m. to 4 p. m.
Municipal Corporation, 3 p. m. (B. T.)
Motor Union of Western India, Reliability Competition.
Harmston's Circus, Esplanade, 9-30 p. m. (S. T.)
Novelty Theatre, the Bandmann Opera Company, 9 15 p. m. (S. T.)

ANJUMAN-I-AHBAB.—The Anniversary of Pir Haji Babuddin Sahib will occur on Tuesday. The Maulud Sharif will be recited on the Shrine at the Marine Lines next to the Officers' Mess at 9 p.m.

MESSRS. MCALPIN AND HUGGETT have sent us a smart Calendar for 1906, which displays in picturesque variety the numerous articles manufactured by the "Willesden Paper and Canvas Works Ltd." a home firm for which they are the Bombay representatives.

FALSE COMPLAINT.—At the Esplanade Police Court, on Saturday, before Mr. N. W. Kemp, Inspector Morris charged C. Fernandes and R. M. D'Costa with robbing Antone Gonsalves Pereira of two watches and a ring. Mr. Morris said he arrested the accused on receiving a complaint from the complainant that they had taken him into a lane, and robbed him of his things, subsequently it was found that the charge was a false one. The accused were acquitted, and the complainant ordered to pay Rs. 10 to each of them.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO BUNDER.—The Indian Hotel's Co's European String Band, under the direction of Mr. C. T. Coke, will play the following programme of music at Messrs. W. B. Green & Co.'s Restaurant, Apollo Bunder, to-day, during dinner hours:—

March	Blue Bell	Dix
Barn Dance	Appy Ampstead (With Whistling Chorus)	Brunn
Selection	The Geisha	Jones
Waltz	Sobre las Olas	Rosas
Solo	The Song that reached my Heart (Mr Floyd, oboe)	Coke
Lancers	Cake Walk	Williams
Selection	Recollections of Old Ireland	Wickens

POSTAL NOTICE.—With effect from the 1st January 1906, the maximum amount which may be specified for remittance to the sender in the case of the exchange of value-payable articles between India and Ceylon will be raised from Rs. 150 to Rs. 600.—The following rates of postage will be charged on and after the 1st January in respect of letters sent by the post to Egypt (including the Soudan):—For a letter the weight of which does not exceed half an ounce, one anna. For every additional half ounce or fraction of that weight, one anna.—Mails for Natal, Cape Colony, Delagoa Bay and other places in South Africa per extra s. s. Umzinto, via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p. m. S. T. on the 17th instant. Supplemental mails will also be closed at 7-30 p. m. S. T. on the 18th instant.

AN ELOCUTION GATHERING.—On the afternoon of Saturday last an elocution gathering was held at the Theatre of Sheth Tribhowandas M. Nathoobhai at Bhangwadi on Kalbadevi Road, Mr. R. M. Patel presiding. The gathering was held on behalf of the Bombay Branch of the National Indian Association as an impetus to developing the gift of elocution amongst the women of India. A committee was formed to judge the powers of the candidates which will declare the results hereafter, and prizes will be distributed accordingly. Mrs. S. Harlekar and Miss J. M. Kothare gave English recitations. Their efforts were appreciated in two extra prizes of Rs. 10 each by Nawab Zada Nasroolakhan. Lectures on "Woman's influence at home," "The Social Life of the Hindus," "The female education amongst the Hindus" and on other like subjects were given, some in Gujarathi, and some in Marathi and a few in English. Mrs. Manekbai Kanji spoke in Gujarathi, while Miss Temina P. Navroji and Mrs. G. Harribai spoke in English. After the conclusion of the lectures, a vote of thanks to the chairman terminated the proceedings before the gathering.

PASSENGERS FOR S. S. R. RUBATTINO.

THE following is the list of passengers per Italian s. s. R. Rubattino Capt. M. Saporiti sailing for Europe to-day:—

To Port-Said, Mr. Badri Bey, Mr. T. D. and Mrs. Berrington, Dr. R. Bierich and Mr. S. Cassimatis.

To Naples and Geonoa Mr. H. F. and Mrs. Arbuthnott, Mr. A. R. Astbury, Mr. P. Caracalla, Mr. J. E. Foster, Miss R. M. Pyne, Dr. C. Sutcliffe, and two Sisters.

FROM a recent examination paper on religious instruction at a boys' school: Holy matrimony is a divine institution for the provocation of mankind.—"Punch."

CRICKET.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA VS. ISLAM GYMKHANA.

An interesting Cricket match was played on Saturday afternoon between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Islam Gymkhana, resulting in an easy victory for the European eleven. Play commenced a little after 2-30 a, m. when the Europeans winning the toss elected to bat and with rapid scoring for which Cheetham was almost solely responsible, notched the respectable figure of 201 runs, when they declared their innings closed. The Islamites then went in and replied with 75 runs, the only two players to enter into double figures being Abba, (23) and Peer Mahomed (13). For the Europeans the bowling of Coombs was particularly destructive, while Abba of the opposite team did fairly well.

The following are the scores:—

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

Mr H Cheetham, not out	117
Capt J G Greig, c Mullaji, b Abba	18
Mr J Monteath, b Abba	9
Capt J Tancred, b Abba	12
Mr E A Wodehouse, c Abba, b M Alli	7
Mr A H Streatfield, c Razak, b Aziz	16
Mr S N Powell, not out	10
Mr E Nigel-Jones Mr P W D Sanderson Mr B V Ramsden Mr E E Coombs	Did not bat,
Extras	12
Total	201

Runs for each wicket:—1 for 59; 2 for 77; 3 for 107; 4 for 135; 5 for 180.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	Q	R	M	W
P Mullaji	11	58	1	0
A R Bustani	8	41	0	0
Abba	9	39	2	3
C M Alli	7	27	0	1
A Aziz	4	24	0	1

ISLAM GYMKHANA.

Mr Abba, c Powell, b Coombs	23
Mr Syed Ahmed, b Coombs	4
Mr A Razak, b Coombs	0
Mr C M Alli, c Tancred, b Greig	9
Mr A Aziz, b Greig	4
Mr Peer Mahomed, st Sanderson, b Greig	13
Mr P Mullaji, st Sanderson, b Coombs	0
Mr D Nansi, c Streatfield, b Greig	2
Mr Ismail, not out	7
Mr H C Tyebji, c Monteath, b Greig	3
Mr A R Bustani, b Streatfield	1
Extra	9
Total	75

Runs for each wicket:—1 for 9; 2 for 9; 3 for 30; 4 for 35; 5 for 35; 6 for 57; 7 for 63; 8 for 66; 9 for 70; 10 for 75.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	Q	M	R	W
Mr E E Coomb	12	26	1	4
Capt J G Greig	15	33	4	5
Mr A H Streatfield	33	2	2	1

HINDU GYMKHANA vs YOUNG HINDU C. C.

The match was played on the Hindu Gymkhana ground yesterday and resulted in a draw Scores:—

HINDU GYMKHANA.

Mr Daderker, c N Diveker, b H Kirtiker	23
Mr P Telang, b H Kirtiker	58
Mr D Telang, played in, b Deo	2
Mr Khote, b W Kirtiker	15
Mr Shivram, not out	100
Mr Bhatavdeker, l-b-w, b H Kirtiker	2
Mr D Sheti, c S Diveker, b Diveker	74
Mr Parshottam, not out	2
Mr Pathare Mr Madan Mr Goradin	Did not bat
Extras	7
Total	[illegible]

YOUNG HINDU C. C.

Mr N Diveker, not out	62
Mr W Kirtiker, b Shivram	51
Mr Agasker, not out	14
Mr Deo Mr S Diveker Mr Patil Mr Dalvi Mr A Kirtiker Mr Jayaker Mr Amonker Mr W Kirtiker	Did not bat
Extras	3
Total	130

YACHT CLUB RACES.

THE Races on Saturday were sailed in a light breeze which totally failed at the finish. In the "A" Class Race Eileen walked away and left the other three yachts standing eventually finished 40 minutes in front. Sapphire though second gave up at the end of the first round. Turquoise's performance in beating Melody on the latter's day was very creditable.

Boats.	Entered by	Time All'ces. M S	Time of Arrival.	Corrected Time
Eileen iv	Mr N N Wadia	Scratch	5 50 10	2 5 10
Turquoise	Mr F J Preston	10 30	6 29 45	2 34 15
Melody	Mr J B K Macbeth	15 10	6 39 16	2 38 46
Sapphire	Mr R H Hopkins Capt Muter, R E	10 30	Did not finish.	

In "B" Class on the run to Tucker Beacon Mannikin obtained the lead, but Pixie was first on the W. N. W. Buoy. On the reach back to N. Karanja Buoy this order was maintained, Trixie and Erin dropping a long way astern. Pixie was home first, but Mannikin, whose return to form we are glad to welcome, won easily on her handicap.

Boats.	Entered by	Time All'ces. M S	Time of Arrival.	Corrected Time.
Pixie	Mr H R Greaves	2 30	6 28 27	2 30 57
Mannikin	Officers R A	18 30	6 33 11	2 19 41
Trixie	Mr R G Monteath	2 30	Did not finish	
Erin	Mr R H Ireland	4 00	Did not finish.	

In Tomtit Class Race none of the yachts finished.

THE BANDMANN OPERA COMPANY.

"ALADDIN."

THE pantomime which held the boards at the Novelty Theatre twice on Saturday may be counted as the best thing that the Bandmann Opera Company has ever done. In pieces such as those that have been given during the last fortnight, there is a London tradition to follow, but in the pantomine each and every artist had opportunity to follow his or her own bent with most admirable success. There was almost a super abundance of energy displayed and but for the heat one might well have been back in London at a suburban "Show." What they are like, this year, it is impossible to say, but last year, at any rate the suburbs gave many pantomimes far inferior to this. Mr. Harry Cole as the widow Twankey kept going from start to finish and had some splendid "business" to get through. Miss Georgie Corlass as Aladdin also proved more at home than she has recentlyseemed, whilst Miss Norra Morra made a Princess fit for the most fastidious of stage heroes. Miss Wilmot Karkeek played second boy and Miss Elsie Probyn second girl with great success. The dresses were excellent and the songs right up to date, whilst the scenery was a surprise for Indian theatre goers. It is impossible not to offer hearty congratulation not only to the Company, but to Mr. Major who was responsible for the production, lyrics and music, for such a really admirable performance. "The Little Michus," "Sergeant Brue" "The Catch of the Season" and "The Cingalee" are on the list for this week, whilst on Friday Mr. Harry Cole gets a well deserved benefit with "Charley's Aunt." And then to finish, "Three Little Maids" on Saturday.

HARMSTON'S CIRCUS.

THE Circus on the maidan is proving as popular as even the proprieters could desire. On Saturday every seat in the tent was filled and others had to be brought in. This is hardly to be wondered at. Every turn throughout the evening is worth seeing and the show goes with a swing that gives no time for wondering about the lateness of the hour. One of the cleverest performances is that of the Bugny Brothers and Walton who are thoroughly capable and entertaining tumblers. The mock bull fight too is as good a clown performance as can be found at any circus, whilst the wheelers know all there is to be known about cycle riding. Beside these there are the sensational acts of the Lion's cage and "looping the loop" with several others making up a show which should not be missed.

The next matinee performance will be on next Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

AUTOMOBILE NOTES.

COMING TRIALS.

OF all contests intended to yield results satisfactory to the contestants, and at the same time, be convincing to the public, a test of motor tyres is, perhaps, the most difficult to arrange. The matter of time and distance is the first difficulty, involving several thousand miles of a trip and many days in its completion. Then, again there is the possibility of a maker who enters such a contest, providing specially constructed tyres for the occasion, whose excellence, as shown in the test, might be subsequently disproved by ordinary tyres of the same make in ordinary service. And last, but by no means least, there is the car itself upon which the tyres are tested. The Automobile Club has, however, decided to hold such a trial. Regulations for the competition just published, give evidence of careful study on the part of the committee of all the manifold complications which have so far rendered the adjudication of comparative merit among tyres next to impossible. Commencing February 1, the trials will be continued from day to day, twelve hours a day and maximum of 200 miles, until a distance of 4,000 miles shall have been covered, the routes will be on main roads selected by the club, directions for each day's run being supplied to the driver at the start. Official observers will accompany each car, and their records of the performance of the car will be considered by the jury in making awards. Provision is made for compliance with speed regulations, and observers are directed to warn drivers against infringement under penalty of disqualification. All stoppage are to be recorded, with the time occupied and the reasons therefor.

The general conditions of the trials are to be, so far as possible, as in ordinary touring. To ensure this, the club will select the tyres to be tested, taking them from stock, thus making it impossible for a maker to prepare special tyres for the occasion The entrant, however, is to provide the car most suitable, and to fix the tyres thereon, besides being responsible for the provision of everything needed for its running. For these trials tyres are to be entered under three general sections, namely, Pneumatic Tyres, Armoured Pneumatic Tyres, and Solid Rubber Tyres. The first section is sub-divided into four classes (a) Light Cars, carrying two passengers, total weight, including load, 1500lb, (b) Medium carrying four passengers, total weight 2400lb, (c) Touring Cars, four passengers, total weight, and (d) Heavy Cars, four passengers, 4500lb. In the Armoured Pneumatic Tyre section there is but one class—3000lb, weight including four passengers. The Solid Rubber Tyre section includes four classes —(f) Light, two passengers, total weight 1600lb, (g) Medium, two passengers, 3000lb, (h) Motor Vehicles Delivery Vans, etc., two passengers, total weight 6000lb, and (i) Heavy Vehicles, Omnibuses, Lorries, etc., two passengers, total weight 14,000lb. As the programme outlined, namely 202 miles a day, means over three weeks' continuous running, the club has made special provision for the possible discontinuance of a car through illness of its observer or driver. The awards to the successful competitors in each class will be gold and silver medals, while a special trophy will be given in Class D (heavy cars) for the set of tyres making the best showing.

The action of the Automobile Club of France in suspending the Gordon-Bennett race for 1906, if not cancelling the event for good, has given rise to no little invidious comment in motoring circles this week. Dissatisfaction with the decision has been emphasised by the fact of its announcement at the eleventh hour, on the very eve of the closing of entries. Coming at this stage, it has been responsible for the question of issuing a challenge to be discussed in other clubs before the last day for posting such an entry. Unsportsmanlike is the mildest term applied to the action of the A. C. F., particularly in view of the fact that the temporary suspension of the Derby of motoring has been for the barefaced purpose of substituting an international race, in which French cars have a very decided advantage. The attempt this year to make the Gordon-Bennett contest a side issue in the projected Grand Prix was frustrated by the action of other clubs in refusing to play the part of tail to the A. C. F.'s kite. But, owing to the unexpected second victory of Thery in a Richard-Brasier, it was generally felt that the French protest, which was regarded a more or less in the nature of a bluff, would be allowed to go by default. On this presumption, the Italian club was early afield with its challange, hoping to retrieve Lancia's bad luck in last summer's race, and again in the Vanderbilt Cup contest two months ago. Whether the A. C. B. I. and the Automobile Club of America would have followed suit can only be surmised, although the chances in both cases were decidedly in favour of challenges. But since the A. C. F. has declared for no race next year, it is regarded as a foregone conclusion that no challenge will issue from either of the Anglo-Saxon centres of motordom.

This is much to be regretted, said a gentleman, whose name has been associated for years with the sport, and the pity of it is that the time is all too short for us to do anything. If there were time, I should certainly try to get up an agitation among members of the Automobile Club in favour of sending a challenge. The first instinct of sportsmanship should have made the French club await challenges before declaring the Gordon-Bennett race off. If these failed to materialise, then it would have been time enough to lay claim to that trophy in perpetuity as they appear to have done, and to have substituted the International, which is only the Grand Prix of last year under a new name. The terms of this contest, as published, are as decidedly French as they are unfair. Instead of a team of three cars from every country, as in the Gordon-Bennett, the International provides for three, or possibly four, cars of every make. This means that France will have probably twenty cars, as against one from any other country. Theadvantage of such an arrangement is obvious. As a betting proposition it will be twenty to one on France against the world. Why any maker outside France should take chances in courting defeat under such circumstances is difficult to understand. Certain it is that any foreign cars entered will only compete because their makers have reasonable hopes of winning, in spite of the long odds. On that basis, as I have said, I may find myself a contestant; but none the less I regard the rules of the race as grossly unfair.

An interesting symposium on the question How to drive well is given in the last number of Motorist and Traveller. Mr. S. F. Edge sums up the matter in this way:—As I have frequently said, any one can learn to drive fast, provided they have the money to buy a car, but comparatively speaking, few have sufficient control over themselves to learn to drive slowly at the proper time. Mr. Charles Jarrott writes: Personally, I think the whole question is summed up in one word, sympathy. The real expert, the man who gets the best results out of the car, who drives it as it should be driven is the man who is most in sympathy with the mechanism he is controlling and directing. Mr. Stocks writes: It is possible for any one of average intelligence to learn how to drive a car in a very short space of time, but only experience will teach him how to handle it. He must feel the length, width, and weight of his car, and know in what distance he can pull up at different speeds, under varying conditions of roads.

Particulars of the Land's End to John o' Groat's motor-cycle trial, which will be held by the Auto-cycle Club towards the end of May or early in June have just been issued. The actual start will take place from Penzance at 5.0 a.m., and the competitors will then travel to Land's End for the official start of the trial. The first day's run will end at Wellington (Salop), the second day's run at Perth, and the third day's run will conclude the journey at John o' Groat's. The destination must be reached by 9.0 p.m. each evening, and the start on the second and third days will be given at 4-30 a.m There will be two main classes, one for motor bicycles, the other for passenger motor-cycles. Entrants of the latter type will be allowed two drivers. The route will be divided into sections of 100 miles, where checkers will be stationed.

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The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, JAN. 15, 1906.

THE GENERAL ELECTION.

THE Liberals throughout the country will be jubilant over the results of the first day's returns. Reuter tells us that so far 45 Liberals and 12 Unionists have been returned. But the Agency only gives us 42 returns all told and even if we include, as we safely may, the Nationalists and Labour representatives among the Liberals, it is not possible to make the numbers tally, either in pollings or Liberal gains. We shall, however, doubtless receive details hereafter—perhaps before these remarks appear in print. As was stated, the other day, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman is to be returned unopposed for the Stirling Burghs, which he has represented uninterruptedly since 1868, and his name may be added to the list of elected. Among his colleagues in the new Parliament are several prominent members of the late House notably the Right Hon. J. W. Lowther, the Speaker and Sir E. Carson who was Solicitor-General in Mr. Balfour's administration. Notable among the Liberal gains specified is the return of Mr. Haworth for South Manchester and the double victory at Plymouth. Other gains we show elsewhere. It is, of course, impossible to judge of the final result by the returns of a single day, but at present the man standing on the highest rung of the ladder looks more like the figure of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman than of Mr. Balfour. Since the above was written come the news of Mr. Balfour's defeat and a further batch of returns.

CANGO REFORM. THE official organ of the Congo Reform Association publishes the full text of King Leopold's Commission of Enquiry, together with its observations thereon, pointing out its admissions and suggestions, its reticences and omissions. In another number it issues a series of articles on the report by the Rev. Somerville Gilchrist, the Rev. B. J. Lower, the Rev. J. Whitehead, and Mrs. Ruskin, the correspondence between, the Foreign Office and the Congo Reform Association, and correspondence between Lord Lansdowne and Dr. Guinness on the alleged violation of the Anglo-Congolese Convention of 1884. By the same mail, we also have an account of the growth of the Continental and America movements for reform and a copy of the "West African Mail" containing an article by Mr. E. D. Morel, entitled "the Congo Millions—what becomes of them?" King Leopold's Commission, it is clear, has failed to give satisfaction and we are to have renewed and reinvigorated agitation. The Commission, it will be remembered, though admitting some practically unavoidable abuses, dealt with districts on the beaten track and never left the town, and riverine tracts, where civilisation had perforce to make progress. They did not visit the localities in which the grossest abuses were alleged to prevail and the allegations brought against the administration have certainly not been disproved. The aims of the Congo Reform Association have, therefore, not been attained, and once again they are reiterated. The object of the Association is to secure for the natives inhabiting the Congo State territories, the just and humane treatment which was guaranteed to them under the Berlin and Brussels Acts (1) by the restoration of their rights in land and in the produce of the soil, of which preexisting rights they have been deprived by the legislation and procedure of the Congo State ; (2) by the restoration, through the exercise of a just and humane administration, of their individual freedom, of which individual freedom both men, women and even children have been deprived through oppressive and unlimited taxation, enforced by a savage and often uncontrolled soldiery, maintained by the incessant use of illegal coercion, and by forms of punishment, which are contrary to the laws of civilised communities. Such was the manifesto issued by the Reform Association, nearly two years ago, and they have found no more to modify it. They have still the same force to contend against.

It is unfortunate that the report of the Commission did not contain their notes of evidence. But one passage of it shows that much testimony was offered concerning the abuses, to which the Commissioners might have devoted more attention. "Of how many abuses," the passage refers to runs "have these native sentinels been guilty it would be impossible to say even approximately. Several Chiefs of Barings brought us, according to the native custom, bundles of sticks, each of which was meant to show one of their subjects killed by the capitas. One of them showed 120 murders in his village committed during the last few years. Whatever one may think of the confidence with which this native form of book-keeping may inspire one, a document handed to the Commission by the Director of the A. B. I. R. does not allow any doubt to remain as to the sinister character of the system." It consisted of a list showing that from the 1st January to the 1st August 1905—that is to say within a space of seven months—142 sentries of the Society had been killed or wounded by the natives. "Now, it is to be assumed" add the Commissioners, "that in many of these cases the sentries had been attacked by the natives by way of revenge. One may judge by this of the number of bloody affrays to which their presence had given rise. On the other hand, the agents, interrogated by the Commission, or who were present at the audiences, did not even attempt to deny the charges brought against the sentinels." The sentinel is admitted to be an evil, but a necessary evil, but it is the duty of the white officials to restrict their powers and so prevent them making themselves so objectionable as to lead the natives to acts of a sanguinary nature.

Forced labour is held to be necessary, but that is only by officials of the stamp of those entertained in the Congo Free State. The West African native does not believe in work and, as the Commissioners admit, it is only slowly and progressively that the negro will accustom himself to it. But the servants of the Congo State do not appreciate the point, and would have the leopard change his spots and the Ethiopian his skin on the instant. In their eagerness to justify their own existence and to procure good results for their employers they use force "in order to ensure respect for the law will often have consequences exceeding the desired end." In the case of individual shortage, the Commissioners believe the intervention of the chief, especially if his authority be strengthened in conformity, with the proposals of the Commission, will sensibly diminish the difficulties inherent to the exercise of force. But "when one finds himself in the presence of a collective refusal to pay the tax—and up to the present this had been so far in the generality of cases—the chiefs themselves however they may wish to, will be powerless. Armed intervention will be necessary and will provoke conflicts. Indeed the natives in default will rarely submit to a mere demand. If they fly it will be necessary to pursue them into the forest ; if they resist they will be killed and wounded ; acts of savagery may even be committed, such acts being the inevitable accompaniments of fights between Blacks." Yet the Commission think it would be an exaggeration to deduce for these considerations that they must renounce absolutely the use of force since the native only understands force, only respects force ; confounds it with justice and the State must be able to ensure the triumph of law and consequently force the native to work. It is here that the Congo administration has failed. They employed the wrong type of men as overseers. It may be necessary at times to apply force and at all times to make a show of power to do so, but the exercise of tact would have obviated the necessity of resorting to violent measures. Force should only be resorted to in the last extremity, solely in the case of grave and and repeated shortages and manifest ill-will. If this policy had been adopted at the outset there would have been very little ill-will and little occasion to apply force. Even the Commission is driven to the conclusion that a prudent and wise policy consists in only demanding of the native that which can easily and without too great use of force be accepted by the people. And had this been adopted and adhered to, it would have been beneficial in every way. The administration would have been successful. The financial results would have been satisfactory and the people contented. Those three desiderata are professedly arrived at equally by the administration, but they have gone about it in the wrong way and the task is now all the more difficult in consequence.

MODERN IRRIGATION. MR. CHATTERTON, the indefatigable, referred, in a paper contributed to the Industrial Conference at Benares in December, to a modern method of irrigation as employed in Madras. On that occasion he was dealing with general industrial work, and, though he treated his subjects fully, was by no means exhaustive in any of them. Now, however, the Madras Department of Agriculture has issued a bulletin containing an excellently compiled note by that gentleman on "irrigation by pumping from a well at Melrosapuram." As Professor of Engineering Mr. Chatterton may be relied upon for the accuracy of his deductions, and they are of a nature to appeal to all, who are endeavouring to lighten the labour of the agriculturist and to render his work more efficient. In 1901, a visit was made to the settlement, started by Mr. Andrew of the Free Church of Scotland, near Chingleput, and the result was that one of the five wells in the fifty acres of land was chosen for experimental pumping works. The object was to ascertain what quantity of water such a well would yield, when worked to its maximum capacity, to determine what increased quantity of water could be obtained from the well by deepening it, and by any devices which might suggest themselves in the course of the experiments, to employ an oil engine, and centrifugal pump to lift the water from the well, and to ascertain the cost of such work, and whether it would be feasible to employ such motors and pumps, where there was a sufficient supply of water to give them employment. Careful tests were made as to the inflow of water with ordinary methods of pumping, and a long series of experiments was then made with the engine to test the permanence of the percolation from the surrounding rock. The cost of working the pump in 1903-4 for 831 hours was Rs. 746-8-4 of which Rs. 300 are allowed for interest and depreciation. The cost per hour amounts to 14·38 annas, and for that sum it may be approximately assumed that 1,440 cubic feet of water have been raised twenty-five feet. During that year the natural supply of water was good, but in the following year the conditions were materially different. The rainfall throughout the year was slight, the North-East monsoon was a complete failure, and it was necessary to work the well to the utmost. Altogether it ran for 2,074 hours, the working expenses being Rs. 1,083-1-10 or 8·39 annas per hour. This is a great reduction on the hourly cost of the first, year but it is felt that even this can be materially reduced. Unfortunately no record has been made of the use of the water, but certain areas which were best supplied, have yielded remarkable increases on the old returns, and so show that this modern method of irrigation is infinitely superior to the old ; and it can safely be assumed that if the area and the water-supply are sufficiently large the return from engine irrigation would be very considerably greater than the extra cost. In 1901-02 the gross value of the produce of the land of the settlement without the pump was Rs. 280. In 1904-05 it was Rs. 2,049 having shown a steady annual increase. In these years the pump has worked at a loss, but it is decreasing, and organisation would soon produce a profit, especially as a large part of the present loss is accounted for in interest and depreciation on the machinery erected as well as a complete overhauling, in the second year, of the installation which can be considered as an extraordinary item.

JAPAN AND THE FAR EAST. BARON Suyematsu, the Japanese statesman, who is now returning to Japan, after two years' stay in Europe, was interviewed the other day by a Reuter's representative. He congratulates Japan on the fact that it is now regarded with friendly European eyes, but he does not think great changes in the Far East will result from the war. Says he : "China cannot reform herself as some seem to think. There would be many Chinamen who would try to assert the rights to which they are properly entitled, but they will only be confined to certain sections of the people, and not the most practical sections. Students from abroad, for instance, adopt the most fantastic ideas with regard to freedom and liberty. This was the case with Japan at the time of the revolution. There are Chinese students in Japan who have the same sort of notions, but influence of people of this kind will not affect China as a nation. There is not going to be a wonderful transformation in China." He scouts the idea that China and Japan will pursue a common mission, the condition and temper of the two peoples being so essentially different. As to Japan her ambition is to develop her commerce and industry by passive methods and to advance on the lines of European civilisation. But China may adopt other and less wise methods, because they have not been quite fairly treated in the past and their feelings towards progress have not improved. The prospect of a combination is very remote and the danger of the Yellow Peril, either political or commercial, is not imminent,

THE Viceroy and Lady Minto, who are now in mourning, have proceeded to Barrackpore for a week.

HIS Excellency the Commander-in-Chief will present the 1st Brahmans with their new colours some time next month.

THE Raja of Sikkim has left Calcutta on a visit to Banares, while the Tongsa Penlop of Bhutan is making a short pilgrimage to Gya.

THERE will be a Smoking Concert at the Gymkhana on Friday, the 26th January, commencing at 9-30 p. m., Standard Time.

IT is, we understand, likely that the Raipur Vizianagram Railway on the broad gauge will be undertaken at an early date. This line will give the Central Provinces access to the eastern seaboard.

AMONG the passengers who proceeded to England on Saturday by the P. and O. Co's mail steamer, Oriental, were Barons H. and J. Pogrell, Mr. T. J. Bennett and Hon. Mr. E. Hewett.

THERE now seems to be a consensus of opinion among all parties concerned, Government officials and tea planters alike, that the Assam Labour Law of 1901 should be withdrawn. This should help on the solution of the difficult problem regarding coolie emigration to Assam.

THE Hon'ble Mr. Justice Richards, the Raja of Mahmudabad, Mr. Archbold, Principal of the Aligarh College, and Qazi Azizuddin Ahmed, Deputy Collector of Fyzabad, have been appointed Fellows of the Allahabad University to fill existing vacancies.

FIVE permanent engineers with practical knowledge of railway work and fifteen temporary engineers, under five and three years' covenant, have arrived in India and been posted to open lines of construction work.

NOW that Bengal has been curtailed in its territorial limit a new provincial contract with the Government of India is being framed to become operative on the 1st April next. The settlement of the Civilian cadre for future recruitment has also been made.

THE Maharaja Shambhu Sing of Banswara, Rajputana, was invested on Thursday with the powers of a ruling Chief at the hands of the Governor-General's Agent, the Hon'ble Mr. E. Colvin. The ceremony was made the occasion for general public rejoicings.

A CURIOUS case of cattle-poisoning from the eating of juari stalks is reported from Chhindwara district in the annual record of the C. P. Department of Agriculture. The Government Chemical Analyser who investigated the subject states that at a particular stage of growth the plant contains a high percentage of prussic acid, and this appears to have been the poisonous agent. Considering what a large share juari stalks take in the fodder of agricultural bullocks in Central Provinces and elsewhere, the matter, as the Chief Commissioner remarks, requires further investigation.

THE official announcement that the Government of Eastern Bengal have acquired three areas totalling 962 bighas of land in the city of Dacca and its neighbourhood for the erection of a Government House, offices and official residences, will effectually silence the rumours that Chittagong might be the capital of the new Province. Some Bengali newspapers have tried to make mischief by circulating these stories : while others have enlarged upon the unhealthiness of Dacca and have warned the Government not to sink money in land and buildings there as the place would eventually have to be abandoned in favour of Chittagong. The making of these gloomy forecasts may have brought a mischievous pleasure to their authors but no one has been any the worse for them. Dacca, with its historical associations, was all along indicated as the capital, and the Government of India never hesitated for an instant when considering its claims. It has, in all probability, a great future before it ; and, as the Government buildings rise, private persons will begin laying the foundations of many others. It may take time to revive the ancient glories of the city, but all Eastern-Bengal will be interested in its prosperity and will assist in securing it. It will, too, be an active centre of political life and the local influences that surround it will be less inimical to healthy growth than those which are found in Calcutta. Dacca is at last being given its chance and it is not likely to miss it. As to Chitagong it requires only the stimulus of generous encouragement by the new Local Government to make for itself a name as the port of the Province. Even as matters have stood, with Calcutta regarding it as a rival in some measure, it has made remarkable progress in the last two or three years. There are signs already that its transfer from Bengal has had a most healthy effect ; and in time to come it will be too wrapped up in its commerce to hanker after officialdom or desire to supplant Dacca as a capital city.

THE PEOPLE'S PICTURE GALLERY.

POLITICAL POSTERS.

IN the approaching election pictorial posters are intended by both the great parties to play a considerable part in political propaganda. It is somewhat difficult to obtain an effective poster. The cartoon to be really valuable, should crystallise some cardinal principle in your opponent's policy, and present it in such a way that even the most casual or indifferent elector will be able to grasp its point at a glance. It is interesting to note that this form of electioneering is applied entirely to illustrating the principles of the opposite party. Neither Conservatives nor Liberal make use of cartoons setting forth directly any part of their own particular platform. The political poster is designed to show the evils which must follow the course advocated by the opposite party. This oblique method long experience has found the most commendable. It affords more scope for humour and biting sarcasm, both of them valuable weapons in the political armoury, than a picture designed directly to advocate the claims of one side. That has been tried, of course, but it has not been found of much use. It is far easier to ridicule the other fellows, and the process is usually more acceptable to the free and independent voter, who likes, now that more substantial rewards are banned by unsympathetic laws, to get as much amusement as possible out of an election. Political cartoons are on the whole, a very good-natured form of art. Individuals, of necessity, figure in them, but they are there, as a rule, merely to represent principles, and the economic and other villainies in which, if one is to judge by the posters, our prominent political personages are employed, are quite impersonal Political posters, being intended to deal only with broad general principles, are always supervised by the officials at the respective party headquarters. Cartoons, however, for local use are not unknown.

The quantity of political posters issued during a general election is enormous. They are printed and published at a price which barely covers the cost of production, and some candidates and their wealthy supporters literally paper their constituencies with them. At the Central Conservative Offices the clerks are now busy despatching tons of cartoons, printed in striking colours, to all parts of the United Kingdom. The total number issued will run into many hundreds of thousands, and they are expected to have a considerable effect in influencing votes. Some of the cartoons are very amusing and effective. One of the best issued from the Central Conservative Office represents John Bull, dressed as a bridegroom with a bouquet in one hand and a key labelled office in the other, standing at the church door, awaiting his prospective bride. The lady, a stout, matronly widow, whose face presents the lineaments of the present Prime Minister, is approaching, and leads by the hand her little son, manifestly of Irish extraction and wearing a cap labelled Home Rule. Poor John Bull is horrified at the sight of this unwelcome encumbrance and his dismay is not lessened by the widow's explanation that Little Johnny would come. Another cartoon represents Sir Henry Campell-Bannerman as a gardener complacently watering his garden. Most of the plants, particularly "A Strong Navy" and "Reduced Taxation" present a somewhat drooping appearance, while "Home Rule," a terrific plant of the cactus tribe, and "Imperial Disunion" are flourishing in exuberant luxuriance amid a tangled parasitic growth of "Crime", "Atheism," and "Godless Education." "The Decoy" is another forcible cartoon. It represents "C.-B.", leading a very innocent and unsuspicious-looking John Bull along a lonely road, behind a corner of which lurks a masked and villainous Irishman armed with revolver and bludgeon, waiting to waylay him. No. 14 is somewhat feeble and conventional. The Liberal party, consisting of a clergyman of the Rev. Stiggin's type, a stage Irishman, and a wild and woolly Socialist, is grouped outside the Barmyville Lunatic Asylum. A "cheerful idiot is looking over the wall, and says, Are'nt you the Radical party? I've heard of you; come inside."

"The Great Irish Ventriloquist, with his performing Parliamentary Mannikin," is much more pointed and effective. Mr. John Redmond, standing with one foot on a stool, supports on his knee Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, dressed as a mannikin, with a Union back waistcoat. The little figure is lustily shouting "Home Rule," while the ventriloquist smiles grimly, and tries to look as if he had nothing to do with it. "A Happy Family" represents the Prime Minister as a matronly female sitting up in a bed, on which is a coverlet labelled "Liberal Party." The bed is surrounded by a crowd of impish children, who are trying to tear the quilt to pieces, to the dismay of their mother. The "Home Rule" child has made a big rent in the coverlet, but Rev. Stiggin's (Educational) 'Small Army and Navy" and "Sectarian Education" are all busily at work in the same way. "What an Outrage deals with the Education Question. A bilious-looking Nonconformist clergyman meets a schoolboy, and exclaims, Wants you to learn Church catechism in a school built by the Church of England? What an outrage! A striking cartoon is entitled, This way, sir, It depicts John Bull being led by Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman down a staircase the steps of which are composed of Radicalism, Inefficient Army and Navy Home Rule, and Disunited Empire, while at the bottom is the dreadful pool Ruin. The Babes in the Wood shows the Prime, Minister and Mr. John Morley lost in a forest of which the trees and brambles bear the names of the various principles advocated by Radicals. In another poster, the Prime Minister is represented smoking a Home Rule cigar, while the Vice-Presidents who sit at table with him protest strongly against his continuing to pollute the air with its fumes. H. C.-B plaintively says, I can't help it ; Redmond says I must smoke it. Chinese labour figures in only one of the cartoons. In it the Prime Minister is represented as a tourist in the Transval, commiserating with a white workman on having lost his job through coolie labour. The workman replies, Don't you believe it, guv'ner. For every nine Chinamen there is one white man earning a pound a day bossing 'em. All I say is Let 'em all came. The Liberal League issues a much smaller variety of posters than its rival organisation in Bridge-street. At present only three cartoons are ready, and these deal exclusively with fiscal question. "Learn to eat Imperially" shows "Baker Chamberlain" offering a microscopic loaf to an attenuated and hungry looking woman and child, with the words, "If I may venture to give you a message, it is this—learn to eat Imperially." Another represents Mr. Chamberlain, with a plethoric figure labelled "Trusts" patting him on the back, advising a British workman to attach the clog "Dear Food" to his leg, while in the background is the figure of a German workman in great distress at having to eat horseflesh and dogs' flesh in consequence of Protection. Mr. "Chamberlain's Idea of Protectien" is of a same type. On one side are a starved-looking foreign workman and an exceedingly fat and well-fed capitalist, while on the other is Mr. Chamberlain talking to a sturdy, comfortable British artisan. He points to the foreigners and says, "There's a picture of prosperity for you. Now, why can't you be like that?" To which the British artisan caustically inquires, "Like which?"

WE hear from Suakim that an Egyptian Infantry Regiment is hard at work building and arming a new fort intended to serve a double ceremonial purpose. The guns placed on the fort will salute Lord Cromer on his arrival in that town for the inauguration of the Nile-Red-Sea Railway line, and will also fire a Royal Salute in honour of the Prince of Wales on his way Home from India.

AT the Industrial Exhibition held at Benares, the Judges have awarded the exhibits sent from the Madras School of Arts, a Gold Medal for an improved hand-loom, a Gold Medal for an exhibit of chrome-tanned leather, a Gold Medal for an exhibit of silver ware, a Silver Medal for chrome-leather boots and shoes, and a Bronze Medal for chrome-leather harness.

THE GENERAL ELECTIONS.

LIBERAL GAINS.

MR. BALFOUR THROWN OUT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 12.

Sir Christopher Furness (Liberal) has been elected for Hartlepools unopposed.

The following have been re-elected unopposed :—

Mr. F. W. Chance (Liberal) Carlisle.

Mr. A Taylor (Unionist) Toxteth division of Liverpool.

Mr. B. Jones (Liberal) Swansea.

The London Trades Council after a stormy meeting eventually decided to support the candidature of Mr. John Burns.

LONDON, JAN. 13.

Mr. D. F. Goddard and Mr. F. T. Cobbold, the Liberal candidates, have been elected for Ipswich. The former polled 6,396 and the latter 6,290.

Sir C. Dalrymple, the Unionist, polled 4,591.

This election shows a Liberal gain.

LONDON, JAN. 13, 1 P.M.

The following candidates have been re-elected unopposed :—

Rt. Hon J. W. Lowther (U) (ex-Speaker) Penrith
Sir James Kitson (L) Colne (Yorkshire).
Mr. S. T. Evans (L) Mid Glamorgan.
Rt. Hon. J. G. Talbot (U) Oxford University.
Sir W. Anson (U) Oxford University.
Sir E. Carson (U) Dublin University.
Mr. J. Campbell (U) Dublin University.
Mr. O'Brien (N) Cork (City).
Mr. Roche (N) Cork (City).
Mr. Field (N) Dublin (St. Patrick's.)
Mr. Nanetti (N) Dublin (College Green).
Mr. Lambton (L. U.) Durham (South East).

LONDON, JAN. 13, 11-55 P. M.

The following candidates have been elected :—

Mr. Maddison (L) Burnley.
Hon. G. Baring (U) Winchester.
Mr. Whitley (L) Halifax.
Mr. Parker (Labour) Halifax.
Mr. Rufus Isaacs (L) Reading.
Mr. Cheetham (L) Staleybridge.
Mr. Haworth (L) Manchester South.
Sir G. Robertson (L) Bradford Central.
Mr. Barnard (L) Kidderminster.
Mr. O'Donnell (L) Walworth.
Mr. Jowett (Labour) Bradford West.
Mr. Wallace (L) Perth.
Mr. Agnew (L) Salford West.
Mr. Kearley (L) Devonport.
Mr. Benn (L) Devonport.
Sir T. Roe (L) Derby.
Mr. Bell (Labour) Derby.
Sir. G. Parker (U) Gravesend.
Mr. Harvey (L) Rochdale.
Mr. Dobson (L) Plymouth
Mr. Mallett (L) Plymouth.
Mr. Burt (L) Morpeth.

polling for the seat at Bradford East was as follows :—

Mr. Priestley (L) 6,185 votes.
Sir. Vincent Caillard (U) 4277.
Mr. Hartley (Labour) 3090.

Up to the present 45 Liberals, and 12 Unionists have been elected, showing a Liberal gain of 22.

*LONDON, JAN. 14.

Mr. Balfour has been defeated at East Manchester the polling being as follows :—

Mr. Horridge (L) 6403 votes.
Mr. Balfour (U) 4423 votes.

LATER.

Extraordinary scenes took place in London last night. The Strand and Fleet Street were filled with excited crowds, some of the enterprising newspapers announcing the results of the election by sky signalling, lantern screens and ladders.

The news of Mr. Balfour's defeat was received with the wildest enthusiasm.

It is believed a safe seat will be found for Mr. Balfour at Eccles.

FURTHER RETURNS.

The following candidates have been re-elected unopposed.

Mr. Patrick O'Brien (Nationalist) Kilkenny.
Mr. John Redmond (N) Waterford.
(N) Limerick.
Mr. Wolff (U) East Belfast.
Mr. Richards (Labour) West Monmouth.
Mr. Wilson (L) Mid Durham.
Marquis of Hamilton (U) Londonderry.
Mr. Lambert (L) South Molton.

The following candidates have been elected :—

Mr. G. Wyndham (U) Dover.
Mr. Winston Churchill (L) North West Manchester.
Mr. Faber (L) Boston.
Mr. Kelley (Labour) South West Manchester.
Mr. Scott (L) Ashton-under-Tyne.
Mr. Clynes (Labour) North East Manchester.
Mr. Toulmin (L) Bury.
Mr. Belloc (L) South Salford.
Mr. Rea (L) Scarborough.
Mr. Shaw (L) Stafford,
Mr. Byles (Labour) North Salford.
Mr. Schwann (L) North Manchester.
Mr. Pease (U) Darlington.

* Received since the annexed table was prepared. Ed.—" B. G."

THE MOROCCO CONFERENCE.

Count Tattenbach Hopeful of an Agreement.

LONDON, JAN. 14, 12-15 P. M.

Count Tattenbach interviewed in Paris said he expected the Morocco Conference would last two months. He was convinced that an agreement would be reached.

[illegible] FOOTBALL.

[illegible] Beat England.

LONDON, JAN. 14.

[illegible] Match between Wales and [illegible] was beaten by 16 to 3.

THE GENERAL ELECTION.

RETURNS TO DATE

UNIONISTS.

Dublin University	Sir E. Carson.
Dublin University	Mr. J. Campbell.
Durham	Mr. Lambton.
Gravesend	Sir J. Parker,
Liverpool (Toxteth East)	Mr. A. Taylor.
Oxford University	Rt. 'Hon.' J. G. Talbot.
Oxford University	Sir W. Anson.
Penrith	Rt. Hon. J. W. Lowther.
Winchester	Hon. G. Baring.

LIBERALS.

Bradford (Central.)	Sir G. Robertson.
Bradford (East)	Mr. Priestley.
Burnley	Mr. Maddison.
Carlisle	Mr. F. W. Chance.
Derby	Sir T. Roe.
Derby	Mr. Bell.
Devonport	Mr. Benn.
Glamorganshire (Mid)	Mr. S T. Evans.
Halifax	Mr. Whiteley.
Hartlepools (The)	Sir C. Furness.
Ipswich	Mr. F. Goddard.
Ipswich	Mr. F. T. Cobbold.
Kidderminster	Mr. Barnard.
Manchester (South)	Mr. Haworth.
Morpeth	Mr. Burt.
Perth	Mr. Wallace.
Plymouth	Mr. Dobson.
Plymouth	Mr. Mallett.
Reading	Mr. Rufus Isaacs, K.C.
Rochdale	Mr. Harvey.
Salford (West)	Mr. Agnew.
Staleybridge	Mr. Cheetham.
Swansea (District)	Mr. B. Jones.
Walworth	Mr. O'Donnell.
Yorkshire (Colne)	Sir J. Kitson.

NATIONLISTS.

Cork	Mr. O'Brien.
Cork	Mr. Roche.
Dublin	Mr. Field.
Dublin	Mr. Nanetti.

LABOUR.

Bradford (West)	Mr. Jowets.
Derby	Mr. Bell.
Halifax	Mr. Parker.

TOTALS.

Liberals	45
Unionists	12
Labour	nil
Nationalists	4

GAINS.

Liberals	22
Unionists	—

MEMS. ABOUT MEMBERS.

Mr. Austin Taylor, who has been re-elected without opposition for the East Toxteth Division of Liverpool, is a member of the firm of Hugh Evans and Co., Shipowners. He is a B.A. of Cambridge and has represented the division in Parliament since November 1902 when he succeeded Mr. Warr who was returned unopposed at the General Election of 1900. Mr. Taylor in 1902 defeated his opponent, Mr. Rathbone by 377 votes.

Mr. F. W. Chance was returned for Carlisle in July of last year when he beat Mr. L. L. Sanderson, K.C., by a majority of over a thousand. He is a Director of the Carlisle and Cumberland Bank and Head of the firm of Henderson Brothers, Cotton Manufacturers. He entered Parliament on the elevation to the peerage of Mr. Speaker Gully who had represented Carlisle from the year 1886.

Sir Christopher Furness (The Hartlepools) is a local shipowner and shipbuilder, who won last election by 1,897 votes. The constituency has been hopelessly Radical for many years past and none but a " local candidate" has the remotest chance of success as has been frequently demonstrated. Sir Christopher visited India at the time of the Delhi Durbar and is a strong advocate for enlarging popular representation in this country. He first attempted the House of Commons as a representative of the city of York, but has sat for the Hartlepools in three Parliaments.

Mr. D. F. Goddard has sat for Ipswich since 1895, and tried unsuccessfully at the General Election of 1892, He is a Civil Engineer and for ten years was Engineer and Secretary of Local Gas Company in succession to his father. He was thrice Mayor of Ipswich and presented a new town hall to the burgesses.

Mr. F. T. Cobbold is a son of Chevalier Cobbold who represented Ipswich for 1847 to 1868. He is a successful barrister. Sir Charles Dalrymple, whom he unseated was Mr. Gladstone's opponent in Midlothian in 1885, and was a Lord of the Treasury in the administration of Lord Salisbury. He sat for Ipswich from 1892 to the present time, after representing Buteshire from 1868 to 1885. He is a brother of Sir James Fergusson, but changed his name on succeeding to the estates of Lord Hailes. Ipswich at last general election returned one Liberal and one Conservative, but the aggregate Radical majority was 106 votes, a number which has now been improved upon.

Mr. Brynmor Jones, who goes back for Swansea district, has sat for that constituency since 1895. He was County Court Judge of Gloucestershire until he resigned to stand for Parliament. He is a fluent speaker and served on the Royal Commission on Land in Wales.

The Rt. Hon. J. W. Lowther (Penrith Division of Cumberland) the speaker of the late House, is eldest son of the Hon. W. Lowther who sat for Westmoreland from 1867 to 1892. He has sat for this division since 1886. He was one of the Deputy Chairmen of the House of Commons Committees and Deputy Speaker from 1895, and was elected Speaker last year.

Sir James Kitson, who has been re elected for the Colne Valley division of Yorkshire has been its member since 1892 and is well known as an organiser of provincial Radicalism. He is an ironmaster in Leeds.

Mr. S. T. Evans has sat for the Mid division of Glamorganshire since 1892 and has always been elected by large majorities. He is a barrister and a prominent member of the Young Wales group, who played an active part in the opposition to the Clergy Discipline Bill.

The Right Hon. J. G. Talbot who has sat for Oxford University since 1886 and prior to that for West Kent from 1868 was Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Trade for two years under Lord Beaconsfield.

Sir W. R. Anson (Oxford University) has been a representative of that constituency since 1899 when he was elected to succeed the late Sir J. Mowbray. He is a barrister, Warden of all Souls, Vice-Chancellor of the University and has received almost every honour that Oxford can bestow.

Sir E. Carson, K. C. (Dublin University) has represented the University for the past ten years and was "Mr. Balfour's Crown Prosecutor during the stirring days when Nationalists were busy as bees and as angry as hornets " He was Solicitor-General under Mr. Balfour's administration.

Mr. J. H. Campbell K. C. (Dublin University) was elected in 1903 in succession to the late Rt. Hon. E. H. Gecky, beating, Mr. Samuels K. C. an independent candidate, by 71 votes.

Mr, W. O'Brien (Cork city) has sat for the city on and off, since 1892. He is a journalist and founded " United Ireland " and "the Irish People" and he has been prosecuted nine times for political offences. Mr. Augustine Roche, his colleague, was elected unopposed at a bye-election in June last after the death of Mr. James Francis Xavier O'Brien.

Mr. W. Field has been returned for the St Patrick's Division of Dublin since 1892 when he defeated the Anti-Parnellite Mr. W. M. Murphy. He is a butcher and the president of the Irish Cattle Traders and Stockowners' Association.

Mr. J. P. Nanetti (Dublin College Green) is an Independent Nationalist, who declared himself a sworn Fenian. He was elected to Parliament first in 1900. He is of Italian descent and a journalist.

The Hon. F. W. Lambton, who goes back for South-East Durham is a brother of the present Earl of Durham and his heir presumptive. He has sat for the division since 1898 after his predecessor Sir Henry Havelock-Allan was killed in the Tirah during his tour to India. Mr. Lambon sat from 1880 to 1885 as member of the old division of South Durham.

Mr. Maddison's election for Burnley is a Liberal gain, his predecessor Mr. W. Mitchell being a Conservative who won the seat in 1900 by 600 votes. The late, member Mr. Mitchell, did not seek re-election and the party had some difficulty in finding a candidate. Mr. Maddison has democratic views and is in favour of Labour representation.

The Hon. G. Baring at Winchester takes the place of Mr. W. H. Myers who was first elected in 1892 and subsequently unopposed. The political colour remains unchanged.

Mr. Whitley and Mr. Parker go into Parliament for Halifax after an unsuccessful effort. Mr. Whitley was in before, but Mr. Parker's predecessor was Sir Savile Crossley who defeated him at the last election, Sir Savile Crossley and Mr. Whitley being returned. Both members are local men and advanced Liberals.

Mr. Rufus Isaacs, K.C., who goes back for Reading is the most successful man at the English Bar. He was elected for the borough in 1904 in succession to Mr. G W. Palmer. He is a Jew, but that is no disqualification, nor is his foreign education.

Mr Chatham (Staleybridge) is the local gentleman who presented that town with a Free Library and after contesting various constituencies in vain was at last elected (1905) for this borough on the elevation to the Peerage of Mr. Mathew White Ridley in succession to his father. Here too is a Liberal victory.

Mr. A. Haworth (Manchester South) takes the place won by the Hon. Mr. W. R. Peel in 1900 by 1272 votes. Mr. Peel was Unionist in politics ; Mr. Haworth, is a Liberal, so Manchester's record is broken, the city having originally been solidly Unionist.

Sir G. Robertson (Central Bradford), a Liberal, displaces Mr. J M. L. Wanklyn, Unionist, who was victorious in 1900 by a majority of 627 over the Liberal candidate, Mr. Anderson. Sir George Robertson was formerly in the Indian Medical Service and afterwards in the Indian Foreign Office. He was beseiged at Chitral and subsequently installed the present ruler of Gilgit.

Mr. E. B. Barnard who has won Kidderminster from Sir Augustine Godeon lost it to him at last election by 146 votes—a seat the Unionists had held since 1886.

Mr. O'Donnell has captured another seat for the Liberals having displaced Sir James Bailey, a Conservative, at Newington, Walworth. At last General Election the majority on the other side was 865.

Mr. Jowett, the Labour Candidate, who has been returned for Bradford-West, has captured the seat from Mr. Flower, Conservative, who won it from him last time by the narrow majority of 41. Mr. Tillett tried for the seat in 1892 and 1895, but on both occasions was badly beaten.

Mr. Wallace (Perth) goes back for the third time. He is a barrister who in former years failed to win Wandsworth, West Edinburgh and Renfield.

Mr. Agnew (L) has won Salford West from Mr. Graham (C) who had held the seat since 1886, but always be it said, by narrow majorities.

Messrs. Kearley and Benn retain Devonport in the Liberal interest, both having again eclipsed opposition. Mr, Kearley is included in the new Ministry, the former is a provision dealer, the latter a journalist.

Sir Thomas Roe and Mr. Bell go back for Derby. Sir Thomas is a local timber-merchant who has sat since 1886 and Mr. Bell who is "a good specimen of the better class of Labour agitator," since 1900.

SIR G. PARKER D. C. L. retains the seat at Gravesend, which he won in 1900. He is declared to be the only one of the four novelists ambitious of Parliamentary honours, who has got there. He is a Canadian by birth and was knighted in 1902.

Mr. G. Harvey wins a seat for the Liberals at Rochdale, where he was defeated in 1900 by Colonel Royds, merely through the intervention of a Socialist Candidate who left him 20 votes short to win.

Messrs Dobson and Mallett, Liberals for Plymouth. take the places of two Conservatives, Mr. H. E. Duke and the Hon. Ivor Guest who in 1900 had a majority of 549. Neither of the new members had contested the constituency before.

Mr. T. Burt goes back to Morpeth for the fourth time. A coal-miner, he is practically a Labour representative but prefers to call himself a Radical. He is now seventy years of age, or office might be found for him.

Mr. W. F. B. Priestley. (L) who has defeated Sir Vincent Caillard, and Mr. Hartley, a Labour Candidate, lost the election in 1900 to Capt the Hon, R. H. E. Greville (C) by 407 votes. It is the seat for which Mr. Caine sought after being ousted from Barrow, some years earlier.

POST AND TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENTS.

THE AMALGAMATION SCHEME.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 12.

It is understood that Mr. Stewart Wilson has completed the collection of information at home upon the question of the amalgamation of the departments of Posts and Telegraphs, but the matter has to be considered by the Government of India before any decision can be arrived at regarding it.

THE HON. MR. AND MRS. DEREK KEPPEL and Captain Ashburner, the Prince of Wales Staff, left Calcutta for a shoot in Kuch Behar on Thursday afternoon.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE RUSSIAN CRISIS.

Further Bomb Outrages.

LONDON, JAN. 12.

An official despatch states that two bombs were thrown at a Cossack patrol from an American seminary at Tiflis, which wounded four and killed a boy.

The house was then surrounded and bombarded and a store of bombs within exploded killing thirty-three and wounding three hundred.

Another bomb throwing house was similarly bombarded, and in an explosion eight insurgents were killed.

The pacification of the Baltic Provinces is proceeding steadily.

THE RISING IN THE CAUCASUS.

Burning of Villages.

LONDON, JAN. 14.

The Tartars and Armenians in Caucasia continue burning each other's villages and massacring the inhabitants and attacking the troops.

OUTRAGE IN ST. PETERSBURG.

Korean War Minister Severly Wounded.

A young Korean has attacked the Korean War Minister who is visiting St Petersburg inflicting eleven wounds.

THE RAILWAY CONFERENCE AT CALCUTTA.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 12.

At the Indian Railway Conference Association which met here to-day, Mr. J. Douglas, Agent, E. I. Railway, in the course of his opening address, said :—

" I am much pleased to meet you all again and to see such a good attendance of members. A meeting of the Association at this time of the year is out of the usual course and is due, as you are aware, to the fact of a special meeting having been convened about the time our ordinary annual meeting should have been held to consider the general working rules and regulations and other urgent matters—a meeting necessarily occupying considerable time. As to the present meeting, a strong desire has been expressed by several members that the business taken up should be restricted and as much as possible limited, indeed. to what is urgent, and that such items as it is possible to postpone be deferred for consideration until the annual meeting next autumn. I am in sympathy with this view. The present time of the year is a period when we are all desirous to do as much inspection duty as possible, this being the most suitable time in every way for work of that description, while a meeting in autumn, amongst distinct business advantages, affords to officers a much desired and appreciated opportunity of a short change to a cool climate after working through the hot season."

The Chairman, then stating the accounts, showed an expenditure of Rs. 23,752 in sixteen months. He then went on to say :—" A few matters I should perhaps mention, namely certain items which have already been before the Association, but which are not yet finally disposed of. These are questions of a modification of the forms of risk notes dealt with by the Association in Resolutions Nos. 38 and 39 of October 1904 ; the working rules and regulations dealt with at our special meeting in August last, and the questions of simplification of the goods traffic of Indian Railways. The two first are still before the Government and as regards the last you are aware that in Resolution No. 3 of the proceedings of our special meeting in August, a Committee was appointed to deal with it. The Committee assembled afterwards with commendable promptitude, a Chairman, Major Hoskyn, Chief Auditor, Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway, was appointed to conduct its proceedings, and certain information was called for from Railways, but pressure of work in connection with the changes on the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway and notably difficulties arising from the very untoward recent event which I am sure we all deeply regret, namely the burning down of the head offices of that Rail way, has necessitated the

RESIGNATION OF MAJOR HOSKYN

of not only the Chairmanship but his membership of the Committee, and matters ave since been at a standstill. The question of the illing of Major Hoskyn's place has now to be considered or you may think it desirable to reconsider arrangments generally. Personally I am strongly of opinion that the procedure suggested in the Conference letter, dated 13th April 1905, is the best calculated to deal with the matter satisfactorily and a in reasonable time.

" I may say that I look upon the simplification of goods tariff as a most important and desirable work. It is, I consider, a very heavy complicated, tedious and difficult task to get matter up and prepare the necessary material in a shape in which it could be dealt with usefully by a committee, and demands, I consider, the sole and entire ssrvices of the most competent officer obtainable who has made a study of tariff questions. I would add that, as will be seen from notices which have appeared from time to time in the public press, this question has become one of public interest.

" Returning to the agenda, the only question that it seems necessary to refer to especially is that of the appointment of a permanent Secretary to the Association. As to the necessity for this appointment I will only add to what I have said on previous occasions that the work of the Association continues to grow and that it is now quite beyond what can be satisfactorily performed in the time an officer can spare who has other regular duties to occupy him. Applications received for the appointment" are before you, and I trust a selection of an officer to fill it permanently will now be possible. In addition to the appointment of Secretary, you have also to appoint a President for the coming year. Mr. Hilary and I now tender our resignations of the positions respectively of Secretary and President, and in doing so I have to thank you for the ready and cordial assistance and courtesy that have, at all times, been extended to us by all members. As regards Mr. Hilary I would desire to place on record my appreciation of the able, zealous and willing help which he has invariably afforded me in carrying on the duties of the Association."

DEATH OF SIR M. E. GRANT DUFF.

Famous Ex-Governor of Madras.

LITERATTEUR AND WIT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 12.

The death is announced of Sir Mountstuart Elphinstone Grant Duff.

By ARLEY.

THE late Sir Mountstuart Grant Duff was one of the veterans of the Indian Service, a literatteur of note and a well-known after-dinner speaker. Sir Mountstuart's parents who were in their day well-known in India, were Mr. James Grant Duff, a former Resident at Satara, and Jane Catherine, only child of the late Sir Whitelaw Ainslie, M. D., author of the " Materia Indica." Sir Mountstuart was, however, born at his father's place in Scotland, and received his education at the Edinburgh Academy, and at Balliol College, Oxford, which has since then sent forth so many eminent Anglo-Indians, notably the late Sir Clinton Dawkins and Lord Curzon of Kedleston. Having taken his degrees Mr. Duff entered upon a career which eventually brought him into connection with most of the great men of the Victorian era, and afforded food for those delightful reminiscences which Sir Mountstuart not long ago issued to an amused world. Having been called to the Bar of the Inner Temple just over fifty years ago, Sir Mountstuart went into the House of Commons as member for the Elgin burghs, a constituency which he continued to represent for the long period of twenty-four years. He was then appointed Under-Secretary for India, and held that office until the downfall of Mr. Gladstone's administration in February 1874. On the formation of Mr. Gladstone's second administration in May, 1880, he was appointed Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies. Twelve months later, however, Mr. Duff was given the Governorship of Madras in succession to Mr. William Patrick Adam. Mr. Duff was a thoroughly conscientious Governor, and he won no small popularity with Anglo-Indians in the Province, and was held in affectionate awe by the natives. He made a vast impression of authority and power during his visits up and down the country, as may be illustrated by a letter once sent to him by a native suppliant, addressed, " The Almighty God, care of the Hon. Mountstuart Grant Duff, Governor of Madras."

Sir Mountstuart had a pretty wit which stood him in good stead in Madras as well as at home. Sir Mountstuart was one of the distinguished men who have presided at the annual Colchester oyster feasts. (The oyster folk are rather fond of getting notable Scots to come south for this important function, by-the-bye, and last year the Duke of Argyll presided). Sir Mountstuart, being called upon for a speech after liberally partaking of " natives " got on to his feet and said gravely, "Gentlemen, I can only repeat what Daniel is reported to have said as he entered the lions' den,—I don't know who's to do the after-dinner speaking, but I'm sure it wont be me."

For all that Sir Mountstuart is said to have made an excellent oration. On the termination of his stay in Madras, he returned to England and in 1891 he was a Member of the Senate of London University, to which honourable position his appointment was justified by his connection with Oxford and his having several years previously been Lord Rector of Aberdeen University. Sir Mountstuart also became President of the Royal Geographical and the Royal Historical Societies. Sir Mountstuart was author of some considerable works, his first important book having been his "Studies in European Politics," published forty years ago. Since that he had written frequently upon Indian affairs; he edited the speeches of Lord Elgin; he wrote " Notes of an Indian Journey" and edited the " Victorian Anthology." Sir Mountstuart was an admirable companion, with a dry humour which found vent in his " Notes from a Diary," the various volumes of which were issued in 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900 and 1901.

During the last fifty years there have been some twenty Governors of Madras. Of this number Sir A. T. Arbuthnot was for many years the doyen, and, if he is still alive, is the oldest surviving ex-Viceroy or ex-Governor of an Indian Province. He was Governor of Madras twenty-four years ago, and of the many distinguished men who have since held his high position, only Lord Wenlock, Sir Arthur Havelock, Mr. Thompson and Lord Ampthill now survive.

THE FRENCH PRESIDENT.

LONDON, JAN. 12.

The French Presidential election takes place on the 17th instant.

FRANCE AND VENEZUELA.

Diplomacy Interrupted.

LONDON, JAN. 13.

Diplomatic relations between France and Venezuela have been broken off. The cable between New York and Venezuela is interrupted.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON CONVENTION.

The " Bulls" Active.

The New Orleans Cotton Convention has passed a Resolution in favor of holding cotton till the price of fifteen cents is reached.

THE BANK OF FRANCE.

Paper Maximum Increased.

The circulation of the Bank of France notes having reached the maximum Government has introduced Bill raising the circulation by 800 million francs to avert the depletion of the metal reserve.

THE SUAKIN RAILWAY.

Major Macauley has received the Companionship of St. Michael and St. George for services in connection with the Suakin-Berber Railway.

H. E. LORD AMPTHILL, as Honorary Colonel of the Regiment, will dine with Colonel R. F. R. Formby and the Officers of the M. V. G. at the Officers' Mess, Stowe Hall, on the 18th instant. Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Ampthill will attend the Horse Show on Saturday, the 20th instant.

THE ROYAL TOUR:

ARRIVAL AT RANGOON.

A CITY IN SILK.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 13.

After a pleasant voyage from Calcutta the " Renown " with the Prince and Princess of Wales aboard, reached Rangoon yesterday evening, and dropped anchor below the Hasting's shoal three and a half miles from the place, where the Royal Highnesses landed this morning. They came ashore in the launch Togo, landed at the Sule Pagoda Wharf, where they had a remarkable reception. The Lieutenant-Governor, Sir Herbert White, the Chief Judge, Sir Harvey Adamson, Lieutenant-General Macleod and other Civil and Military Officers received their Royal Highnesses on the jetty. Two Shan Chiefs, looking like animated Pagodas in their blazing gold dresses and towering headgear, were among those to receive the Prince and Princess on the wharf. A throng made up of Burmese, Chinese, Mahomedans, Hindus, Parsees and Europeons filled the great reception Pandal, which led to another filled with Burmese ladies. Bright eyed, fair of face, and arrayed in the prettiest hues of silk, their black hair was bound with jewelled fillets of gold and silver thread and a number of them held great bowls of Burmese silver work filled with flowers. The Reception Committee included the representatives of each of the races to be found in the City.

The address of welcome was read by the Hon'ble Moung Shwe Waing, an elderly Burmese genleman, who like other Burmans present had his head encircled by a white fillet.

The Prince, in replying to the address said:

" Gentlemen.—The Pincess of Wales and myself are most grateful to you for the hearty welcome you have given to us in your great and growing city. In your address you have struck the note which must predominate all others in the minds of those who visit India and Burma for the first time. It is a source of never ending wonder and satisfaction to me to notice the extraordinary variety of races, religions and languages, which are so harmoniously blended in the large centres of the Indian Empire. This harmony is due to the wise policy of tolerance for all creeds and of equal justice for all races, and is the basis and the secret of the marvellous administration of which we, in England, are so proud and for which you and all those who are working for this country, whether as officials or non-officials, British or Oriental, are entitled to all praise. We only wish that it could have been arranged that our stay in this bright and vigorous province could be longer, but, as you know we have a long journey before us, and dates are hard masters. Still the Princess and I trust that even in the short time we shall spend in your country we shall gain some knowledge and much sympathy for Burma, which will enable us, in the years to come, to watch its progress and development with interest and the most confident hope. The heartiness of your welcome, your beautiful decorations, which point to kindly labour and infinite pains, and the cheery faces which greet us on our arrival all go to confirm us in our previous ideas of Burma and its peoples. May you long retain your reputation for genial content and happy life."

A GORGEOUS PROCESSION.

The silver casket accompanying the address was a handsome piece of work chased with pictures of Rangoon and scenes in the life of Goutama Buddha and from the story of Rama. The Burmese ladies bestrewed the path with flowers as their Royal Highnesses passed to their carriage. The drive to Government House was one of the most remarkable experiences their Royal Highnesses have had. Fifteen pandals and arches were erected along the route representing varied types of Oriental architecture. The Burmese pandal was an eight towered structure covered with gold paper fretted in characteristic Burmese designs The other pandals represented Hindu, Mahomedan and Chinese buildings, the most notable being the Chinese. The Fohkeen, or long coated Chinese, had a wonderful creation representing a royal gateway used as a halting place by the Chinese Emperors, when on their travels. The Cantonese were represented by another gateway similar to the famous Hone Kow arch, where two Emperors had an historic meeting. Both arches were covered with a mass of detailed work, birds, beasts and buildings being reproduced with all the artistic skill typical of the Chinese. Each of the pandals was occupied by numbers of the community responsible for its erection and their Royal Highnesses stopped before each for a couple of minutes. One large pandal was filled with the school children of Rangoon, and here a bouquet was presented to the Princess.

A cheering crowd of Burmese, Chinese and Indians lined the streets, which were hung with festoons of flowers.

VICTORIA MEMORIAL FUND OPENED.

RANGOON, JAN. 14.

Yesterday afternoon the Prince opened Rangoon's Victoria Memorial Park and the New Zoological Gardens. The site of the park was four years ago an area of insanitary flats occupied by the unhealthy dwellings of Burmese squatters. It is now a charming pleasure ground laid out on something like the Chinese principle with lakes, grassy hill and winding paths. It covers sixty-five acres, the site has been given to the Park Administrators by Government, the squatters have been removed to another area, and otherwise compensated. Nearly two and a half lakhs of rupees were subscribed for the construction of the park and Government provides for its upkeep. The animal houses are the gifts of numerous gentlemen.

Yesterday the Park was dotted with gold covered Burmese pandals and there was a great gathering to view the opening ceremony. The hill sides overlooking the central pandal were covered with masses of brightly dressed people. Sir Harvey Adamson, Chairman of the Administration sketched the history of the Park and the Prince briefly replied as follows :

"Sir,—The Princess of Wales, and I desire to thank the people of Rangoon and of Burma generally for the kind words with which they have (through you) welcomed us here to-day. It is a great pleasure to us to join with them in the inauguration of this park, which is your memorial to our late beloved Queen. I congratulate you on the fitness of dedicating to her memory a place where the highest and lowest alike can breathe the fresh air and rejoice the eye in the beauties of nature. For Queen Victoria set great store by these gifts, and she always sought for rest from the fatigues of her busy and active life in the fresh air amidst all these country scenes and surroundings which she loved so well. And no less would she have rejoiced to think that in clearing the land for this place of public recreation insanitary buildings had been swept away, and the occupants given sites in new and healthy areas. I note with satisfaction that the principal donors comprise representatives of all varied races which constitute the population of Rangoon, and it is gratifying to know that those of our fellow-subjects in India, who have made for themselves homes in Burma, are ready to contribute from their wealth acquired in this country towards the beautifying of its capital. On the other hand I am glad to learn from the Chairman's speech that the scheme was favoured and supported by a very large number of persons of moderate means who have also contributed to the fund. I now have much pleasure in declaring the Victoria Memorial Park open, and the Princess, and I earnestly trust that it may prove a joy and blessing to the people of Burma for all time."

The Prince and Princess afterwards walked through the grounds first visiting the tiger house, and next entering a pandal erected by Burmese ladies, a great many of whom were gathered there. Some of the ladies chanted a song of welcome, accompanied by prostrations, body twisting and hand clapping. The famous white elephant of the Burmese King is housed in the gardens, and was seen by their Royal Highnesses, the animal solasming and going through a performance at the bidding of his keeper.

After attending service at the Cathedral this morning, their Royal Highness the Prince and Princess of Wales this afternoon visited the Shwe Dagon pagoda, the great golden shrine, shaped like a huge hand bell which covers eight of the hairs of Buddha. The pagoda is surrounded by masses of other temples and shrines amazingly rich in carving and gilding containing numeroue images of Buddha, before which candles burn and worshippers make votive offerings. Their Royal Highnesses were received by the temple trustees and there was a gathering of Burmese notabilities with their families as well as a number of Burmese monks and nuns, both classes of devotees wearing the yellow robe and having shaven heads. The Prince and Princess were shown all round the place which bewiders with its indescribable clusters of shrines approached by many steps and many columned arcades where numbers of people ply a profitable trade in canldes, cigars, flowers and other articles which devout Buddhists lay before the many images of Gautama. The place has also a military interest from having been attacked and stormed during the Anglo-Burmese war of 1852. Begun as a work of merit by two pious merchants the Shwe Dagon pagoda was excessively added to by others being completed by a Talaing Queen nearly hundred and forty years ago. The masses of shrines which have sprung up around out are the works of merit of numerous other wealthy Buddhists.

Among the many interesting thingss shown to their Royal Highnesses was a model of the tiger which two years ago found its way almost to the top of the great pagoda spire while it was being plated with sheets of beaten gold. The tiger greatly frightened remained on the pinnacle for some time and was eventually shot by Captain Jennings from the top of a neighbouring shrine while hundreds of people looked on from below.

To-morrow the Royal party visit the timber yards of Bombay-Burmah Trading Corporation to see the elephants working timber.

After a garden party in the afternoon their Royal Highnesses leave at night for Mandalay viewing the illumination of the Royal Lake and Dalhousie Park on the way to the station.

PREPARATIONS AT THE LAKES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 8.

Preparations which are being made at the Royal Lakes, and particularly on the lawn of the Boat Club under the direction of Mr. Short, Secretary of the Municipality, for the reception of their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, show that it is determined to make the occasion a thoroughly memorable one. Those who saw the illumination of the Lakes at the time of Lord Curzon's visit, both visitors and residents were agreed that excellent use had been made of the natural advantages of the site for display. But the scheme for the Royal visit is on a much larger scale. The number of lights alone is fully three times as great, and use has been made of the experience gained on the previous occasion to improve the present display in many ways. For example, it was found that many of the lights were blown out by the wind. The chance of that has been obviated by the adoption of a different-shaped lamp, large in size, which has been made to the Municipal Secretary's special design. The old lamps called phooka (blown), made in Calcutta, were fitted with wick and oil. The new ones, with raised neck under which wire may be bound, will contain night lights. They are thrice as expensive as the old, but it has rightly been decided that lamps which may blow out are of little use. There are 200,000 of these small lamps. An equal number of night-lights to fit them, besides 25,000 carriage candles for Chinese lanterns, have been made and presented by the Burma Oil Company. Lamps will be hung all round the contour of the lake, some nine or ten miles. Besides this large number of small lamps there are some 50,000 of other sorts, to be placed in every advantageous position. Two beautiful makes have been obtained from Japan, one in the form of lotus plant and flower, which will float on the water anchored to the bottom by means of a cord attached to a hook on the base; another in the shape of a chrysanthemum fitted on a spike to be stuck into the ground. There are also taller comet lamps in various colours. To hang the lamps round the lake and in other places there are twelve miles of telegraph wire and five miles of smaller wire: 50,000 nails of special design, with a hook at the end, to attach to trees and woodwork, 2,000 wire spikes for the ferneries, etc. and 2,000 yards of small chain for use in the 'lantern shamiana.' This last will be one of the most striking features in the illuminations. It is a shamiana, the complete walls and roof of which will be composed of lanterns, erected on the tree-encircled plateau on the Boat Club lawn. Here the Royal visitors will be received by the Boat Club on their disembarking from the "Karaweik poung." The foundation and framework of the poung are completed, made by the Royal Engineers under the supervision of Captain Kelsall, R. E. It floats on 192 casks lent by the Burma Oil Company. The poung is to convey the Royal party, with the Lieutenant-Governor and Staff Lady White and Miss White, Mr. and Mrs. Adamson, Mr. and Mrs. Hartnell, Mr. J. Wilson, Mr. J. Short, Oo Po Tsee and Oo Paw Tun from the pavilion to the Boat Club lawn, after a little tour on the lake. On the pavilion side their Royal Highnesses will walk round the hill past the steps presented by Oo Ohn Ghine, C.I.E., to the pavilion where Mrs. Adamson, on behalf of the Reception Committee will present the Princess with an album. The embarkation will be at the steps presented by Mr. Chin Tsong, and the disembarkation on the Boat Club side at the marble steps presented by Mr. Samuel Balthazar. The poung will be towed by seven racing canoes, each containing ten men, who will sing characteristic songs. These men are at present being trained in their duties.

It should be mentioned that the Pagoda is to come into the scheme of the illuminations. Bright light will be thrown from Barrack Hill, which lies between the Pagoda and the Lakes, on to the Pagoda itself. The installation of the light is the work of the Royal Engineers under Captain Kelsall.

We have already outlined the extensive scheme for illuminating the route from the Lakes to the Railway Station on the night of the Royal departure.

Finally, all the many boats of the Boat Club now been alloted by ballot to members who are busy planning schemes of illumsnation for their craft. Every boat must be illuminated but details have been left by the Committee to individual taste and fancy.

It is hazardous to prophesy before the event, but nothing that taste, forethought and hardwork can suggest is being left undone to make the illuminations far and away the most complete and the most beautiful that Rangoon has ever seen.

The album which the Reception Committee is presenting is an exceptionally handsome one, and has been made and illuminated at home. It is about eighteen inches by twelve, bound in levant morocco, and mounted in gold, with the Prince of Wales's crest also in gold. In the centre of the cover is a hand-painted enamel of a scene on the Lakes. The illuminated title page contains, the inscription of presentation, and water colour sketches. The album consists of 36 platino-types, most of them taken specially by the firm abovementioned, the mountings pearl grey illuminated in gold and red. It will be enclosed in a Burmese-carved teak casket.

COTTON VALUATIONS.

ANNUAL TARIFF REVISION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 13.

The following letter, dated 12th January, has been despatched by the Government of India to the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence :

In continuation of previous communications and in supersession of the Orders of December 12 1899, I am directed to say that the Government of India have now decided that the tariff values of cotton goods, fixed under section 7 of the Cotton Duties Act 1896, shall in future be revised annually in December of each year instead of as hitherto at intervals of six months. The Government of India reserve the right however to revise the tariff regulations at any period in the event of a material fluctuation occurring in the prices of cotton goods.

SURVEY OF INDIA DEPARTMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 12.

The report of Committee appointed to advise upon the reorganisation of the Survey of India Department, is now in type and will most probably be published next week.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 12.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Major C. Archer, on being relieved from the office of Revenue and Judicial Commissioner in Baluchistan, is posted as Political Agent, Sioner, in Quetta and Pissio.

Captain Scott-Moncrieff, Indian Medical Service, is appointed on return from leave to officiate as Agency Surgeon in Alwar.

Captain Kilkelly, Indian Medical Service, is posted as Agency Surgeon in Kota and Jhallawar.

Lieut. Birdwood, Political Assistant, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Political Resident, Persian Gulf.

Lieut. Yule, Indian Army probationer for Political Department, is appointed Political Assistant and posted as Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana.

Mr. Gabriel is appointed Under Secretary to the Government of India Foreign Department, sub. pro tem.

Mr. Holland is appointed to officiate as Political Agent, 4th Class, and posted as Assistant Secretary in the Foreign Department.

Captain Deas, Indian Medical Service, is posted as Residency Surgeon in Gwalior.

Major H. Burden, Indian Medical Service, is posted as Agency Surgeon in Bhopawar.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. A. O'Brien, Deputy Comptroller, Post Office, Nagpur, is granted leave on medical certificate for 6 months and the following arrangements are made in consequence :—Mr. H. Bhimasena Rau to be Deputy Comptroller, Post Office, Nagpur, and Mr. Anthony to be Assistant Comptroller, Post Office, Delhi.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. A. C. Gupta is posted as Assistant Accountant General, Madras, from the 2nd of January.

Mr. A. N. J. Harrison, Assistant Examiner of Accounts, attached to the office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Madras, is granted combined leave for 11 months, viz., from the 16th October last.

SIND HORSE SHOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI 13TH JANUARY.

The usual Horse Show at Jacobabad commenced on the 8th instant. It is open to exhibitors ftom all parts, except two classes. The prize distribution takes place to-morrow. The numbers of exhibits classified last year were about 1,300, and with dealers horses and remounts purchased they reached a total of nearly 2,000. The number of animals at the show this season does not, however, fall short of the average. It is premature to express a matured opinion regarding the merits of each class of stock, but the stamp of the animals generally seems well up to the average. As usual, the Beabuis of the Nari are expected to take off most of the prizes. Their magnificent brood mares, with which Lord Lamington expressed himself so struck last year, make it almost impossible for Sindi dealers to compete with these Trans-frontier breeders. A good many purchases are being made at fair rates. A number of visitors have arrived at Jacobabad for show, among whom are Mr. Younghusband, the Commissioner in Sind, Mrs Younghusband, Sir Edmund and Lady Cox, the Hn'ble Mr. Giles, and the Hon'ble Mr. Tucker, Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan.

LORD CURZON AND "REFORMS."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—There was a prevailing talk assidously given currency by the interested that Lord Curzon had overhauled, reorganized and put upon sound basis almost all of the Government departments. It is surely difficult, Sir, to reconcile this statement with the "remarkable note" made by Lord Curzon himself with reference to such an important and large subject as the Partition of Bengal. He bitterly complains of the darkness and ignorance in which he had been kept by his departments even in that weighty matter till it had been almost completely ready cooked, and then at last Lord Curzon was, to quote his Lordship's own words, "invited to register the concluding stage." If Government departments even under his very nose worked like this without caring for his advice or guidance, how could it be possible for him to have known and studied the working of the Government departments and then overhauled and reorganized them ? In view of this remarkable note the statement must be taken as incredible, unless the belauders show definite facts. Even a Viceroy is made to cry over "departmentalism," and feels so much that he is obliged to put it on record, and shows up the typical case "as an illustration of departmetalism." In answer to the question people sometimes ask: "What departmentalism is?" this one instance must, I think, suffice to indicate not only departmentalism and its powers, but also, at the same time, the ignorance in which Lord Curzon must have been kept by many of his departments "in respect of very many Indian questions and matters," on which his "departments" alone would or could enlighten him, especially in the presence of his Lordship's Gagging Act.—Yours, &c,

S. S.

January, 12th 1906.

THE IMPERIAL CUSTOMS SERVICE.

GOVERNMENT SCHEME PUBLISHED.

A COMPREHENSIVE PROGRAMME.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 13.

A Resolution is published giving details of the New Imperial Customs Service. It first deals with the reasons which have led to its formation. The New Imperial Customs Service will include the appointments of a Collector of Customs at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Rangoon, Karachi, and Chittagong, the Assistant Collectorships at these ports, and the ports of Superintendent of the Preventive Service at Calcutta and Bombay. It does not at present provide for the administration of Customs at minor ports, but arrangements will be made for securing a more efficient supervision over the subordinate officers stationed at these ports by inspections conducted by Members of the Imperial Service. Three probationers will also be attached to the Service in order to provide a sufficient margin for leave vacancies and to maintain a reserve of officers under training.

All these officers will be liable to transfer from port to port, and such transfers will be at reasonable intervals in order to assimilate, as far as possible, the Customs administration throughout India. The Service will be under the direct control of the Government of India, and all questions affecting the appointment, promotion, leave, transfer and punishment of officers will be dealt with by them.

NEW GRADES.

The re-grading of the service and its pay will be as follows : —One Collector, class I, pay Rs. 2,500 with allowance, two Collectors, class 2, pay Rs. 2,250 and an allowance of Rs. 250, two Collectors, class 3 and an allowance of Rs. 200, three Assistant Collectors, class 1 on Rs. 1,440, three in class 2 on Rs. 1,150, three in class 3 on Rs. 900; four in class 4 on Rs. 650, and four in class 5 on Rs. 450, and three probationers on Rs. 300.

The allowance mentioned above is admissible only to officers stationed in Calcutta, Bombay and Rangoon. The allowance for Assistant Collectors in these ports is Rs. 75, and no salaries carry exchange compensation.

Three of the Collectorships will be reserved for Members of the Indian Civil Service, and the remaining two appointments will ordinarily be held by other Members of the Customs Service, if suitable incumbents are forthcoming. Of Assistant Collectorships one appointment in each of the first three classes will be reserved for Members of the Indian Civil Service, as the Government of India consider that even if equally competent Officers could be recruited elsewhere, it would still be desirable to employ Members of Civil Service on Customs work in order that that service may continue to include a certain number of men, who have been brought into close official relations with the mercantile community. Collectors of Customs appointed from this Service will be permitted, subject to the approval of the Government of India, to revert to their own provinces at any time, but such permission will be withheld in cases, where it would cause too rapid a change in the Customs personnel.

PREFERENCE IN THE HIGHER POSTS.

Subject to this condition, permission to revert will be accorded in cases, where the experience acquired by an officer in the Imperial Service is likely to be of special assistance to the Local Government, under which he will serve on reversion and under an arrangement of this nature, Members of the Civil Service, who have acquired a technical knowledge of Customs procedure in the Imperial Service, will probably be regarded as best qualified for the more important revenue appointments which, under the law, involve the control of Customs within a province, such as those of Member of the Board of Revenue in Madras and Bengal, or Commissioner of Customs in Bombay. Members of the Civil Service of four or five years' standing will ordinarily be selected for the three reserved appointments of Assistant Collector, and they will be required to remain in the Department for at least four years. At the end of that time they will be permitted, if they should so wish, to revert to their own Provinces. Officers so trained, whether they have reverted for a time or not, will be eligible for subsequent appointment as Collector, and no officer will ordinarily be appointed Collector of Customs unless he has served as an Assistant.

MINOR POSTS.

The Assistant Collectors, other than Members of the Civil Service, will ordinarily be recruited in England in the same manner as officers of the enrolled list of the Finance Department. On arrival in India they will ordinarily be posted as probationers to Calcutta or Bombay, and after the expiry of a year, they will be required to undergo a Departmental examination in the Vernacular, in Customs work and in Law and procedure. On passing this examination they will be invested with certain minor powers, and, finally, if their work is approved, with full powers. The present Assistant Collectors, who do not belong to the Indian Civil Service will not be absolutely debarred from the prospect of promotion to the Imperial Customs Service but, having regard to the history and qualifications of the majority of officers now employed, the Government of India consider that such promotions should only be sanctioned in very exceptional cases and on the special recommendation of a Local Government in favour of individual officers serving under it.

Officers now in the Department will however retain all their existing rights, and they will receive promotion in their present grades on existing scales of pay.

It will be apparent that the scheme for the formation of the New Imperial Service can only be brought into effect as vacancies occur in the existing establishments. Government propose, however, to form the nucleus of the Imperial Service by filling up immediately the six appointments reserved for Members of the Indian Civil Service, and by appointing officers to certain of Assistant Collectorships for which suitable candidates, other than Civilians are forthcoming. Arrangements have also been made for the selection of two probationers. Local Governments have been addressed on this subject, and they have been asked to nominate Officers of the Civil Service for the reserved appointments which will, for the present, be four Collectorships, at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and Rangoon, and Assistant Collectorships at Calcutta and Bombay. Separate arrangements are also being made for the performance of the miscellaneous duties other than purely Customs work, which are at present undertaken by the Collector of Customs at Madras, and by the Collector of Customs at Bombay aided by his two Civilian Assistants.

BABY'S TERRIBLE FACE HUMOUR

Would Scratch and Tear Away the Flesh—Neighbours Called it Worse Case Ever Seen—Grew Worse Under Doctors—Suffering Terrible.

CURED BY ONE SET OF CUTICURA REMEDIES

"My baby's face was a mass of sores. The doctor called it eczema, but his treatment did no good, as the child was getting worse, the disease eating the flesh away from his nose, and spreading to his body. Neighbours said it was the worst case they had ever seen. His suffering was terrible, and he would scratch and tear away the flesh. We then used the Cuticura Remedies, one set curing him completely, and healing his face without scar or blemish.—Wm. Cridland, 35 Winchester St., Pentonville Rd., N. London, Eng."

BABY QUIRK'S CURE

Of Torturing, Raw, and Scaly Eczema By Cuticura

"My baby was afflicted with a loathsome running eczema. Two doctors treated him for three months, but he grew worse and his face was a sickening sight. We then started to use Cuticura, and noticed an improvement at once. In a fortnight the running had ceased, the scabs nearly all dried off, and in a month his face was perfectly clear.—W. H. Quirk, No. 1 West End Cottages, Ruywood Road, N. Southampton."

CUTICURA A BLESSING

To Skin-Tortured Babies

The suffering which Cuticura Soap and Ointment have alleviated among the young, and the comfort they have afforded worn-out and worried parents, have led to their adoption in countless homes as priceless curatives for birth humours, milk crust, scalled head, eczemas, rashes, and every form of itching, scaly, pimply skin, and scalp humours, with loss of hair, of infancy and age.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, U.S.A., Sole Props. Mailed free, "How to Care for Baby's Skin, Scalp, and Hair."

B.G.

"APENTA"

THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER.

A SPECIFIC

for the certain relief of HABITUAL and OBSTINATE CONSTIPATION, and in DISORDERS of the LIVER and BILIOUS ATTACKS.

ORDINARY DOSE.—A Wineglassful before Breakfast.

Strength after illness can be built up rapidly with LEMCO.

It gives tone, energy and vitality.

The most concentrated form of beef-goodness, every particle of food value.

LEMCO

The only genuine Liebig Company's Extract.

MINERAL WATERS

TRADE REQUISITES

LARGE STOCK of Codd's patent glass ball Bottles, Soluble Fruit Essences Oils and Colourings from well known English manufacturers. Sulphuric Acid and other acids

REFINED

SACCHARIN

and every article connected with Ærated water factory ; also machinery with their parts can be had at moderate price from

URRIMBHOY JALLALBHOY & Co.,
General Merchants and Commission Agents
No. 104, Bhoosari Moholla, BOMBAY.

A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY

SURGERY SUPERSEDED! NO OPERATION

SURGERY CAN ONLY GIVE TEMPORARY RELIEF TO THE FOLLOWING DISEASES :—

THEY CAN BE RADICALLY CURED BY THE UNFAILING MEDICINES DESCRIBED BELOW :—

HYDROCELE, Hernia, Elephantiasis, and all rectum and scrotum diseases are cured by an infallible, harmless remedy of 85 vegetable drugs and 105 vegetable oils. Patients are requested to see me before undergoing operation, for a permanent cure. Pills and Oil for 20 days, Rs. 13-8.

ALL NASAL COMPLAINTS—watery, blood or pus discharges, scales or flesh globules in the nose obstructing breathing, are perfectly cured by an effective smelling powder. For 15 days, Rs. 4-8.

BLEEDING AND BLIND PILES,—Fistula, Fissure of the Anus, and all inflamatory complaints of the rectum causing much irritation, and pain are thoroughly cured by my Ointment and Pills for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

CALCULUS, difficulty of urine and KIDNEY COMPLAINTS are cured without surgery. For 15 days Rs. 6-8.

EPILEPSY, HEMICRANIA, habitual Headache, Dropsy, after effects mercury and other mineral poisons, cutaneous eruption. For 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

FATTY OR WINDY BODY, the undue increase of the belly and abdomen, the waist, loin, etc., can be easily cured, with a reduction of 3 to 5 inches after 20 days' application of my oil. Also rheumatism, gout, paralysis are cured by my oil and pills. The effect of cure is experienced after 15 days' treatment. Oil for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

LEPROSY—black and white bad BLOOD, satisfactorily cured by my pills and Ointment. For 20 days, Rs. 6-8.

SYPHILIS, GONORRHŒA and all sorts of VENEREAL DISEASES are radically cured. Pills and Ointment for 15 days, Rs. 4-8.

ELEPHANTIASIS and similar inflammation of legs and hands causing pain, and irritation cured thoroughly by the Oil and Pills. For 20 days, Rs. 5-8.

ASTHMA, COUGH, CONSUMPTION, Hooping Cough, Throat Irritation, Blood Phlegm, Lung diseases, Bronchitis are cured by a month's treatment. For 15 days, Rs. 5-12.

IMPOTENCY, SPERMATORRHŒA, LOSS OF NERVE POWER SEMINAL DISCHARGE, are permanently cured. GREAT RETENTIVE POWER and perfect MANHOOD restored. Pills or oil (as the case may be). For 15 days, Rs. 6-8.

MENSTRUAL TROUBLE, Amenorrhœa, Dysmenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa, Sterility, Prolapsus Uteri, Threatened Miscarriage, Tumour and other obstinate Uterine Diseases are speedily permanently cured. Pills for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.

DIABETES—Insipidus and Mellitus are thoroughly cured by harmless vegetable pills. For 20 days Rs 6-8.

ALL BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, heartburn sour, bitter, sweet taste, headache, and loss of appetite are easily cured. Pills for 20 days, Rs. 4-8.

OPHTHALMIA—Obstinate eye diseases, redness, watery or pus discharges, soreness, CATARACT, burning, pain, short sight, night blindness, relieved by harmless applications which neither burn nor produce any inconvenience to patients. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, sudden and periodical COLIC PAINS cured by unfailing remedies surpassing all others. For 15 days, Rs. 4-8.

MOUTH DISEASES, TOOTH-ACHE and gum swellings with maddening pains, are all very successfully treated. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

TYPHOID Fever, BRAIN, REMITTENT, MALARIAL and INTERMITENT Fevers and AGUE can be positively cured long before its duration by only one phial of pills. Price Rs. 4-8 per phial, for 15 days' medicine.

All my medicines, ointments, pills, powders and oils are prepared out of vegetable drugs only.

Besides the above I have medicines for numerous other chronic diseases not named above always in stock.

Up-country orders are promptly sent by V.P.P. Please state clearly age and term of disease.

DR. BALKRISHNA N. JOSHI, of Benares,.
Tardeo Bridge, near Tram Terminus,
Motiwalla's Chawl, Ground Floor, TARDEO, Bombay

Mosquito bites,

and the attacks of other insects can be easily prevented by the use of

CALVERT'S

20 per cent.

CARBOLIC SOAP.

It contains 20% Crystal Carbolic, and so is powerfully antiseptic, giving too a pleasant freshness to the skin, so much appreciated in hot climates.

Calvert's Disinfecting Powder

(15% Carbolic)

offers a safe and simple method of destroying bad odours, and keeping fevers and other infectious diseases away. Ants, other insects and reptiles avoid places where this powder is freely used.

F. C. CALVERT & Co., Manchester, England.

SAVARESSE'S SANDAL CAPSULES

Efficacious because absolutely pure English Oil. Not made of Gelatine.

Full Directions. All Chemists.

Insist on Savaresse's.

Consumption Can be Cured.

Derk P. Yonkerman, Specialist, whose discovery of a Cure for Consumption has startled the World.

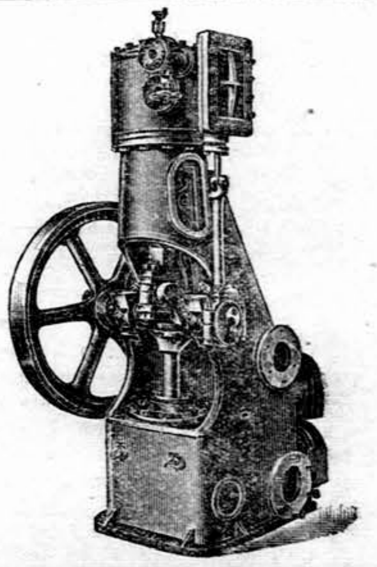
Marvellous as it may seem after the centuries of failure, a cure for consumption has at last been found. After twenty years of almost ceaseless research and experiment in his laboratory, the now renowned specialist, Derk P. Yonkerman, has discovered a specific which has cured the deadly Consumption even in its far advanced stages. In many cases, though all other remedies tried had failed and changes of climate were unable to check the progress of the disease, this wonderful specific has conclusively proved its power to cure.

Whatever your position in life may be, if you are in consumption, or suffer from asthma, bronchitis, catarrh, or any throat or lung trouble, this cure is within your reach, for it is a home treatment and need not interfere in any way with your daily occupation. Prove for yourself its healing power

ABSOLUTELY FREE.

Simply send your name and address to the Derk P. Yonkerman Co., Ltd., Dept 1056, Bouverie St., London, E.C., England, and they will mail to you a free trial treatment of this remarkable remedy.

Don't hesitate or delay if you have any of the symptoms of consumption. If you have chronic catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, pains in your chest, a cold on your lungs, or any throat or lung trouble, write to-day for the free trial treatment and full instructions, and cure yourself before it is too late.



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CROWN BUILDINGS,
Old Broad Street, London, E.C.
Telegraphic Address: "Pumperling, London."
Codes: Bedford McNiell's and A B C (5th Edition).

AGENTS REQUIRED WHERE NOT REPRESENTED.

SAML. BOOTH & Co.,
CHEAPSIDE WORKS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.

MAKERS OF ALL KINDS OF

GAS & WATER FITTINGS.

CATALOGUES SENT ON APPLICATION.

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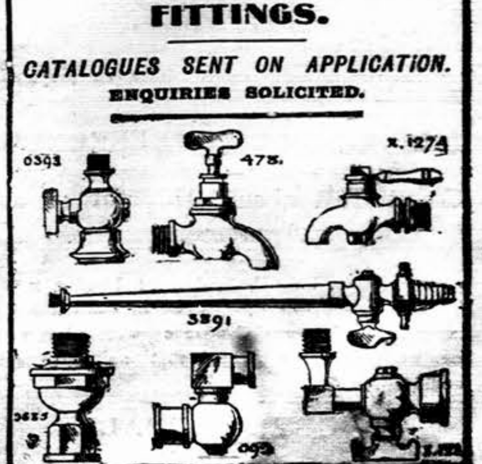

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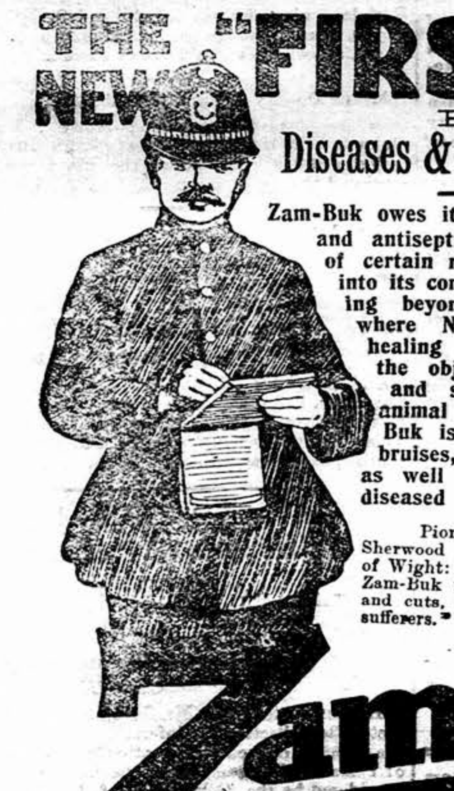
WILL FORMS of D[illegible] KINDS

THE NEW "FIRST AID" FOR ALL Diseases & Injuries of the Skin.



Zam-Buk owes its success as a healing, soothing and antiseptic balm to the refined essences of certain rare medicinal plants that enter into its composition—the rare plants growing beyond the borders of civilisation where Nature has stored her greatest healing forces. Zam-Buk is free from the objections to ordinary ointments, and salves, which contain rancid animal fat and mineral poisons. Zam-Buk is superior for all kinds of cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, sprains, scratches, as well as for eczema, piles, and all diseased conditions of the skin.

Pioneer 6779 C. Stapleton, H Company, Sherwood Foresters, writes from Parkhurst, Isle of Wight: "Am glad to say that I have found Zam-Buk most satisfactory for sprains, stiffness and cuts, and I strongly recommend it to all sufferers."

Zam-Buk

Price: Re. 1 per box of all chemists and medicine vendors. Post paid and packed free for Rs. 1 As. 8 from the Zam-Buk Co., 30, Strand Road, Calcutta.

15-1-06

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

The Cotton Position and "Straddlers."

SPECULATION IN NEW YORK.

CRYSTAL PALACE, AND THE BEIRA RAILWAY.

LONDON, DEC. 29.

AN American spinner who is disgusted with the prejudiced reports upon the cotton crop which come from interested people in the South has published a letter to suggest that the New England spinners should secure a press agent of their own, to supply the information as to the condition of manufacturers stocks of cotton and their wants for the balance of this season. The simpler plan would be for the American spinners to join the International Federation and make use of the information that will be supplied to members annually. But the International Federation tries to get at the truth, and this might not entirely satisfy our friend. His proposed agent should be able to "compete fairly well in ability to represent or misrepresent the conditions existing with manufacturers," or, in other words, he must be able to lie judiciously for the advantage of his side. We are not quite sure about the proportions of cynicism and irony in this remarkable suggestion, but it has the air of having been made seriously.

A Liverpool corrrespondent writes :—The consuming world is puzzled at the manifestations of strength in the American cotton market, and cannot solve the enigma of famine prices and no apparent danger of exhaustion of supplies. It is not so well known outside the future markets of Liverpool, New York, and New Orleans that a huge and intricate system of arbitrage business is the normal condition—a system of purchasing and holding contracts in the apparently cheapest market against sales in the dearer until such a time as the apparent discrepancies of relative prices adjust themselves, when the reverse operations are entered into and a small or good profit results. As cotton is purchased in the South in America, for Liverpool, a hedge is sold in Liverpool by the merchant—which is a means of holding the cotton free from the risks of loss by any fall in prices. If at the moment prices are relatively dear for futures in New York, what is called a 'straddler' purchases this hedge, and sells a corresponding contract in New York. If prices in New Orleans are higher than in New York, the New York purchaser in turn sell this hedge in New Orleans; thus the Liverpool cotton ultimately finds its way to New Orleans, and until that market adjusts itself to the prices of New York and Liverpool this hedge cannot be bought in without loss—a loss the actual cotton against which it is sold must bear."

"What becomes of the hedge when it reaches New Orleans?" continues the correspondent. "All over the South there has been an active propaganda of 'high-price' literature; and out of the millions of those who inhabit the Southern States, now one, now another, thinks it worth while to purchase a contract in New Orleans, and the Liverpool hedge ultimately finds its way to a speculator and is held by him; and until he thinks in time to sell it is like a repetition of the 'House that Jack built.' This, of course, is a single illustration, but it will serve to show what is going on and has been going for months past. All kinds of variation occur between Liverpool and the Southern speculator, but in the main the foundation of the present level of prices is upon the Southern speculator. It is for him all literature is prepared in reality, although ostensibly for the planter; it is to him the wild statements as to consumption are addressed, for as a class he is uninstructed, and one figure is as good as another—he having no means of checking its correctness or judging of its probability."

We have received the new edition of Colonel Alfred B. Shepperson's "Cotton Facts," which contains the usual and very valuable statistics compiled from official or trustworthy sources. To the previous volume Colonel Shepperson added an article on the sources of cotton supply which provoked some comment, and this time he writes about "The Crop-reporting Methods of the United States Department of Agriculture." As these mothods are now in course of investigation by the Government, it is unnecessary to say much about them here, but it seems that Colonel Shepperson has a very poor opinion of them, and "nothing short of the most radical changes could now gain the confidence of the public." There are not, of course, any considerable changes in the presentation of the statistical matter of this handbook, as much of its value depends on its being available in the forms to which we are accustomed. Most of the tables are brought up to the end of the seasson 1904-5, and it is perhaps a question whether the inclusion of condition and ginning reports, &c., of a later date compensate for the delay in publication which they must entail. We are grateful for the volume, however, at any time.

A Home contemporary has received a letter from "A Manchester Trader" which strongly urges spinners and others to refrain from buying cotton at the present prices. He says :—The big consuming markets of the world, notably India and China, hold exceedingly large stocks of cotton goods bought on a very low basis, averaging about 4d. per lb. for cotton, and now absolutely decline to increase their stock until next season unless the price of cotton resumes a normal basis. This ominous declaration from Eastern lands on the one hand, backed up by merchants and spinners throughout the universe, and the crop of closely approaching 11,000,000 bales of cotton, which together with last year's surplus will indisputably total 13,000,000 bales for consumption on the other hand, will most assuredly stop the mad onrush of bullish fervour, and force them to seek a way of escape at the earliest possible opportunity. As a matter of fact it is known the leading 'bulls have already made attempts to unload on an unsuspecting public, but their efforts thus far have proved futile. Perhaps our correspondent has rather overstated his case. Confining our attention to this world, as we have no trustwothy statistics about the rest of the universe, it may be said that 4d. per lb. is too low for the average basis of stocks in India and China; that so far from the Indian markets absolutely declining to increase their stocks, there is a fairly good inquiry from several of them, and indications that stocks in some kinds are by no means excessive, and that while most of us hope for a crop of 11,000,000 bales or so, there is no positive evidence of it yet. We should agree with our correspondent that this is no time—if ever there be a time—for spinners or manufacturers to go long in cotton; but if they have profitable orders offered, they would surely do well to accept them and cover in the ordinary way of business.

In a recent circular from Messrs. Henry Clews and Co., of New York, the firm comment on the feverish activity of the stock market, which later telegraphic advices have emphasised. "The speculative spirit," they say, "is rising irresistibly, and this in spite of restraints imposed by conservative banking interests, and without any regard to conditions in the money market." Much of the speculation is attributed to the knowledge that the steel and kindred industries have been making unusual profits, and this acts as a stimulus to general speculation. "Almost every stock of consequence now has one or more pools devoting themselves entirely to the upward manipulation of their particular stocks, and later news indicates that these pools have had plenty of work to do. One of the dangers of the position is indicated by Messrs. Clews when they say that "stocks are steadily passing from strong into weaker hands, and insiders are likely to increase their sales in proportion as the market advances." But "the greatest immediate dangers are temporary stringency in the money market incidental to heavy January disbursements, and the risk of collapse in Russian credit." The extraodinary activity of business is shown by records of clearings in the United States, which for the expired eleven months are 30 per cent. ahead of the corresponding period last year. The increase is well distributed over the entire country.

The directors of the Crystal Palace report that the gross receipts of the half year amount to £83,677, and the gross expenditure to £55,197, leaving the credit balance of £8,480. This compares with a credit balance of £9,522 in the corresponding half of last year. The number of visitors in the half year, including season ticket-holders, was 1,086,611, compared with 1,252,052 in the corresponding period of last year, but the money taken for admission shows a slight increase. This result the directors consider satisfactory, as it has been obtained without the aid of the show of the Society of Motar Manufacturers and Traders, which, in the corresponding half year added materially to the profit. The Motor Show organised this year by the Company, though small in comparison with its predecessors owing to the lack of the Society's support, was nevertheless successful and profitable. The Colonial and Indian Exhibition, which was held during the summer months, proved of great interest to the public. The Hound Show promises to become an important fixture o South country sportsmen. The Somali village and collection of wild animals, ostricues, &c., which Mr. Carl Hagenbeck, of Hamburg, installed in the grounds during the summer months was visited by over 175,000 persons. The rearrangement of the contract for electric supply has engaged the serious attention of the directors, and they have arranged terms which they expect will result in a saving.

The tramways connecting the Penge district with the Croydon system are now constructed, and by the end of April,, 1906 a connection will, it is understood, be madeto the Penge entrance of the Crystal Palace, and another up Anerley Hill to the Crystal Palace Parade, giving thereby increased facility of access to a large number of residents in Croydon, and surrounding districts. The number of students at present enrolled in the Engineering School exceeds all previous records. The directors have for some months had under consideration the provision of additional capital, and with the approval and assistance of many of the largest shareholders, they have prepared a scheme which will be explained at the meeting, under which a preference issue of £500,000 is proposed to be made, accompanied by a consolidation and reduction of the existing preference and preferred ordinary shares. Nearly the whole of the proposed new issue of £50,000 has been conditionally guaranteed, and the holders of a majority of the total share capital have signified their consent to the proposals.

MURDER OF A WIFE.

AT the High Court, Appellate Side, on Thursday, the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston disposed of an appeal preferred by Bhewa Aba Parit, a washerman, who, with Santu Tukaram Parit, a labourer, was convicted by Mr. A. Lucas, Sessions Judge of Satara, of committing the murder of Santu's wife Krishni, in Kodoli Taluka, on 23rd September last, and sentenced to transportation for life. Santu, who had pleaded guilty, was sentenced to a similar penalty. Dissatisfied with the Sessions Judge's decision, Bhewa, who appealed. The facts as found from the evidence appeared to be that the women Krishni was unchaste; fond of bedecking herself with ornaments, and going from place to to place thus adorned; she also associated herself with persons of low caste, such as Mahars and Mangs. When remonstrated with by Bhewa at the instance of her husband, Santu, she retorted to him, that "she had no girl to give in marriage to him; nor had he any girl to give in marriage to her son." Enraged by this retort, Bhewa told her to do as she liked and left. Subsequently, her dead body was discovered in a well. She had been suffocated and killed thrown into the well, and her ornaments sold. In order to save Bhewa, his friend, Santu had taken the whole burden of the crime upon himself. Their lordships dismissed the appeal, and confirmed the conviction and sentence. Santu's appeal had been previously dismissed, summarily.

BOMBAY "SLAVES" AND STANDARD TIME.

In an article under the above heading, the "Indu Prakash" says: On Friday last, the 'Slaves' of one of the largest Mills in Bombay, we mean the Jacob Sassoon Mill gave a very convincing proof of their serfdom by compelling their masters to set back the hands of all the clocks of the mill according to Bombay time. From early morn as the operatives began to arrive, they were informed of the change made in the usual time and of the clocks being set 39 minutes in advance. When a large number of them had collected, they thought over the matter among themselves for some time, resolved not to recognise the altered time, and then all in a body they went out of the premises, where they assembled in a crowd to the numbe of about 5 thousand. They were very orderly, and excepting a large electric lamp that was burning at the gate being smashed to pieces, their protest did not assume any violent from. To return to the Standard time we fined that the native town has not recognised it. What is more remarkable is that event the clocks in some of the Government buildings in the native town—o with they Pydohwni Police Station—continue to show the old time. Under these circumstances we fear history may repeat itself, and as on a former occasion, the Government of Bombay may deem it expedient eo resort to the old conditions. We will not be surprised in the least if in defrence to the strong if not as intelligent opposition of the saives working in the Bombay mills, the Rajabai Tower clock also reverts to its old ways.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. E. FEBRERS NICHOLSON, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, January 15.

46 Detail—To-day Monday the 15th instant—Lecture for al N-C Officers at Head-Quarters at 5 p m.

47 Musketry—The Rifle Ranges at Santa Cruz will be the disposal of C O Companies as follows :—

To morrow Tuesday the 16th and Wednesday the 17th inst—"A" Company.

To-morrow Tuesday the 16th inst—"C" Company.

48 Enrolments—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "D" Coy :—No 3781 Vol B Bowers and No 6782 Vol W Kirkwood.

49 Casualty—The Commanding Officer exceedingly regrets to have to record the death in England on the 26th of December last, of Captain (Honorary Major) R G Snell who was a most enthusiastic Volunteer, a zealous, painstaking and efficient Officer in the Corps.

By Order,
G. D. PRICE, Captain,
Adjutant B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS, BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, January 15.

DUTIES.

Orderly Sergeants for the week :—

No 1 Coy—Sergt G W Murray next for duty Sergt H E Bryning

No 2 Coy—Corpl H Royal next for duty Sergt T S Dawson.

DRILLS.

The following drills will take place this week :—

No 1 Coy—6" B L C gun drill at Mahaluxmi on Tuesday the 16th instant parade at Grant Road Station at 9-30 p m (S T)

10" R M L gun drill on Thursday the 18th inst at 8-45 p m in the Town Hall Compound.

No 2 Coy—6" B L C gun drill at Mahaluximi on Tuesday the 16th inst parade at the Fort at 9-30 p m (S T)

10" R M L gun drill on Thursday the 18th inst at 9-15 p m at Nesbit Road Head-Quarters.

PRACTICE.

The Corps will parade on Saturday the 20th inst at the B V A Club Apollo Bunder at 4 30 p m (S T) and proceed to Colaba North Fort to carry out practice with the 10" R M L

DRESS.

Officers—Khaki and Caps.

N-C Officers and men—Khaki F S Caps, Putties and belts not to be worn.

E E COY.

The E E Coy will parade at 6-30 p m on Saturday the 20th instant and proceed to Middle Ground for the annual technical inspection of the Inspector of Submarine Defences in India All members must and win out.

ARMS.

All Carbines are to be returned to Head Quarters at once.

A Stiffe, Capt R A
Adjut B V A

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately It is harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It sooths the child, softens the gums, allays pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

BOMBAY EXTRA MEETING.

FIFTH DAY.

A LARGE and picturesque gathering of ladies and gentlemen assembled at the Mahaluxmi Race-Course on Saturday last when some very interesting events were run off. The weather was pleasant and the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, was in attendance In spite of the absence of many well-known turfites, the punting brigade mustered strong, several punters having returned from Calcutta sadder but not wiser. The knights of the pencil were also equal to the occasion, and though not liberal were not stingy and at times laid not unreasonable odds. Who had the better of the exchanges, it is difficult to say, for while booties swore they lost, the punters cried they did not win. Whatever the truth, there is no doubt the day was not such a bad one for the backers and we presume some of the "cognoscenti" must have made a wack.

There were in all seven races, six for the Arabs and one for the Walers Horses, the two races for the new Arabs being split up into four. In the first race Scimitar, on his previous performance went out a strong favourite, but Ali bin Talib's stable had a strong rival in Gold Belt who ran for the first time and was also fairly well supported by his connections. The latter won in a common canter, his rider C. B. who is usually fond of a waiting game and cannot be relied upon too much on a spriat half a mile race, holding Scimitar safe all along from the straight. In his own class Gold Belt is sure to prove himself formidable hereafter. In the Second race favouritism was divided between Toman and Multiform when towards the end the former was installed a hot favourite at even money while threes could be had on Multiform who was also backed by his owners and others who bore evidence to his easy victory on the previous Saturday. It was rumoured that Toman, ought to have beaten Multiform easy on the last occasion and hence much money flowed in the direction of the former. The result of the race proved that Multiform is really superior to Toman and he will doubtless shew himself to advantage later. Nowar who ran third, was not neglected and it appears it will not be long before he gives account of himself.

For the Small Consolation Plate, Jamrood opened out a warm favourite, but later Sher Ali was given out as the tip of the race and being well backed by his sporting owners, his price contracted from threes to evens, till eventually he started on odds a favourite, but a big surprise was in store for the luckless backers, for the winner turned out to be the despised Nadim, cleverly piloted by little Taylor.

In the next race, which was the fourth one, only six faced the barrier and the redoubtable Freelance, Taylor up, commanded most attention, the others who received support being Victory and Fitzeros while the Earl was nibbled at by a few. As expected the favourite with the heavy impost of 9st. 12lbs. romped in, an easy winner, and the manner in which Taylor made the rush at the last moment shews he had fully 10lbs. up his sleeve. This is the fourth consecutive win of Freelance who has done a good turn to his admirers and consistent supporters and his performances resumed as of the late Beadsman who was in inivicible in his day and in his class.

For the Veterans' Plate, Panala and Chiragh were equal favourites at the commencement and the tussle really lay between both, but news spread like wildfire that Skylark had given a wonderful gallop and he would make backs of his company. On the strength of this information, there was a tremendous rush on this otherwise excellent animal with the result that the steadier of 9 st. 10 lbs. told on him and he finished third, the erratic Panala II defeating Chiragh easily. Panala's win shews that it is dangerous to place implicit confidence on a good animal before it has gone two or three gallops in company.

The Second Strangers' Plate proved a cake walk for Forath who won in the easiest of fashions, R.R.S., Thunderbolt, in spite of his reported fast gallop, being an indifferent second. In Forath may be found the likely winner of the Second Dealers' Plate in the big meeting. The second Hopeful Plate was arranged by Creditor who ran away, with the race, all Saglawi's efforts to catch the leader proving of no avail. The latter was a hot favourite and was beaten on his merits. His downfall gave a nasty knock on the punters who ended rather badly.

The meeting did not, however, close without a little sensation. It appears a gang of undesirables and pick-pockets are "habitues" of the Race Course and several who found themselves relieved of the contents of their pockets, did not realise the situation until on last Saturday one of these ruffians made a bold dash in Messrs. Beattie Brothers' Cashier's bag with the intent of making away with currency notes therefrom. In the attempt to ward off the attack, one of the younger Beattie Bros. received a severe blow on the face. The matter was at once placed in the hands of the police and there wae quite a commotion on the Course. Details of the Race :—

The First Hopeful Plate.—Winner, Rs. 200; second, Rs. 100; third, Rs. 50. For Arabs 13-3 and under landed since 1st July, 1905. 13-3 to carry 9st. W. I. Penalties.—Winner, race value Rs. 150 or over once, 4lbs.; twice, 7lbs; oftener, 10lbs. Distance—1-2 mile.

Mr Ali bin Talib's ch a h Gold Belt 9 2 ... C B Mahomed 1
Mr Salim Abdool Rehman's b a h Scimitar, 7-10 Herroo 2
Mr Sulleman Mahalla's ch a h Stamboul 7-10 J Taylor 3
Captain Bayford's g a h Sir Lawrence 8-8..Jakoo 4

Also ran; Florizel 8-8, Vanitas 8-5, Bourbon 8-2 Ystana 7-10.

Betting.—Evens Scimitar, 3 to 1 against Gold Belt, 4 to 1 Stamboul, 5 to 1 Bourbon rest tens and longer odds.

Scimitar led clear at the three furlongs followed; by Stamboul, Gold Belt being handy. At the bend Gold Belt showed up and was level with the leader at the distance. He won in a common canter by a length and three quarters. Stamboul, a length and a quarter behind the favourite. Time.—53 4-5 secs.

The First Stranger's Plate.—Winner, Rs. 200 second Rs. 100; third Rs. 50. For Arabs landed since 1st July, 1905. W. A. reduced 3lbs. Penalties—Winner, race value Rs. 150 or over; once, 4lbs twice, 7lbs. oftener, 12lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 5lb. Distance—5 furlongs.

Mr R R S' g a h Multiform 8-1..........Robertson 1
Messrs S A Wahed and Aga Mirza Ahmed's ch a h ch a h Toman od 7-9..............J Taylor 2
Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Nowar 8 3..............C B Mahomed 3
Mr Ebrahim Mana's b a h Durvan 6-0 ...Dhondi 4

Also ran: Burhan 8-3, Wadi 8-1, Sadio 14-9, and Mariner 13-3 3-4.

Betting:—Evens Toman 2 to 1 against Multiform 3 to 1 Nowar, 6 to 1 Wadi, tens and longer odds the rest.

Wadi took the lead Nowar following. At the three furlongs Toman came up with Multiform at his girths. Round the bend Multiform on the outside came level with Toman on the rails beating latter easily by a length and three-quarters, Nowar two lengths and a half behind Time.—1min 10secs.

The Small Consolation Plate.—Winner Rs. 200; second, Rs. 100 third Rs 50 For Arabs, 13-3 and under which have not won flat race value Rs. 150 or over 13-3 to carry 8st. 12lbs. W. I. Distance—5 furlongs.

Messrs A Gany S Mahomed and A A Saif's g a h Nadim 7-8..............J Taylor 1
Mr R R S' ch a h Sher Ali 8-12..........Robertson 2
Mr Shaik Sulleman's g a h Secretary 8-12.Nama 3
Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Jamrood 8-12..............C B Mahomed 4

Also ran: Ranjit 8-12, Salawar 8-12, Khoozam 8-3, and Zinfandel.

Betting:—5 to 4 against Sher Ali, 6 to 4 Jamrood, 4 to 1 Ranjit, rest tens and longer odds.

Nadim led out closely attended by Sher Ali. At the bend the latter took command and appeared to be the winner. Nadim came up again easy on the outside and won by three-quarters of a length half a length between the next two Time:—1min. 10secs.

The January Plate—Winner Rs. 500; second, Rs. 200; third Rs. 100; A High Weight Handicap for Horses which have not won flat race value Rs. 1,500 or over since 31st March, 1903. Distance—6 furlongs.

Messrs M Gouuldass and A Nanjee's b aus g Freelance 9-8..............J. Taylor 1
Mr C W Lyon's br aus g The Earl 7-7 ......Heeroo 2
Mr Maxwell's ch aus g Fitzeros 6-12 ......Eteel 3
Mr R J Hunter's ch aus g Victory 7-11...Coomber 4

Also ran: Gambooda 8-7, and Overtrue

Betting.—2 to 1 against Freelance, 3 to 1 Fitzeros and Victory, 5 to 1. The Earl, 6 to 1 Gambooda, 8 to 1 Overture.

Victory led the field at a strong pace. The Earl being on his heels. Fitzeros and Free Lance were next and closed gradually at the bend Victory falling back. Down the straight The Earl was leading very easily and seemed to have the race at his mercy when Freelance from some three lengths behind crawled up and made a tremendous rush-winning the race by a quarter length, half between The Earl and Fitzeros who was going strong at the finish. Time.—1 min. 17 4-5 secs.

The Veterans' Plate. Winner, Rs. 500; second, Rs. 200, third Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs, 14 hands and under. Distance—1 mile.

Mr A M Bushari's b a h Panala II, 8-0 ...Oomerkhan 1
Mr J Jacob's b a h Chiragh, 7-3..............Dhondi 2
Mr S A Wahed's g a h Skylark, 9-10...Robertson 3
Mr A R Dakeel's g a h Murshid, 6-7 ......Native 4

Also: Karadev, 8-2.

Betting.—2 to 1 Chirag, 5 to 4 Panala, 3 to 1 Skykark, 8 to 1 the others.

Murshid led Panala to the four furlongs where he fell back and Chirag took his place. Up the straight Panala took the lead and holding Chiragh safe won by a length, 3-4 length between second and third. Time 1min. 54secs.

The Second Strangers' Plate.—Winner, Rs. 200; second; Rs. 100; third Rs. 50. For Arabs landed since 1st July, 1905, W. A. reduced 3lbs. Penalties—Winner, race value Rs. 150 or over, once, 4lbs. twice, 7lbs.; oftener, 12lbs. Allowance—Ponies, 14 hands and under, 5lbs. Distance—5 furlongs.

Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Forath 8-3 ....C B Mahomed 1
Mr R R S' g a h Thunderbolt 7-13 od 8-2 Robertson 2
Mr Abdool Karrim Dakhiol's g a h Moltke 8-6 Heeroo 3
Mr Abdool Karrim b a h Scarlet 6-5 od 6-7 Native 4

Also ran: Unzan 8-8, Daoolat 7-13 and Lagit 7-13.

Betting—6 to 4 on Forath, 3 to 1 against Thunderbolt, 8 to 1 Moltke long odds the rest.

Thunderboat was left and Forath and Lagit, took up the running at the bend Moltke was going well and all rounded the bend together. Forath carried too many guns and in spite of great efforts of Thunderbolt and Moltke Forath won hard held by a length and a quarter with Moltke half a length behind Thunderbolt. Time:—1min 11 1-5 secs.

The second Hopeful Plate—Winner, Rs. 200; second Rs. 100 third Rs. 50. For Arabs 13-3 and under, landed since 1st July, 1905. 13-3 to carry 9st W I Penalties—Winner. race Rs. 150, or over: once, 4lbs twice, 7lbs: oftener, 10lbs. Distance—1-2 mile.

Mr Alex A Essayle's b a h Creditor 6-1 ...Heeroo 1
Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Saglawi 7-10..............C B Mahomed 2
Mr Yussuff Yenasee's b a h Mudiool 8-2 Native 3
Mr Abdool Ajavie's g a h Shanwar 7-13...Native 4

Also ran—Africa 8-8, Greenlawn 8-5, Moon Flower 8-2 Muzeade 7-7 and Sahara 7-1

Betting—Evans Saglawi, 5 2 to against Creditor 6 to 1 Mudlool 8 to 1 Muzeade, longer odds the rest.

Creditor led from start to finish and won easily followed by Saglawi, by four lengths from the latter 2 1-2 lengths between second and third at the bend when Shanwar came strong on the outside. The two first however left the field and Creditor won very comfortably by four lengths. Saglawi two and a half ahead of Mudlool who just beat Shanwar for the shop. Time—55 1-5secs.

ATROCIOUS MURDER OF A BOY.

AT the High Court, Appellate Side, the Hon. Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Batty have disposed of a confirmation case, relating to Sampat Ananda, a barber, who had, on 15th September last, at Takli, Taluka Jamner, murdered Bharatsing, son of a Saraswat Brahmin named Suratram, a sweetmeat-seller at Fatehpur. Sampat was sentenced by Mr. E. M. Pratt, Sessions Judge of Khandesh, to death. The boy's throat was cut with a sickle by the accused, Sampat Hajam, his head was battered with a stone; he was deprived of his ornaments; his hands had been tied. After he had been subjected to these atrocities, the boy walked up to the Police Station at Takli, and there, by signs and gestures sufficiently clear to the bystanders, explained the above circumstances to his father and other people, including the Police. Someone suggested that he should be given a slate and pencil, and the boy wrote out on it the name of the accused, and the particulars of his maltreatment. The accused had also confessed. Their lordships confirmed the conviction and sentence, and dismissed the appeal.

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M., ON SATURDAY, THE 13TH JAN.
SUMMARY.

Pressure.—Changes continue to be generally small and irregular.

Winds are north-easterly to south-easterly at most of the reporting stations and the force has been fresh to strong in Cutch and at Deesa.

Temperature.—The variations of maximum and minimum show a defect of 5° to 9° at a few stations. The highest temperature in the shade was 90° at Cuddapah and the lowest 34° at Sirsa.

Clound and Humidity.—The sky is more or less cloudy in Ceylon, the Madras Presidency and at Jask.

Rain.—Jask reports about three-quarters of an inch.

Weather continues generally fine in the Bombay Presidency.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

HIGH COURT.—January 15.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE CHANDAVARKAR)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Commercial Cause.

223-05—Mulla and M—Rustomji Ardeser Cooper vs Morarj Mohunji Sorabji and J—Part heard

In Land Acquisition Act 1 of 1894 and cause in the matter of Government and J D Gonsalves E F Nicholson for Government

Long Causes

752-05—Sorabji and J—Morarji Mohunji vs Messrs Kapadia Brothers—Mulla and M—Part heard
0-04—Bhaishunker K and G—Sumsoodin Goolamhoosen another vs Abdoolhoosen Kahlemoodin and others—Payne and Co and Little and Co—Part heard
420-05—Sorabji and J—Abdul Latif Haji Mahomed Jitayker vs Abdul Rehmon bin Abdul Kader Jitaker Captain and V
499-01—Edgelow G and W—Haji Mahomed Mehdi Malik Pojjar vs Arthur David Sassoon Wadia G and B
250-99—Edgelow G and W—Haji Mahomed Mehdi Malik Tojjas vs Sir E E A Sassoon Baronet and others—Wadia G and B
46-01—Madhavji and R—Lalman alias La'oo Ramprasad and others vs Devsey Devji and others—Ardeshir H D and Co
635-05—Matubhoy J and M—Partapchand Gulabchhand vs Bai Samrath widow Mulji and D—For postponment
432-05—Jehangir and S—Ashidbai widow vs Abdulla Haji Mahomed and others Thakurdas and Co and Captain and V
884-05—Mansuklal J and H—Bai Gangabai and others vs The Madras United S and W Mills Co Ld—Pestomji R and K—B M and K—M and R
355-05—Matubhoy J and M—Damji Hirji vs Ruttonbai widow—Captain and V
275-8789-05—Tyabji D and P—Hurgawandas Hath'das vs Baboo Bhawoo and others—Chitnis and M
318 10319-05—Dikshit D and S—John Michael Simon vs Adamji Peerbhoy and others—Bicknell M and R
250 02—Dikshit D and G—Kanji Bhadji vs Devram Keshavji—In person

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BATCHELOR.
Suits for hearing and final disposal,
Long Causes.

442-04—Captain and V—Abdoor Rehman Bhaiji vs Mahomed Yormus Hafiz and others—Ardeser H D and Co
681-04—M B Chothia—Jivraj Harjiwan and another vs Maneckbai widow and another Mansukhlal J and H
564-03—Matubhai J and M—Parekh Bhojilal Purshotamdas vs Chunilal Umedbhai and others—Daphtary F and D
624-04—Payne and Co—Purshotam Hurichund vs Narayen Hurichand Mulji and D
323-01—Tyabji D and C—Moosabhoy Mahomed Sajan and another—Nanu H and Co and Tayabji D and Co
256-05—Pestonji R and K—Dinshaw Hirjibhoy Malegaumwala vs Dossabhoy Shapurji Malegaumwala and others—Edgelow G and W K B Mehta and P R and K
422-05—Craige L and O—Dadi Nusservanji Dadi vs Heerabai and others—Pestonji B and K and E G and W
01 05—Tyabji D and Co—Ramchandra Hirji vs Janardhan Bamchundra and others—Tyabji and Co—M R Vakil and M H M and B
754-02—Payne and Co—Shamji Ruttonsey and another vs Purshotum Ruttonsey and others—Nanu H and Co—Little and Co and Tyabjee D and Co
172-01—Bicknell M and R Jaynarayen Hindumull Dani vs Jijibhoy Jehangir and another Daphtary and F
648-04—Bhaishunker K and G Bai Almabai widow vs Haji Abdool Razak Haji Abubucker and others Payne and Co and B K and G

(Before the Hon Mr Justice SCOTT)
Suits for Hearing and Final disposal,
Long Causes.

730-04—Payne and Co N C Macleod vs Rahimtoola Dada Thakurdas and Co part heard
523 03—Payne & Co—The Administrator General of Bombay vs Haji Yusuf Haji Ayub and vs Tyabji D and Co—Part heard
648-05—Little and Co—John Aitchison Bigbie and another vs Hemraj Jaitha and another—Madhavji and K—(Commercial Cause)
675-04—Sorabji and J B—L Moniz vs E A deSouza and others—Captain and V
283-05—Mulla and M—Dewram Keshawji vs The Municipal Commissioner of Bombay—Crawford B and Co
472-03—Mulla and M—Dewram Keshawji vs The Municipal Commissioner of Bombay—Crawford B and Co
271-05—Payne and Co—Jusa Guja vs Wamon Narayen and another—M B Chothia
141-05—Pestonji R and K—Pallonji Rustomji Choksey vs Hormusji Kiasji Sanjana and others—Wadia G and Co
661-05—M B Chothia—Cooverbai widow vs Pestonji Dadabhoy Bhandara—Mulla and M
331-05—Crawford B and Co—The Municipal Corporation of Bombay and another vs Hirji Ardeshir Dady and another—Ardeshir H D and Co—and Thakurdas and Co
879-04—Matubhai J and M and S and M Rao Saheb Mohunji Pranjewandas and others vs Lukhmidas Purbhodas and others—Bhaishunker K and G and M J and M
109-05—K & B Mehta—Ahmedbhoy Someji vs Savlaram Ramji Balkrishna & M
845-04—Kanga & P—Maganlal Vijbhookandas vs The Bombay Co Limited—Crawford B & Co
16,745-04—The Bombay Co Limited vs Maganlal Vijbhookandas Khandvala

INDIAN CROP REPORTS.

SESAMUM IN BOMBAY.

The latest reports show the total area under sesamum in the British districts and Native States of the Presidency, inclusive of Sind, at 903,000, acres against an estimate of 754,000 acres in October last. The increase is due to subsequent sowings and to the receipt of more complete information.

The total area now returned is 3 per cent. over last year's area and about equal to the decennial average. In Broach, Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Bijapur and Kathiawar there is a considerable increase in area over that of last year, but elsewhere decreases have occurred of almost exactly the same amount. Compared with the decennial average, the British districts of Gujarat and the Gujarat States alone show some increase in area; all other districts show decreases.

Though the crop has suffered to a certain extent in Gujarat and Khandesh through deficiency of the late rains, the season here has on whole been fairly satisfactory, and the estimated outturn is about double of last year's and 6,000 tons over the decennial average. But elsewhere in the Presidency the failure of the September rains entirely destroyed the crop in many places. In Sind the inundation was favourable and the crop yielded fairly well. The total estimated outturn comes to 105,000 tons of the oil-seed. This is less than half the yield obtained in 1903-04, though it is about 81 per cent. in excess of last year's and only 8 per cent. short of the decennial average. Of the total yield 62 per cent. is claimed by the Native States of Gujarat, 16 per cent. by the British districts of the same province, 12 per cent. by Khandesh and 6 per cent. by Sind.

Gujarat.—Area 104,000 acres, 3 per cent. in defect of last year's area, but 36 per cent in excess of the average. The decrease is confined to Kaira and Panch Mahals, where there had been an abnormal extension of the cultivation of this crop during the past two years. The cyclonic rain at the end of July, distroyed some of the early crop, but induced larger sowings under the late crop. The crop suffered through the absence of later rains to some extent. The estimated outturn comes to 16,400 tons, which is 81 and 61 per cent respectively over last yeas outturn, and the average but only about three-fourth of the yield of 1903-04.

Gujarat States.—Area 486,000 acres; 4 and 22 per cent. respectively over last year's and the average, Cutch, Mahi Kantha and Rewa Kantha show some diminution in area owing to the insufficiency of sowing rains, but this is more than made up by extended sowings elsewhere. The crop suffered through deficiency of late rains in Cutch and parts of Baroda and Kathiawar. Elsewhere the crop is fairly satisfactory and the estimated outurn comes to 65,000 tons, about double of last year, but only half of the crop of 1903-04 and 5 per cent. over the average.

Deccan.—Area 170,000 acres; 8 per cent. over last year's area but 16 per cent. short of the average Eight hundred acres in Native States. Rains for sowing were favourable in the north where the crop is principally grown. But the extension of cultivation under cotton checked the increase that might have been expected. In Khandesh the crop fared well, but the deficiency of the September rains affected the outturn in places and reduced it to three-fourth of the average. Elsewhere the absence of rain at the seed forming period has damaged the crop to a serious extent and in places it has entirely withered away. The total outturn comes to 14,600 tons, about three times last year's abnormally low yield, but only a little over one-fourth the outturn of 1903-04 and 43 per cent. short of the average.

Karnatak.—Area in British districts 23,000 acres; 11 and 42 per cent. respectively below last year and the average. Native States report 6,900 acres; 44 per cent. in defect of the average The area has risen to the normal levelin Bijapur but has fallen elsewhere. Rain was verydeficient at the floweringandbearing periodsand the crop failed over large areas. The total outturn is estimated at 600 tons, only one-third of last year and one-seventh of the average.

Konkan.—Area 15,000 acres in British districts, 14 and 25 per cent. in defect of last year and the average. Native States have 4,600 acres, 24 per cent below the average. The decrease is mainly in Ratnagiri, and is attributed to rotation and to some deficiency of rain for sowing. The crop suffered from deficiency of rain at the last stage and yielded only 1,700 tons of the oil-seed, above 40 per cent. short of the average.

Sind.—Area 82,000 acres; 3 per cent. over last year's area, but 38 per cent short of the average, Khairpur has 4,000 acres. Absence of rain in Karachi and anticipated damage by insects in Upper Sind Frontier districts, curtailed the area. Elsewhere sowings were extended under favourable inundation The crop has progressed fairly well and is estimated to yield 6,600 tons, about 25 per cent. over last year, but 25 per cent short of the average.

Note.—On an average of the five years ending 1903-04 the area under sesamum in the British Territory included in this forecast has represented some 11 per cent of the total area under the sesamum crop in British India.

THE GROUNDNUT CROP.

(Estimates up to 20th December 1905.)

The latest reports show the total area under groundnut in the British Districts of the Deccan and Karnatak at 80,000 acres; 5 per cent. over last year's area, but 18 per cent. short of the decennial average. The South Deccan Districts, where the crop is principally grown, have reported only half the average area under the crop owing to scantiness of rains for sowing. This decrease, however, has been more than made up by extension of the area under favourable early rains in the Dindori Taluka of Nasik. The crop has yielded well in Khandesh But elsewhere it has suffered through the deficiency of later rains, and in the south from the scantiness of water-supply in wells and canals. The total outturn is estimated at 34,000 tons, which is only two-thirds of last year's crop and 21 per cent. short of the average of the past 5 years.

The Native States have 15,000 acres under the crop of which 11,000 acres are credited to Kolhapur. As in the neighbouring British Districts the crop suffered through the short supply of water in wells and the absence of rain and is estimated to yield only 5,500 tons, about one-half of last year's outturn and two-thirds of the average.

Note.—On an average of the five years ending 1903-04, the area under groundnut in the British Territory, included in this forecast has represented some 18 per cent. of the total area under the crop in British India.

PROPOSED NEW TRANS-EUROPEAN RAILWAY.

THE Paris correspondent of the "Times" wrote on Dec. 25:—M. Charmes Loiseau, a well-known writer, who has already dealt in French periodicals with the question of improving railway communication between this country and Italy by way of the Simplon Tunnel, has given me particulars of an interesting proposal whereby a new line could be created connecting Western Europe with the Balkans independently of the Orient Express. The valley of the Danube has hitherto been regarded as the most direct and easy route to the Balkan Peninsula, and has been followed by the Orient Express and other great international services from Ulm to Belgrade. M. Loiseau points out, however, that the completion of the Simplon Tunnel and the piercing of the Faucille Pass in the Jura, between Lons le Saunier and Geneva, would open up a shorter and more advantageous route to Belgrade via Milan and Venice. It would, he contends, be in no way inferior to that of the Orient Express, either from a technical standpoint or from that of the wealth of the commercial centers which it would serve. The proposed route, after passing along the coast from Venice to Trieste and crossing the Karst region and Carniola would meet with no difficulty from Steinbruck to Belgrade via Agram, Sissek, Brod, and Mitrovitza.

The new route would be about 100 kilometres shorter than that of the Orient Express through Germany and the valley of the Danube. The fact that it would enable France, England, and Italy to communicate directly with the Near East independently of Germany would enhance their prestige in those regions, while it would further confirm their beneficent solidarity. Owing to her geographical position, interposed between the eastern and western halves of the Continent, Germany has hitherto exercised a kind of hegemony over the Near East which should now be reconquered from her by pacific means. M. Loiseau considers that this task is facilitated by the closer relations between France and England, the growing desire of Italy to exercise influence in the Balkans and the tendency in Hungary to endeavour to secure greater economic as well as political independence of Austria. This, he thinks ought to lead Hungary to welcome a new alternative lines of communication with Western Europe which would be independent of Vienna, such a tendency being further promoted by the recent "rapprochement" between the present Hungarian majority and the Croatian representatives. M. Loiseau anticipates that the obstacles which might be raised by the authorities in Vienna in connection with the section passing through Austria could be overcome by the Sudbahn the private company which owns that part of the projected route.

FLORILINE—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline sprinkled on a wet toothbrush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant Floriline being composed in parts of Honey and Sweet Herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot, 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

BANKS.

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PAID-UP CAPITAL £600,000
RESERVE FUND..............£525,000

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7, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN LONDON, E.

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The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

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HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
Acting Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

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RESERVE FUND.............£875,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS........£800,000

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Colombo	Sourabaya	Hankow
Penang	Manila	Yokohama
Thaiping	Cebu (Phillipines)	Kobe
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THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the worlds buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

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Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

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GEORGE MILLER,
Acting Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.......... Yen 24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL .... " 18,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND .. " 9,940,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUNDS .... " 800,000

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The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNTS, FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort Bombay

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (paid up) ....Rs. 15,60,000
RESERVE FUND (In Government Paper) ....Rs. 20,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rate which can be ascertained on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE
LONDON DIRECTORY,

CONTAINING over 2,000 pages of condensed commercial matter, enables enterprising traders throughout the Empire to keep in close touch with the trade of the Motherland. Besides being a complete commercial guide to London and its suburbs, the Directory contains lists of :—

EXPORT MERCHANTS
with the goods they ship, and the Colonial and Foreign markets they supply;

STEAMSHIP LINES
arranged under the Ports to which they sail, and indicating the approximate sailings;

PROVINCIAL APPENDIX
of Trade Notices of leading Manufacturers, Merchants, etc., in the principal provincial towns and industrial centres of the United Kingdom.

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25, ABCHURCH LANE, LONDON, E.C.

FOR SALE.—OLD MAGAZINES, of various dates, Macmillan's, The National Review, Calcutta Review &c. &c. Apply C O, care of "Bombay Gazette."

ECHOES OF SCIENCE.

THE pedigree of the horse has been worked out more fully perhaps than that of any other mammal. It was taught by palæontologists that its ancestry, beginning with palæotherium, passed through anchitherium and hipparion to the modern equus. And it has come to be generally believed that the above forms are the direct ancestors of the horse. In the Comptes Rendus, however, M. Marcellin Boule points out that this view was abandoned by most palæontologists almost a quarter of a century ago. These fossil forms are to be regarded as dwindling terminations of two lateral branches rather than as in the direct line of equus. And a similar fate has befallen the majority of ancestral forms which figure in the genealogical trees which have been constructed for other modern species. Sooner or later they are found not to possess the requisite characters for the part of ancestors, and that they must be looked upon as terminal offshoots from the main line.

Mr. N. S. Jambunathan describes the habits and life history of a species of social spider in a recent number of the Smithsonian Misc. Collections. This spider lives in a sponge-like nest of branching canals, often attached to the branch of a tree or the leaf of a prickly pear. In their habits these social spiders differ widely from the solitary and pugnacious species of this country, which do not tolerate the presence of one of their own race. They live in communities of from 40 to 100 individuals, males and females together. A number of them often co-operate in securing victims, and the food is shared without quarrelling. Among the spiders of our gardens the females are much larger than the males, and not infrequently devour them. The males and females of the social spiders, on the other hand, are almost alike in size and colour, and live-happily together in the same nest. The devotion of the females to their offspring is said almost to verge on selfsacrifice. A species of social spider has been recorded by Pickard from South Africa, and another from Venezuela by Simon.

Mr. Vernon L. Kellogg records the remarkable power of regeneration possessed by a species of starfish. This animal is found on the surface of the coral reefs round the island of Samoa, and is of a sky blue colour. An arm torn off some distance from the disc will grow into a complete new starfish. A piece cut out of an arm will grow at both mutilated ends. The name of this wonderful starfish is Linckia diplax.

The seaweed industry is of considerable importance in Japan. An interesting account of it is given in the Bulletin of the Fisheries Bureau. Washington, by Mr. H. M. Smith. The yearly value of the seaweed prepared in Japan is said to exceed £400,000. It is used for human food and as manure. In America, on the other hand, it is pointed out that the seaweed industry is small, and practically restricted to Massachusetts, where one species, Chondrus crispus, is collected and prepared to be sold to brewers, druggists, and grocers. It is considered that if properly developed, the seaweed industry could be made very profitable in America.

The island of St. Helena is situated right in the track of the south-east trade winds, and offers special opportunities for the study of these important aerial currents. And a series of observations on their velocity in this island has been made from 1892 to 1903. As a result Mr. W. N. Shaw points out an interesting connection between the force of the trade winds and the amount of rainfall in this country. When the average velocities for the above mentioned years were plotted, a curve with maxima and minima points was formed. And when a similar curve was plotted for the average rainfall in this country over a number of years a remarkable similarity was manifest. A maximum velocity of the trade wind in September corresponds to a maximum rainfall in October in this coutry while minimum velocities in March and May correspond to minimum rainfalls in the same months. Again, 1903 was a year of heavy rainfall in this country and also of high velocity in the south-east trade winds, And 1893 a year of drought was also a year of lessened velocity of the trade winds observed in St. Helena. While, however, the trade wind maximum is fairly regular from year to year, there is no regular wettest month in this country. The obvious connection between the velocity of the trade winds and rainfall indicated above is masked by other influences, and the subject requires further investigation. Possibly if the rainfall figures were taken over a large area the connection might be clearer.

A late swallow is reported from Kingsbridge, South Devon. It was seen within a short time of Christmas. On December 17, according to a correspondent in the Field, it was going strong, hawking about outside the window. Perhaps the exceptionally mild weather has something to do with the late appearance of this belated migrant.

Paper can be used for many purposes, but paper gaspipes are something of a novelty. To make them Manilla paper is cut into strips of width equal to the length of the pipe section required. It is then treated to a bath of melted asphalt, and rolled uniformly and very tightly round an iron rod or pipe. As soon as it is thick enough it is subjected to high pressure, and covered with a layer of sand which is pressed into the asphalt while still hot. When cool the core taken out and treated with waterproof composition. The pipe thus made is very light, and is cheaper than metal piping.

The abalone is a shell fish highly esteemed as an article of diet by the Chinese and Japanese. It now appears to be coming into favour in the United States as an addition to the national menu. The abalone is described as a gigantic sea-snail, and the contents of a large shell may weigh as much as two pounds. The whole coast of central and lower California is said to abound in these molluscs. As prepared for the Chinese and Japanese markets, the flesh was always tough and uninviting to the American palate. So various attempts were made to prepare it in some way which would render it more acceptable, and Mr. J. W. Gayetty, of San Francisco, has at length discovered a process by which the flesh of the abalone can be rendered as soft and succulent as that of the oyster.

A cannery has been started at Cayucos, San Luis Obispo, California for preparing it. The abalone is procured by diving, and a Japanese diver will send up from the sea bed under ordinary favourable circumstances a ton of this shell fish in an hour. When properly prepared it is said to have a flavour more delicate than that of the oyster. It can be used fried, stewed, in soup, or as an appetiser. Abalone chowder is now a regular item in the bills of fare in the chief hotels and restaurants in California.

The so-called "rock oyster" is another mollusc much esteemed in America. It is a species of pholas, a boring bivalve and is found on the coast of Oregon. Digging rock oysters is a favourite pastime at the summer resort of Yaguina Bay in that State. It is preferred to all other bivalves. The "rock oyster" is found only at one place on the coast of Spain and at Yaguina.

Reinforced glass, as it is called is made by rolling two sheets of glass together between which has been placed a metallic grating. It shows remarkable cohesion and tenacity and a plate of it, less than 1-4 in thick and about four feet long by two and half broad, supported a weight of 1,047lb. With a load of 1,3?2lb. it did not break but bent and cracked. Reinforced glass is also found to resist fire better than ordinary glass. It is thus fitted for roofing shop windows, glass partitions &c. It is particularly suitable for staircases, as it allows the lighting of the descent to the basement, and in case of fire is superior to wood.

Since the supersession of the natural history which consisted merely in the classification and gossipy observation of living creatures, by the new science of biology, informed with the central principle of evolution students of living things have constantly tended to assert their right to base political and sociological opinions upon a biological foundation. Similarly, students of ethics now have to take cognisance of what has been called the biological morality. The years bring added force to what Mr. H. G. Wells calls the Wordsworthian doggerel.—To the solid ground of Nature trusts the mind which builds for aye. Now there are certain facts of biology which seem to have a profound political significance to those who regard the science of life as the only key to the understanding of the problems of life. On all sides it is being recognised that it is well, if possible, to demonstrate the existence of biological sanctions for social and political theories. Let us take the converse theories, for instance, of individualism and collectivism or socialism. The early socialism was primarily humanitarian, but when humanitarian measures in general began to be subjected to scientific criticism, it was seen that if it were to succeed socialism must be based upon biology. And so we have the new product, the "economic" for, "scientific socialism." Now, when we come to look at the major facts of biology, we find, especially as the result of recent study of heredity, very striking and noteworthy support to that theory of individualism which the British Constitutional Association has lately been founded to defend.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use the Mexican Hair Renewer, for it will positively restore in every case grey or white hair to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most Restorers. It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for The Mexican Hair Renewer. Sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, Jan. 12.

SECURITIES—		
2 3 4 per cent. Consols	89 7-8	= + 7-16
3 do. Rentes	98 3 4	= unchanged
3 1-2 do. Indian Sterling Loan	105 1-2	= + 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	65 15-16	= + 1-16
SILVER—		
Spot in London	mutilated	=
2 months hence	do	=
Spot in New York	65 3-8	= — 1-4
EXCHANGES—		
Paris cheques	mutilated	=
Berlin "	do	=
New York Demand	4·86 1-2	= unchanged
DISCOUNTS—		
Bank of England	4 per cent	= unchanged
3 months sight Bank Bills	3 1-2 do	= — 1-8
6 " " "	3 3-8 do	= unchanged
3 " " Fine Trade Bills	3 7-8 do	= — 1-8
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	4 1-8 do	= — 1-8
INTEREST—		
Day to day loans	2 1-4 do	= — 1-2
7 day market loans	2 3 4 do	= unchanged

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £125,000

Extra Council Bills allotments, Bills on Madras, Rs. 20,000 at 1s 4 1-8d.

The New Orleans Cotton Convention has passed a resolution in favour of holding cotton till the price of fifteen cents is reached.

Week's receipts of cotton at U. S ports	159,000 bales
" exports to Great Britain	73,000 "
" " Continent	116,000 "
Stock of cotton at U S. ports	999,000 "
Stock of cotton at interior ports	726,000 "

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

	£
Silver to Bombay	180,000
Gold to Bombay	60,000

SUGAR—
German granulated 1st marks 10 '2 1-4 Jan. sellers quiet but steady

METALS—
Copper Braziers £90
Yellow metal 7 7-8
Tin Plates £ 0-12-0
Bar Iron Belgian £ 5-15-0
Iron Corrugated Sheets £ 12-7-6
Basic Steel Bars £ 5-7-6

RAPESEED—
Brown 43 3 4 — 3 4 A-M done

LINSEED—
Linseed Bold 49 — 1-4 A-M sellers

COFFEE—
Coffee in New York 8 1-4

ARRIVALS—
Steamers—Morvin and Vindobona

In Liverpool.—Cotton Market closed quiet. East Indian quiet. Manchester steady. Total Sales 8,000. Spot 6·09 — 5. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 8 3-16. Sold on speculation and for Export 500. Imports 23,000. Futures closed steady.

Jan.-Feb,	Feb.-Mar,	Mar.-April
5·93	5·96	5·98
—8	—8	—9
April-May	**May-June,**	**June-July**
6·01	6·04	6·06
—9	—9	—8
July.-Aug	**Aug.-Sept.**	**Sep.-Oct**
6·07	5·99	5·75
—8	—8	—10

Receipts at U S Ports	25,000
Do last year	27,000
Exports to Great Britain	17,000
Do do Continent	21,000

IN NEW YORK—

Spot	11·80	a
Futures, month of March	11·42	a
Do do. July	11·55 — 2	a

a Declined owing to weak cables and to liquidation.

IN NEW ORLEANS—

Spot	11 9-16	
Futures, month of March	11.61.	yesterday 11·62
Do. do. May	11,71.	do 11·71
Tone at close	steady.	

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay for the 24 hours, ending at 6 p.m. on Friday 12th Jan. 1906 :—

Cotton	15,927	bales.
Wheat	8,917	cwts.
Linseed	6,039	do
Rape, Rai and Mustard	580	do
Gingellyseed	18,385	do
Poppyseed	68	do
Groundnut	748	do
Castorseed	1,924	do
Rice	34,247	do
Myrabollams	6,101	do
Cottonseed	12,938	do
Mowraseed	773	do
Gram	2,700	do
Joowar	5	do
Maize	nil	

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Gold Bullion Rs. 8,82,400
Gold Coin, Rs. 36,750
Silver Bullion Rs, 17,75,562
1009 Bars Silver
2118 Boxes Mexican Dollars
Ex s s Peninsular from London

BOMBAY, JAN. 13.

EXCHANGE.—Tone steady.

Bank T. T.			1s. 4 3-32d.
Bank Demand			1s. 4 1-8d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D. A.			1s. 4 11-32d.
Do. 6	do.	do.	1s. 4 15-32d.
French Francs 3 do.	do.		171
Marcks 3 do.	do.		139 3-4
Hongkong 30 Days Sight			147
Shanghai 30	do.		208
Japan 30	do.		149 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—3 1/2 per cent. Tone steady.

Cash	97·14
1st Settlement, 31st January	98·2

Money Market. Tone firm.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England	since 28th	Sept.	4	per cent.
Bank of Bombay	do. 4th	Jan.	8	do.
Bank of Bengal	do. 4th	"	8	do.
Bank of Madras	do. 9th	"	7	do.

SEEDS.

	Rs.	a.	p.
LINSEED—Tone steady.			
Ready	7	4	0
Forward May	7	8	0
RAPESEED.—Tone firm.			
Brown Cawnpore, Ready	7	5	0
Do. Forward	7	4	0
Yellow Guzerat Ready	7	13	0
POPPYSEED—Tone steady.			
Ready	8	15	0
Forward April-May	9	0	0
CASTORSEED—Tone steady.			
Ready	35	0	0
GINGELLYSEED—Tone firm.			
Howree Khandeish	47	8	0
15 per cent Mixed	46	8	0
WHEAT—Tone steady.			
White Delhi April-May	5	4	0

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	steady.
Estimated sales	4,000 Bales
Imports	20,000 "

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.
5·95	5·98	6.00
+2	+2	+2
Apl.-May	**May-June**	**June-July**
6·03	6·06	6·08
+2	+2	+2
July-Aug.	**Aug.-Sep.**	**Sep.-Oct.**
6·09	6·01	5·77
+2	+2	+2

COTTON.—The market is quiet but stteady, There is no enquiry from exporters and only a small business is reported on account of mills. The "Sutta" bazaar is unsettled by the news received from new Orleans. Closing "Sutta" quotations are as follows :—

Bengals Fully Good January Rs.192
Broach M.-G. Good March.............. ,, 255 1-2

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Limited :—

	Fine.	F.-G.	Good.	Dely.
Bengal, H. G. (Ry. terms)	197	189	...	25th Jan.
Bengals (M.-G.) Ry. terms	205	195	...	25th Jan.
Sind-Punjab (M.-G.)	207	197	...	25th Jan.
Oomrawutte (descriptions) M.-G.	219	213	...	25th Jan.
Khandeish, (M.-G.)	215	209	...	25th Jan.
Khamgaum, fair staple (M.-G.) Karanja do. (M.-G) Akola do. (M.-G.)	220	214	...	25th Jan.
Oomra, good staple (M.-G.)	230	224	...	25th Jan.
Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M.-G.)	234	228	...	25th Jan.
Nagpur Kamptee (M.-G.)	238	232	...	25th Jan,
Broach (M.-G.)	269	...	255	25th Mar.
Muttia (M.-G.)	217	211	...	25th Feb.
Yeotmal (M.-G.)	237	231	...	25th Jan.

The Bath for Tender Feet.

Eminent Physicians strongly recommend the addition of a little Condy's Fluid to the Daily Bath or Foot Bath. (See Medical Reports in Book on bottle).

Tired, Tender or Aching Feet are instantly relieved and all trace of Odour immediately disappears.

Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists. Beware of substitutes, all of which are inferior in composition and strength. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid."

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Sanctoria, 2377 tons, Captain W Ward, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Sofala, 2436 tons, Captain D L Neilson, sailed on Saturday for Rangoon in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Fazilka, 2691 tons, Captain W W Allen, sailed on the 13th instant for Calcutta in ballast.

THE Clan Line steamer Clan Urquhart, 3757 tons, Captain J G McPherson, sailed on the 13th instant for Mormugoa with the same bottom cargo.

THE steamer Afghan, 1439 tons, Captain F W Lloyd, sailed on Saturday for Mauritius via Colombo with a general cargo and 500 deck passengers.

THE Florio-Rubattino S N Co's steamer R Rubattino, 3044 tons, Captain M Saporite, will sail to-day for Genoa with a general cargo and passengers.

THE Hansa Line steamer Schwarzenfels, 2456 tons, Captain A Volkmann, sailed on Saturday for Hamburg and Bremen via Karachi with a general cargo and 11 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Nevasa, 1945 tons, Captain J G Le Brocq, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Calcutta via coast ports with a general cargo and Mrs E B Hirst and 11 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Linga, 938 tons, Captain B J Rickford, R N R, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr and Mrs Stephandes, Dr E Anglichbough, Mr and Mrs Davies, Mr and Mrs Hoosain and 4 children, Hon White, Mr J Murphy, Mr Crouch, Miss Sinclair, Mr Jehangir Mr Angelis, Mrs Field, Mr G Hosain and 84 deck.

THE steamer St Regulus 1939 tons Captain C Bory arrived in harbour on Saturday evening from Calcutta 31st December, with a cargo of coal.

THE German Yacht Seestern Captain C Maeller arrived in harbour yesterday from Herbertstroke December 9 via Makassar Singapore and Colombo with 1 Offier and 152 Native troops on board.

THE steamer Alala Captain J Farmer arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta 2nd January with a cargo of coal.

ARRIVAL OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIA MAILS.

THE P and O Co's steamer Chusan, 2852 tons, Captain H W Henriek R N R arived in harbour yesterday from Shanghai 25th December via intermediate ports with China and Australian mails a general cargo and the following passengers. From Shanghai—Mrs Viccaji, and infant Mrs B Viccaji and infant, Mrs C B Kohiar, Mr B Sorabshaw, Mr F Banaji Mr F Majina, Mr T Janase, Mr T Isuboya, Mr K Kato, and Mr F Nakashina. From Hongkong—Mr J G Oliver Mr R E Young, Mr and Mrs Watson, and Mr and Moses. From Penang—Mrs L Higginson. From Sydney—Mr and Mrs S Sellix. From Colombo—Mr L W Wilson, Mr Fox Trevor, Mr Ismail Vilcarsim, Mr Blumenthal, Mrs Alexander Mrs and Miss Fairfoot, three Messrs Cameron, Mr Velinker, Mr Sloane, Mr Kapadi, Mr H Howse, Mr and Mrs Clear Mr A F Hill and 3 deck.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN THE STREAM.

R I M S Hardinge.. Comdr St John ....R I Marine

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

Three Torpedo Boats..Royal Navy
Juba ....184 Wilson.....................B E A Protectorate
R I M S Mayo......Brownlow..................................R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR—Jan. 13.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
Eden (bque)	414	Soutar			The Captain
Punjaub	3832	Crebbin	K'chi	N F	T M & Co
Mazagon	3280	Hall			P & O Co
Oriental	3085	Lewellin			P & O Co
Rein	726	Mathisen			F F C & Co
Simla	3823	Goldsmith	Hongkong	23-1	P & O Co
Sirdhan	2074	Maurice	N F	a	M M & Co
Nithsdale	2334	Fairley			M M & Co
Linga	938	Rickford			M M & Co
Loodiana	2124	Hodgson			M M & Co
Landaura	2156	Daggo			M M & Co
Bascombe	2133	Wisnom			K N & Co
River Clyde		Boyes			W & A G & Co
Nevasa	1945	Brocq			M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
A	Tientsin	3590	Andrews	Kobe	19-1	P & O Co
C&R	Crew Hall	2691	Parry	Hull	20-1	K Nixon & Co
D&D	Trenthen Hall	2235	Clement	D'kirk	16-1	K N & Co
G	Afgham	1439	Doster	Mauritius	15-1	H Cassum
K	Castello	2339	Leighton	Hull via K'chi	18-1	F M & Co
M	Goeania	2218	Learmouth	Lpool	24-1	W & A G & Co
N	Forest Dale	2285	Noale	Rand		& C
O	Sultan	4871	Burmeister	Zanzibar	15-1	A Strandas
P	Bradksome Hall	2727	Woolfden	L'pool	20-1	K N & Co
Q	General		Pens	A Strandas	Zanzibar 26-1	

P. D. H. W.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
Kaveri	553	Fakeera	B'negar	13-1	Shepherd & Co
Mahamadi	547	Hoosein	K'chi	13-1	Shepherd & Co
Puri	613	Ahmed	Mangalore	15-1	Shepherd & Co
Murex	2323		Deccan	W & A	Graham & Co

M. D. D. P. D.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
Sounder	1073	Brebner	Mauritius	20-1	H S Sidick
Dagfrod	659	Milberg	Singapore	15-1	F F & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
1	Courtfield	2814	Martin	Kobe	17-1	T Morrison
2	Australia	2292	Tait	Liverpool	17-1	W & A G & Co
3	Rubattino	1345	Saporite	Genoa	15-1	F Crocco
4	Capri	2717	Belsito	China	17-1	F B and Co
5	Peninsular	2919	Palmer	Aden	27-1	P & S N Co
7	Sahara	2635	Ford	Antwerp	13-1	Morrison & Co
8	Istria	1735	Engovis	Trieste	17-1	A S S N Co
9	Fugilka	3698		Allen		M M & Co
10 & 11	Schwarzenfels	2515	Volkmann		13-1	Glade N Co
12	Persi	4198		Powell	Ldon 20-1	P & O
15	Trafford Hall	3166	Collins	K'chi	16-1	K N & Co
16	Waroonga	1609	Bevile	P Gulf	22-1	M M & Co

V. D. H. W.

Lama ....151......................K'chi 15-1 .....M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
13	Nevasa s	LeBrocq	Calcutta Dec 25
	Linga s	Rickford	Karachi Jan 11
	St Regulus s	Bory	Calcutta Dec 31
14	Seestern s	Maeller	Herberstroke Dec 9
	Chusan s	Henrick	Shanghai Dec 25
	Alala s	Fariner	Calcutta Jan 2

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
12	Lhasa s	McDiarmid	Karachi
13	Sahara s	Ford	Antwerp
	Angola s	Cameron	Hamburg
	Oriental s	Lewellen	Aden
	Schwarzenfels s	Volkmann	Hamburg &c
	Sofala s	Nielson	Rangoon
	Afghan s	Lloyd	Mauritius
	Sanctoria s	Ward	Calcutta
	Clan Urquhart s	McPherson	Mormugoa
	Fazilka s	Allen	Calcutta

The steamer R Rubattino Saporite for Genoa obtained her portclearance on Saturday.

The steamer Peninsular for London began to load on Saturday.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Persia from Trieste left Aden for Bombay via Karachi on the morning of the 12th instant, and may be expected here on or about the 21st instant.

The homeward bound Messageries Maritimes Co's steamer Yarra from Bombay arrived at Marseilles on Friday the 12th instant at 9 a m

The Anchor Line steamer Massilia homeward bound arrived at Suez on Friday the 12th instant.

The Florio and S N Co's steamer Fichia left Hongkong for Bombay on the 13th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JAN. 13.

FOR LIVERPOOL

Australia s—100 bales wool E Sewji

FOR GLASGOW.

Australia s—5 casks condiments H P Setna and Co

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—75 cwt wild mace and 25 cwt wax D Vullibhoy and Co ; 30 cwt deer horns K B Sajan 24 packages condiments &c N K Jussawala 12 bales carpets Grindlay Groom and Co ; 65 bales hides and skins H M Abba

FOR NEW YORK.

Persia s—50 cwt wild mace D Vullibhoy and Co

FOR SPAIN

Australia s—1000 cwt wheat Ralli Bros

FOR BARCELONA.

Australia s—50 bales cotton Ralli Bros

FOR HULL.

Castello s—2000 cwt cottonseed D Nanji and Co ; 4000 cwt cottonseed K B Sajan

Trentham Hall s—5803 cwt cottonseed Ralli Bros

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Australia s—1 case condiments and 24 cases tea D Merwanji and Co

FOR GENOA.

R Rubattino s—150 bales cotton Volkart Bros

FOR TRIESTE.

Istria s—760 bales cotton Volkart Bros

FOR VENICE.

Istria s—300 bales cotton Volkart Bros

FOR HAMBURG.

Schwarzenfels s—60 bales cotton Ralli Bros

FOR LEITH.

Glcamin s—2009 cwt cottonseed E Oomersey

FOR DUNKIRK.

Trentham Hall s—380 bales cotton The Bombay Co ; 500 bales cotton 2000 cwt poppyseed and 4002 cwt gingellyseed N Khairaz and Co ; 2000 cwt poppyseed Ernst Lam and Co

FOR HONGKONG

Capri s—72 cwt dryfruit P F Talati; 10 1-2 cwt dry fruit and 41 cwt clove stems and 36 packages grain &c F Rahim and Co ; 99 cwt sharkfins and fishmaws B Dhunji and Co

Simla s—21 cases opium P and O Co ; 2 1-2 cwt ivory F Elias and Co

Courtfield s—1000 cwt onion R Edulji

FOR SHANGHAI.

Simla s—125 bales twist The Mitsui B Kaisha

FOR KOBE.

Courtfield s—230 bales cotton C L Sajun and Co ; 100 bales cotton C Macdonald and Co ; 3000 bales cotton The Mitsui B Kaisha

Tientsin s—100 bales cotton Finlay Muir and Co ; 3000 bales cotton The Mitsui B Kaisha

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Courtfield s—300 bales cotton The Mitsui B Kaisha
Tientsin s—300 bales cotton The Mitsui B Kaisha

FOR OSAKA.

Courtfield s—100 bales cotton Gaddum and Co

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HOW TO CURE RUPTURE
By W. S. Rice London

I have just issued a very valuable treatise on Rupture, which will enable any sufferer to know as much about the true nature of Rupture as the average doctor. It also explains fully the process of cure, and will show you how thousands have been cured. I want to place a copy in the hands of every ruptured person, for the great benefit I know it will be to them. I will send it free (sealed and post paid). I will also send free to anyone who is ruptured, or knows of any person ruptured, a free sample of my famous home cure. It is a marvellous method, curing cases that defied hospitals, doctors, trusses, electricity and all else. Merely send your name and address and the free sample will be sent without any cost to you whatever.

Mr. A. E. Jones, a prominent contractor of Dholpur, India, suffered with a severe scrotal rupture for 20 years, until the Rice method was made plain to him. After a trial he was cured perfectly. Mr. Jones says:—"I am now thoroughly well, after suffering 20 years, and have no hesitation in adding my testimony to the efficacy of this perfect method. The Rice method of treatment is worth its weight in gold."

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"3, Papamow Road, Allahabad, India, Jan. 28th, 1904.—Dear Sir,—Both myself and my son have received a cure of our ruptures through the use of your treatment. The child was about 8 years old, and had suffered from his rupture for 2 years. In my own case I had suffered from a severe rupture for 32 years, and am now 38, but I feel that we are thoroughly cured. I can think of no better way of informing the world at large than by advertising your treatment in all the leading papers in India.—Yours truly, A. W. Davies." Anyone can write to me to confirm this testimonial. Every ruptured person ought to send at once and make a trial of this method that cures. Begin now, and in a short time you will forget you have been ruptured. Write to-day, at once. Don't delay. Now is your opportunity. Thousands have been cured without pain, danger, operation, or an hour's loss of time.

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is mixed with fresh new milk when used; is dainty and delicious, highly nutritive, and most easily digested. Infants thrive on it, and delicate or aged persons enjoy it.

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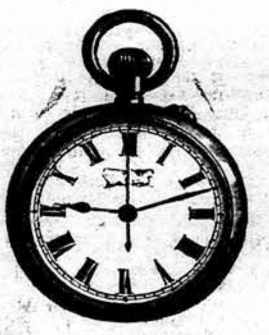
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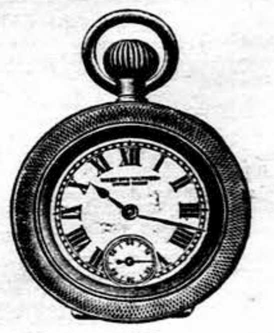
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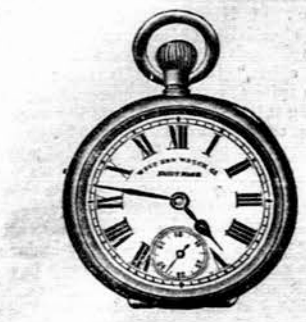
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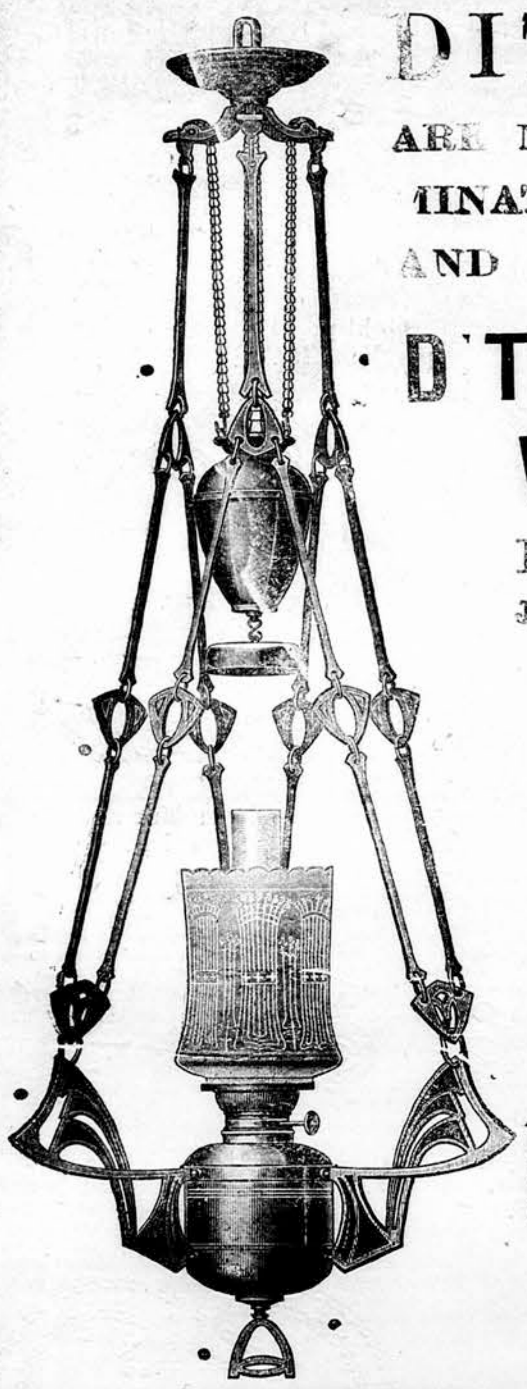

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ENGLISH STILTON, REAL PRIZE DAIRY,	about 12 lb. each	...per lb.	1	6
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GORGOUZOLA	about 14 to 20 lb. each ...	... " "	1	4
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BACON—Harris's Real Wiltshire Middles, 20 to 28 lb.	each (in Canvas)	...per lb.	1	2
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Bacon on cut one anna per lb. extra.

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Sciatica, Rheumatism and Pleurisy completely cured in 3 weeks.

47 years is a long time to suffer from these most painful diseases and 3 weeks is indeed a short time in which to effect a cure considering what a firm hold these complaints have upon the system. Still, my Electric Herculex is effecting just such cures daily.

Read what Mr. Cronin has to say of his case :—

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DEAR SIR,

I have had your No. 8 Herculex Belt in use for about three weeks, and have entirely recovered from my many troubles, *viz.*, Sciatica of eight years' standing, Rheumatism in both arms and back for over 47 years, and Pleurisy causing me much pain and inconvenience for over 18 months. The manner in which the Rheumatism disappeared was simply marvellous and I shall have much pleasure in recommending the use of your belts to my many suffering friends.

Yours faithfully,
(Sd,) CHAS. EDJ CRONIN,
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Would it not pay you to investigate for yourself how these wonderful cures are effected? I am pleased to explain my system to all callers and to those who cannot call I will send, free of charge, my latest works on Electrical treatment.

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Liqueur Exquisite, Tonic, Digestive and Efficacious

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Possessing most Powerful Germ-killing Properties.

The **BENEDICTINE** liqueur is beneficial to health owing to its spirituous foundation being composed only of eau-de-vie (brandies) of the very purest quality.

Its principal characteristics may be summed up as follows :—

Distinctness of taste, richness of flavour and a delicious bouquet improving with age.

Moreover, the fact has never been disputed, that when diluted with cold water, the liqueur is possessed of great *ANTIAPOPLECTIC (against apoplexy, sudden loss of sense and voluntary motions), APERIENT (slow purgative), DIGESTIVE* and *ANTISPASMODIC (against convulsions,* qualities). *REFRESHES* and *STRENGTHENS* the nervous and tired brain marvellously, and works as a perfect boon to invalids and a blessing combined with luxury to mankind.

Many celebrated doctors and literary men both in France and other countries have given the liqueur the brilliant testimony of their appreciation, as may be seen by the following letters :—

* * * * Those of my readers who have confidence in my culinary recommendations, and I trust they are many, will do well to note that I prefer BENEDICTINE to all other liqueurs.

ALEXANDER DUMAS.

* * * * * At a time when the luxuries of the table are sought after on all sides, I do not hesitate to acknowledge and recommend BENEDICTINE as the queen of liqueurs, now to be seen on any table. It is found and appreciated alike in restaurants, in private families, and on the tables of princes.

H. DE PENE.

* * * * * We place BENEDICTINE upon our tables for its excellent flavour and delicate perfume, without thinking that this dainty is a powerful specific, a liqueur most efficacious for promoting digestion and the regular circulation of the blood.

TIMOTHEE TRIMM.

LIQUEUR BENEDICTINE.—Among the liqueurs invented or manufactured by the monks of France, the Benedictine from a hygienic point of view occupies the foremost rank. It is not only an exquisite and savory beverage for persons in good health, but in cases of illness or recovery it is equally beneficial. It may be used to advantage in all cases where Malaga, Madeira, Sherry, &c., are recommended.

The Benedictine is remarkable for its agreeable taste, and for its really salutary effects as a stomachic; and it is principally on this account that the liqueur should bear the motto "Moritur qui non utitur."

Extract from the "Gazette Medical."

After meals we know of nothing more agreeable than a small glass or two of BENEDICTINE. It perfumes the breath, delights the palate, promotes digestion, and is a powerful aid to an inactive or overloaded stomach. During an epidemic, and for combating the evil effects of an impure atmosphere, its curative action is indisputable. At the beginning of last autumn we had occasion to appreciate the full value of this liqueur, and we are now happy to give it our highest praise.

DR. MALLET, M.D.

We place all our confidence in the hygienic properties of BENEDICTINE. Invalids and those who suffer from diseases of the respiratory organs, affections of the chests, headaches, congestion of [illegible], etc., and who cannot take other liqueurs, can safely make BENEDICTINE their favourite drink as a finish to their meals.

DR. ACHILLE PEQUEUR, M.D.

I consider your excellent liqueur invaluable to the old who so frequently suffer from indigestion and attacks of biliousness which often prove fatal. BENEDICTINE has long been well known to me, and it was with great readiness that I ordered our religious and my head resident doctor to administer it as a cordial according to your directions.

DR. J. ROUX DE BRIGNOLLES.

Chief Physician & House Surgeon, Charitable Hospital of Marseilles.

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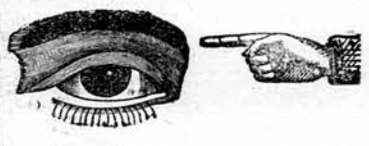
Of Highest Quality, and Having Greatest Durability are Therefore CHEAPEST.



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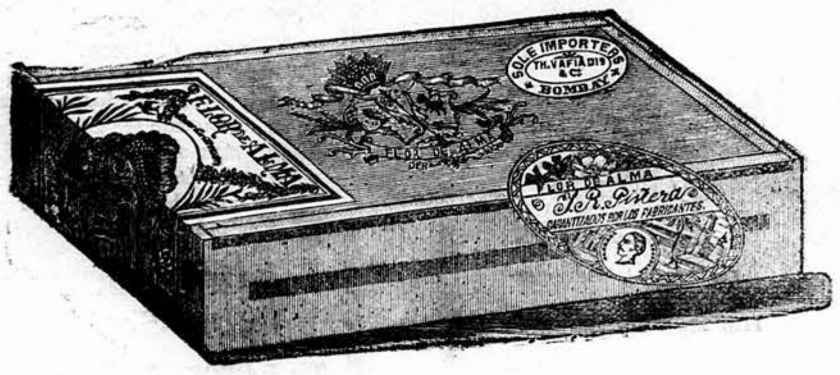

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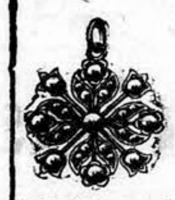
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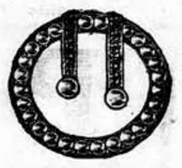
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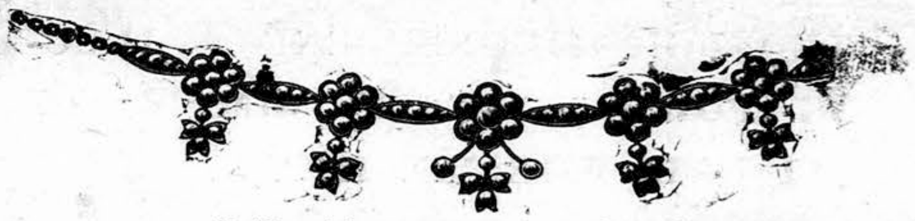
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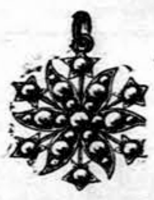
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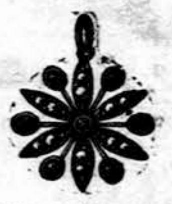
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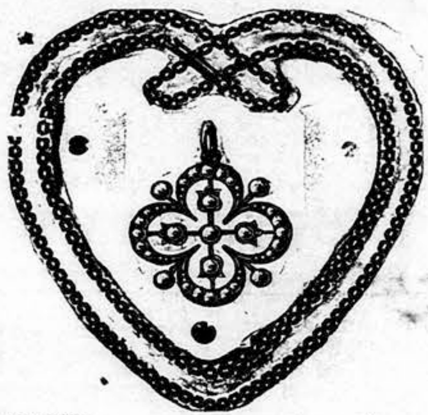
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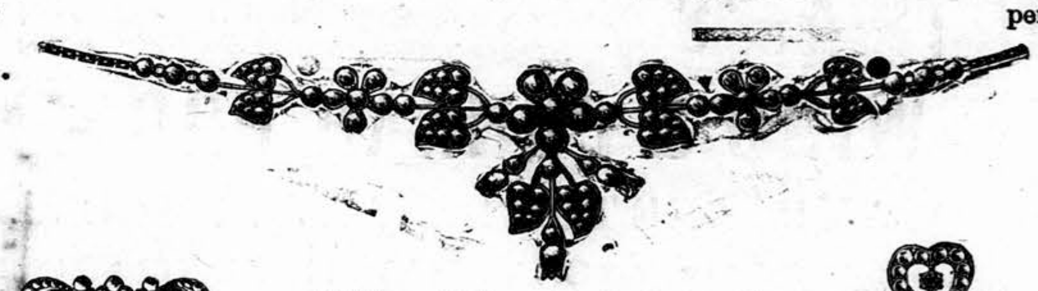
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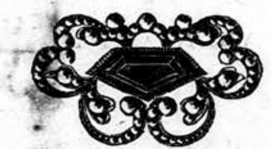
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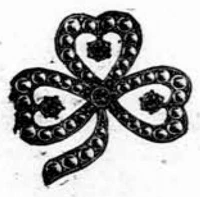
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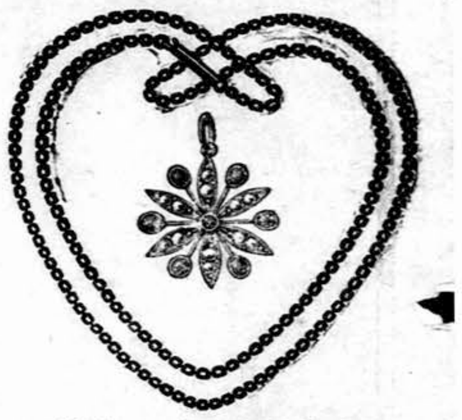
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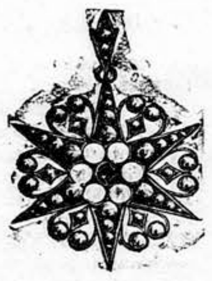
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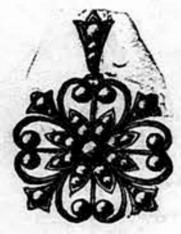
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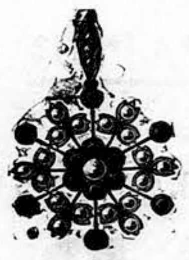
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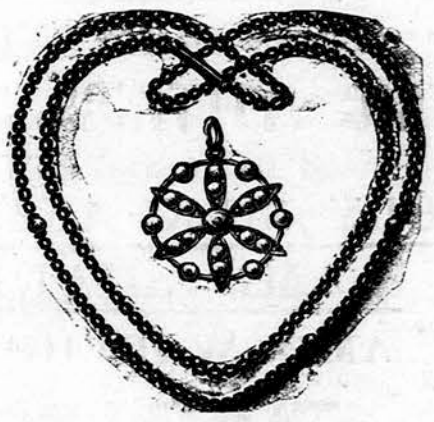
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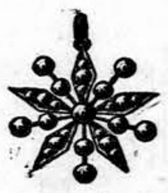
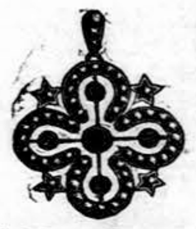
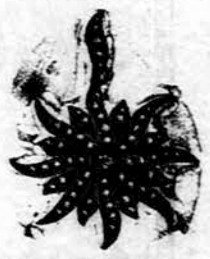
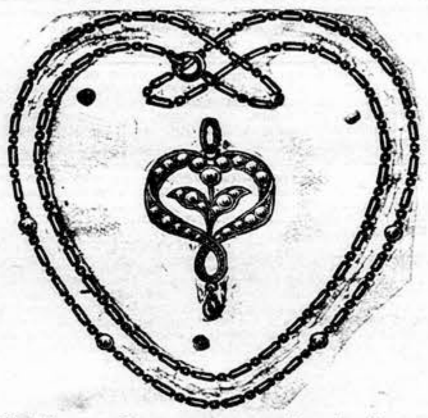
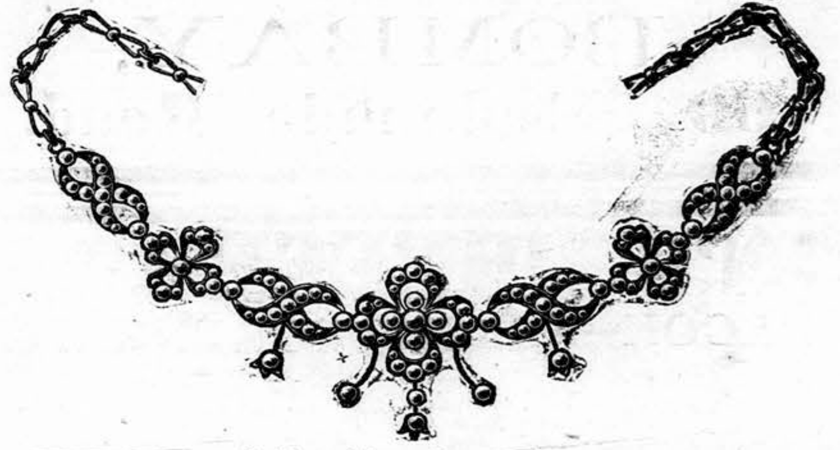
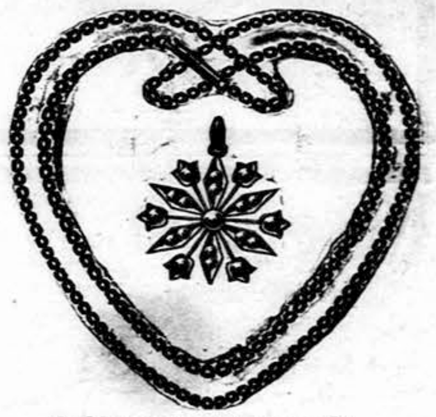

Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 38.


Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 38.


Gold pendant set diamonds and pearls, Rs. 135


Gold pendant set pearls platinum and gold chain, Rs. 55.


Gold necklet of turquoise and pearls, Rs. 275.


Gold pendant set pearls and gold chain, Rs. 50.

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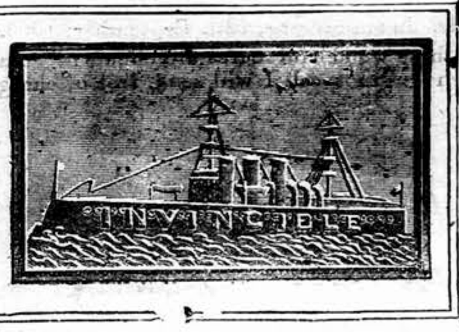

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